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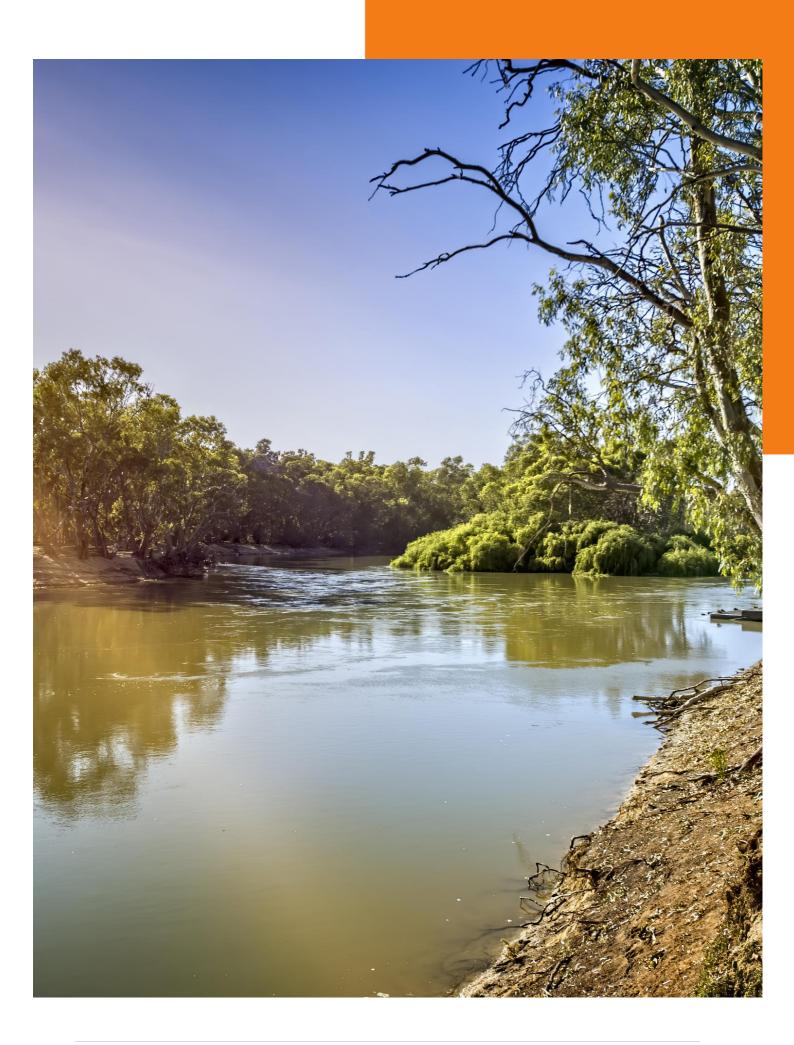
Our Vision

In 2032 we will be recognised as a Shire that builds on and promotes our natural assets and advantages to create employment and economic activity to attract residents, families, and tourists

Creating our Preferred Future

Berrigan Shire 2032 is the fourth Community Strategic Plan developed by the Council in partnership with our communities. It is a common strategic planning lens or framework that can be used by other agencies, our local community, and the Council to demonstrate the steps we are taking to realise the aspirations of our community. It is also the Shire Council's statement about how it will work with local communities and other levels of government.

The Long Term Financial Plan includes the financial forecasts for the Council for the next ten years, and is updated annually and rolled forward by one year as part of the development of the Council's Annual Operational Plan. The Long Term Financial Plan is used by the Council to inform its decision-making about the actions it will undertake to contribute to the vision of Berrigan Shire 2032 and the development of the Council's Delivery Program.



1. Introduction

This review of the Council's Long-term Financial Plan (LTFP) 2023 - 2033 has been developed in accordance with the requirements of the NSW Local Government's Integrated Planning and Reporting Framework. Integrated Planning and Reporting describes how the Council will work toward the realisation of our community's Vision.

Integrated Planning and Reporting involves the development by the Council of a Resourcing Strategy 2023 – 2033 a critical element of which is the Council's Long Term Financial Plan 2023 – 2033 together with the Council's Asset Management Plans and reviewed Workforce Development Strategy 2022 – 2026. These complementary and integrated strategies and plans describe how Council resources and activities contribute toward the planning, development, implementation and review of Berrigan Shire 2032.

Council uses the Council's base case LTFP to assess its capacity to deliver the Council activities and services described in its Community Strategic Plan Berrigan Shire 2032, Delivery Program 2022 – 2026 and our annual Operating Plans. It:

- Improves Council transparency and accountability.
- Is an opportunity to identify early financial issues and likely longer-term impacts.
- Reinforces how the Council's various plans come together.
- Measures Council's progress and the success of its financial planning; and
- Verifies Council's longer-term financial sustainability.

Covering a 10-year period the LTFP base case scenario is updated annually and the LTFP rolled forward by one year.

The LTFP is not a series of complex financial statements and spreadsheets. It has been developed recognising residents, local business and other stakeholders do not necessarily need the complex financial information used by Council Officers. As the Council's principal financial planning document, it includes:

- Projected income and expenditure, balance sheet and cash flow statements.
- The assumptions used in planning Council services and the factors that influence demand.
- How we will monitor and report upon our financial performance.
- Sensitivity analysis of the base case financial model.

2. Plan Development

The LTFP describes the financial basis of Council's short, medium, and long-term activities and is used to guide Council decision making on the sustainability of Council operations, planned actions, future project proposals and strategies.

Berrigan Shire 2032 is the Shire's long-term plan; the 2022 – 2026 Delivery Program is the Council's medium term plan; whereas Council's Annual Operational Plans describing Council operations, project proposals and strategies are short term plans.

The LTFP is the tool used by Council to model or 'test' the long term, medium term and or short-term financial impact of Council activities, change in service levels and Council programs. It discusses the financial implications of core Council activities and consolidates these as projected income and expenditure, balance sheet and cash flow statements.

The sustainability of the Council's 10-year financial position and hence the validity of this LTFP is based on there being no change to existing policy. As part of the Long Term Financial Plan's development a number of different scenarios are also modelled.

A sensitivity analysis informs each scenario modelled. This analysis describes implications of each scenario and the likely impact on the Council's capacity to deliver the services described in its Delivery Program 2022 – 2026 should there be significant or material 'change' in projected income or expenditure.

The Council's Financial Strategy 2021 appended to the LTFP and summarised in the next section, is used to inform the development of the LTFP and in doing so ensure the Council's decision making is informed and does not compromise the financial sustainability of Council's operations and its contribution to the realisation of Berrigan Shire 2032 Strategic Outcomes.

2.1 Financial Strategy 2023/24

The Council's Financial Strategy 2023/24 in appended for adoption by the Council. Based on the Council's Financial Strategy 2021 adopted by Council at its Ordinary Council Meeting 17 March 2021 the reviewed strategy included as an appendix identifies four key objectives:

- 1. Financial sustainability
- 2. Cost effective maintenance of infrastructure service levels
- 3. Financial capacity and freedom
- 4. Economic and community growth

To achieve these objectives Council will:

1.1	Prepare and review annually a Long Term Financial Plan with the aim of achieving the financial
	objectives identified in this strategy.
	Prepare Capital Expenditure Reviews, including an assessment of lifecycle costs, for
1.2	all new and/or upgraded infrastructure assets – with the exception of upgrades of roads, water mains
	and sewer mains.
1.3	Resist the pressure to fund services that are the responsibility of other levels of government.
1.4	Retain control of urban water supply and sewer services.
	Recognise that funding for renewal and upgrading of sport, recreation and cultural infrastructure
1.5	requires a combination of Council funding, community support and
	preferably some contribution from other levels of government.
	Seek methods of achieving a return (or at least minimise ratepayer subsidy) on
1.6	business activities such as the Finley Saleyards, Tocumwal Caravan Park and Tocumwal Aerodrome.
1.7	Encourage and support the existing model of community provision and operation of sport, recreation
	and cultural infrastructure.
1.8	Actively lobby the State and Federal Governments to retain existing grant funding levels for road
	maintenance and upgrades.
	Prepare and review its Asset Management Strategy and its Asset Management Plans
2.1	for the Council's major infrastructure assets annually as part of annual budget preparation.
2.2	Prioritise the renewal of existing assets over the development and delivery of new services.
2.3	Implement a Borrowing Policy that allows the Council to borrow only for the development of
	infrastructure where:
	1. There is an urgent need for the asset in the short term, or
	2. It is most cost-effective to construct the asset in the short term (as opposed to waiting until
	sufficient on-hand funds are available), and
	a. The Council has access to a funding stream to meet its debt obligations without compromising its other activities, or
	b. To create economic growth and development.
	D. To create economic growth and development.
3.1	Look to improve investment returns while managing investment risk through a diverse and secure
	investment portfolio
3.2	Continue to actively recover outstanding rates debt as identified in the Council's
	Revenue Policy.
3.3	Set utility charges for water supply, sewer and waste management services at a level that delivers a
	return on those assets sufficient to ensure long term sustainability
	Consider seeking a Special Rates Variation where there is a clearly identified demand for new or
3.4	significantly improved service levels. Consideration should also be given
	to the extended lead time and the cost involved in seeking a variation.
4.1.	Where appropriate and affordable, invest in community and infrastructure assets which directly boost
	the local economy and create employment
4.2	Actively look for grant funds to deliver improved community amenity
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3. Assumptions

A successful Community Strategic Plan reflects community aspirations (vision) and the steps that residents, business, and government will take to achieve their vision. The LTFP is informed by the Council's Financial Strategy 2023/24 analysis of the political, social, economic, also the environmental assumptions that informed Berrigan Shire 2032 Community Strategic Plan. Namely:

- 1) Policy context: That all levels of government are involved in the development of strategic plans that look at the next 10 years and beyond and that these plans consider:
- Population change, growth and decline.
- The changing social, economic and environmental expectations and needs of the people who live and work in our communities.
- 2) Challenges and Opportunities:

which include:

- a) Ageing Population
- b) Cost of maintaining, developing and operating Council and community owned facilities and services
- c) Economic forecasts and likely impact on Council operations and service delivery
- d) Housing pressures
- 3) Change imposed by regulatory change by other levels of government which impact service delivery, such as the responsibilities of Crown Land reserve management.

3.1 Service Delivery

The review of Berrigan Shire 2027 and the subsequent development of Berrigan Shire 2032 did not identify any issues that significantly changed the range and type of services delivered by the Council. Expanding Council's role in Visitor Services (a response to the COVID-19 pandemic) is the only exception. Recognition of the importance of the visitor economy to our local community. Community development activities remain discretionary activities with statutory reporting requirements and regulations determining the range of services delivered by the Council and used by our local communities.

3.2 Rate pegging

The LTFP base scenario assumes there will be no significant increase in the total amount of Ordinary rates raised and that future Ordinary rate increases will be the maximum permissible amount allowed by the Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal (IPART). IPART has set a 2022/23 rate peg for each Council, ranging from 3.7% to 6.8%. IPART determined a 3.7% increase for Berrigan Shire Council.

For subsequent years the LTFP base scenario is set conservatively at 2.0% ongoing. IPART's rate peg considers the annual change in the Local Government Cost Covering a 10-year period. The LTFP base case scenario is updated annually, and this year's review reflects the increased rate peg. IPART determines the rate peg based on information from the Local Government Cost Index (LGCI), which measures the average costs faced by NSW Councils, in addition to a population factor based on each Council's population growth.

Hence, the base case scenario is informed by benchmarked average costs in additional to new capital works projects and grant funding. It also includes the financial cost of changes in the Council's organisational structure and reviewed Workforce Development Plan.

3.3 Major planned expenditure

In accordance with the Council's Financial Strategy 2023/24 the Council will implement a Borrowing Policy that allows the Council to borrow only for the development of infrastructure where

- 1. There is an urgent need for the asset in the short term, or
- 2. It is most cost-effective to construct the asset in the short term (as opposed to waiting until sufficient on- hand funds are available), and
 - The Council has access to a funding stream to meet its debt obligations without compromising its other activities, or
 - b. To create economic growth and development.

4. Revenue Forecasts

The major sources of revenue for Council are:

- 1. Rates and Annual Charges
- 2. User Charges and Fees
- 3. Interest and Investment Revenues
- 4. Other Revenues
- Grants and contributions provided for Operating Purposes
- 6. Grants and contributions provided for Capital Purposes

Figure 1 shows the breakdown on Council's 2021/22 revenues and gives an indication of Council's reliance on the various revenue streams. Whereas Table 1 summarises the percentage change in income projected across revenue streams. Council does not envision that there will be significant change in the source or percentage of Council's revenue across revenue streams.

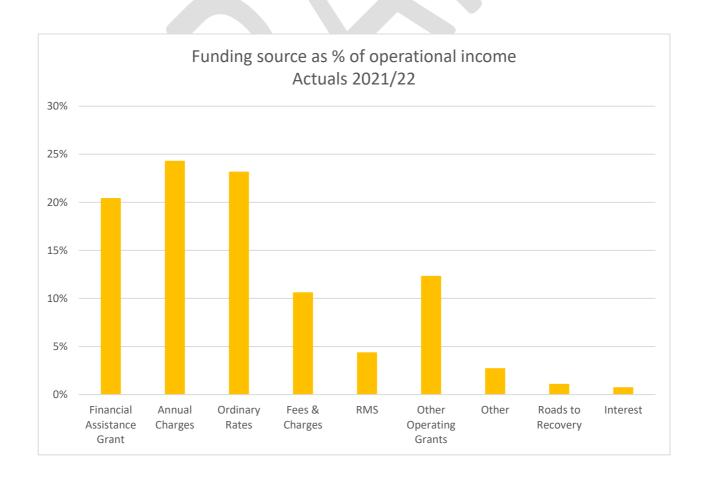


Table 1: Berrigan Shire Council Projected % Change in Global Income 2023 – 2033 (Base Scenario)

Operating Income	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2022/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33
Rates - Ordinary	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%
Annual Charges	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%
User Charges - Specific	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Fees & Charges - Statutory & Regulatory	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Fees & Charges - Other	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Interest & Investment Revenues - o/s Rates & Annual Charges	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Interest & Investment Revenues - Investments	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%
	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Operating Grants - General Purpose (Untied)	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%
Operating Grants - Specific Purpose	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%
Operating Contributions - General Purpose (Untied)	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%

4.1 Rates and Annual Charges

Council reviews its Rates and Annual Charges Policy each year cognisant of legislative requirements, projected and upcoming change in the number of rating assessments, planned developments and the adequacy of its current schedule of annual charges.

The LTFP's base scenario assumes (Table 1) that Annual Charges will increase by 3.7% (2023/24), then continue to increase by approximately 3.7% per annum 2023 – 2033.

A copy of Council's Rates and Annual Charges Policy is included as an Appendix to the Council's Annual Operating Plan.

4.2 User Charges and Fees

Council also reviews annually its schedule of User Charges and Fees and includes this as an Appendix to the Shire's Annual Operating Plan. The Schedule describes:

- The activity or function
- Community Service Obligation
- The title of the fee/charge
- Council's Pricing Policy (% cost recovery);
- Absorbed cost of the service
- The fee or cost to be levied/ GST treatment
- Public/ Private good

The LTFP's base scenario also assumes (Table 1) that User Charges and Fees will increase by 2.5% (2023/24), then continue to increase by approximately 2.5% per annum in 2024 – 2033.

A copy of Council's Rates and Annual Charges Policy is included as an Appendix to the Council's Annual Operating Plan.

Council's Financial Strategy 2023/24 (Appended) notes interest and investment income makes up around 2.5% of the Council's total revenue. The Council takes a conservative approach to investment income. Berrigan Shire Council's Investment Policy 2022 makes the following statement.

Preservation of capital is the principal objective of the investment portfolio. Investments are to be placed in a manner that seeks to ensure security and safeguarding the investment portfolio.

This includes managing credit and interest rate risk within identified thresholds and parameters. The Council is a "price-taker" regarding its investment returns with interest rates determined by the market.

At present, the majority of the Council's investments are in Term Deposits with institutions under the oversight of the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority. There may be scope to explore other investment options over the life of this strategy with the aim of improving returns without undue added risk.

Interest rates and investment returns have increased substantially over the past 12 months. However, Council will continue to forecast conservatively in this area as Council learnt quickly throughout the COVID-19 pandemic interest returns are extremely volatile.

4.3 Interest and Investments and Other Revenues

4.4 Other Revenues

Council's Other Revenues are derived from assets used or leased for commercial purposes which include:

- Tocumwal Caravan Park
- Tocumwal Aerodrome
- Hire of Council Plant; and
- Lease arrangements related to Council property

Table 1 notes that the projected change in Other Revenue used for the base scenario is an average 2.5% per annum increase for the period 2023 - 2033.

4.5 Grants - Operating & Capital

Operating and Capital Grants make up a significant proportion of the Council's income. The nature, amount and timing of these grants are not generally in the control of the Council and as such assumptions need to be made about future years. In general, the base case assumes that unless specific information is at hand, recurring grant programs will continue in a similar manner as in the recent past. The LTFP base case assumes that Financial Assistance Grants and Rural Local Road grants will increase by 1.5% per year.

This is consistent with the previous long-term pattern of growth in Financial Assistance Grants and is a conservative position to take. As part of the Local and State Government Road Safety Package announced in the 2023-24 Budget, the Australian Government has committed an additional \$500 million per year to the Local Roads and Community Infrastructure Program.

Included in the base case is the final year of the Federal Government's Roads to Recovery Program \$5,265,162 (\$877,527 p.a.) over the 5-year program which ends 30 June 2024. This plan assumes the program will continue throughout the life of the Long Term Financial Plan.

A similar assumption has been made regarding grant funding from Transport for NSW for the Block Grant and the REPAIR program. The Council has taken a conservative position regarding funding likely to be due under the Natural Disaster Relief and Recovery Assistance program.

Capital grants have been included where specifically known and agreements have been reached. Where appropriate a matching contribution from the Council has been included. The base case scenario does not include any funding for future infrastructure upgrades over and above the grants specifically identified above.

4.6 Net gain from disposal of assets

The LTFP assumes the Council will not dispose of any significant assets over the life of the plan. The Council will routinely continue to trade plant and equipment and the LTFP assumes this will be generally be on a cost recovery significant gain will be made.

5. Expenditure Forecasts

The LTFP in addition to considering the implications of forecast revenues also reviews planned expenditures based on the contribution of Council operations to Berrigan Shire 2032 strategic objectives and Council's Resourcing Strategy requirements.

Previously mentioned, Berrigan Shire 2032 and the Council's response to the challenges faced by its community rely not on the development of new services, nor a substantive increase in service levels, but on ensuring the Council's assets and resources continue to be focused on

- Financial Sustainability
- Investment in the maintenance and further development of the Shire's critical physical infrastructure: levees, roads, stormwater, water supply, sewer and waste management facilities Life cycle cost Asset Management and Planning
- Economic and Regional Development projects,
- Planning for an Ageing population; and
- Engaging our communities in the implementation of Berrigan Shire 2032.

Table 2 describes the % change in expenditure by type used in the development of the LTFP base scenario the basis of this LTFP.

Table 2: Berrigan Shire Council Projected % Change in Global Expenses 2023 – 2033 (Base Scenario)												
Operating Expenditure	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2032/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33		
Employee Costs - Salaries	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%		
Employee Costs - Superannuation	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%		
Employee Costs - Workers Comp	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%		
Employee Costs - Other	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%		
Materials & Contracts - Raw Materials & Consumables	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%		
Materials & Contracts - Contracts	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%		
Materials & Contracts - Legal Expenses	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%		
Materials & Contracts - Other	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%		
Other Expenses - Insurance	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%		
Other Expenses - Utilities	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%		
Other Expenses - Other	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%		

5.1 On-going Commitments

Much of Council's expenditure is regular and ongoing. Council's Resourcing Strategy – Asset Management Plans and Workforce Development Plan provide detailed information about the extent of the services and resources controlled and needed to maintain service levels and Council's ongoing commitments.

Scheduled review of the Shire's Asset Management Plan's and the effectiveness of its Workforce Management Plan during the life of Council's four-year Delivery Program embeds ongoing monitoring and review of Council's commitments ensuring any changes may be anticipated, and expenditure forecasts varied at subsequent reviews of the LTFP.

5.1.1 Employee Costs

The assumptions made in the current Workforce Management Plan are recgonised as being out of step with current reality including known labour and skills shortages. A full review of the Workforce Management Plan is therefore scheduled during the 2023-2024 financial year.

The planned review of the Work Force Management Plan and will lead to the development of a comprehensive salary policy: the long-term financial implications of which will be considered as part of the 24/25 financial year review of the LTFP and its base case model.

5.1.2 Borrowing Costs

The Council currently has four significant outstanding loans (external and internal) summarised in the table below:

PURPOSE	AMOUNT	TERM	RATE	ANNUAL REPAYMENTS	DUE	LENDER
LIRS Drainage	\$1,630,000	10 y	4.26%	\$200,488	Dec 2024	NAB
LCLI Lewis Cres	\$1,000,000	10 y	2.32%	\$112,391	May 2020	ANZ
LCLI Water Plant (Barooga)	\$4,000,000	10 y	1.48%	\$430,586	Jan 2031	NAB
Water Fund – Finley WTP	\$2,600,000	10 y	1.48%	\$281,630	June 2031	Sewer Fund
General Fund	\$1,000,000	10 y	1.48 %	\$108,319	June 2031	Sewer Fund

The interest cost of the LIRS drainage loan is partially offset by a 3% (300 basis point) interest rate subsidy from the NSW government under the Local Infrastructure Renewal Scheme (LIRS) program. The interest cost of the Lewis Crescent loan is partially offset by a 50% interest rate subsidy from the NSW government under the Low Cost Loans Initiative (LCLI) – Supporting Local Housing program. The interest cost of Council the remediation and upgrade of the Barooga WTP is also subsidised through LCLI.

The Sewer Fund holds healthy cash reserves that are not required for use for some time so these funds at present are sitting in investment.

During the 2023/24 Financial Year the Council proposes to borrow \$550,000 to fund necessary repairs at the Finley Saleyards and \$2M to fund ongoing Council upgrades including the refit of the Council Administration Office, rollout of upgraded technology to enable hybrid working conditions and increased productivity, including but not limited to new laptops, fibre internet upgrade, software, and server upgrades.

The use of loan funds for these works is in line with the Council's Financial Strategy 2023/24.

The Council's Financial Strategy 2023/24 states Council will implement a Borrowing Policy

that allows the Council to borrow only for the development of infrastructure where a)
There is an urgent need for the asset in the short term, or b) It is most cost-effective to construct the asset in the short term (as opposed to waiting until sufficient on-hand funds are available), and c) The Council has access to a funding stream to meet its debt obligations without compromising its other activities Based on the current LTFP Council is in a position to make these repayments. It will however impact the Council's financial freedom and flexibility over the term of the LTFP.

Based on the Council's loan program, the Council's projected net debt outstanding debt is:

FUND	30 June 2023	30 June 2024	30 June 2025	30 June 2026
General	\$1,833,752	\$1,499,782	\$1,137,932	\$935,983
Water	\$5,196,914	\$4,558,990	\$3,911,586	\$3,254,561
Sub Total	\$7,030,639	\$6,008,779	\$5,049,518	\$4,190,544
Less Internal Loans	(\$2,921,678)	(\$2,574,969)	(\$2,223,192)	(\$1,866,082)
Net Total	\$4,108,961	\$3,433,810	\$2,826,389	\$2,324,462

5.1.3 Outstanding Loans and Redemptions

Total actual repayments of principal and interest for loans are as follows:

FUND	30 June 2023	30 June 2024	30 June 2025	30 June 2026
General	\$420,939	\$420,939	\$337,402	\$222,091
Water	\$712,216	\$712,216	\$712,216	\$712,216
Sewer			-	-
Sub Total	\$1,113,156	\$1,133,156	\$1,049,619	\$934,307
Less Internal Loans	\$389,950	\$389,950	\$389,950	\$389,950
Total	\$743,206	\$743,206	\$659,669	\$544,358
Less LIRS subsidy	\$8,622	\$4,704	\$820	-
Less LCLI subsidy	\$33,274	\$29,323	\$25,304	\$21,215
NET COST	\$701,270	\$709,179	\$633,545	\$523,142

5.1.4 Materials and Contracts

The Council has adjusted materials and contracts to represent the current CPI cost increases the Council is currently experiencing.

There is an identified program to upgrade the Council's information technology and financial management systems, the delivery of which has been deferred.

5.1.5 Depreciation

This LTFP has included depreciation determined from the Council's existing asset management system and its Asset Management Plans. Where new assets have been proposed, depreciation for those amounts have been included in this report. Depreciation is determined in line with the Council's asset accounting policy as identified in the appropriate Notes to its Annual Financial Statements.

5.1.6 Other Expenses

The LFTP base case proposes the expenses in this category will increase in general terms by 3.0% per year from 2023 – 2033.

While not included in the LTFP base case, the Council has considered the possibility of additional support for the volunteer committees managing some of the Council's recreation and cultural infrastructure such as public halls and recreation reserves. Items such as contributions to NSW Fire & Rescue and NSW Rural Fire Service have been included at historic levels and inflated in the absence of more specific advice.

5.1.7 Income statement

The operating surplus before capital grants and contributions is forecast to be around \$52,000 for 2023/24 due to significant increase in the cost of delivering capital works and the full range of Council services.

Council projects a \$940,000 surplus in 2024/25 with surpluses projected each year over the 10-year period.

5.1.8 Balance Sheet and Cash Flow Statement

Council's cash and investments are forecast to decrease due to large capital works and ongoing inflation challenges. Council's cash and investments will remain stable over the ten-year life of this plan retaining a balance of \$33M in June 2033. However, it is crucial to note that in June 2033 Council will have no unrestricted funds available. The Council's cash holdings in 2032/33 are mainly restricted for use in the Water and Sewer funds.

6. AssetManagement

The Council's asset management plans identify service levels and the condition of assets and the likely cost of asset maintenance and development. The costs resulting from Council's Asset Management Plan are included in the LTFP as capital costs for new assets, renewals, rehabilitation and non-capital expenditure for costs related to maintenance, Council operating costs and depreciation.

Asset related expenditure identified in the Asset Management Plan is being incorporated into the LTFP. Moreover, subsequent reviews of the LTFP will factor in greater detail on planned and forecast expenditure as the Council strengthens its Asset Management capacity through exploration of:

- More efficient use and operation of assets.
- Demand management.
- Asset rationalisation and review of asset growth requests.
- Low-cost strategies over high cost strategies.
- Re-evaluation of service levels and standards.

The Council already incorporates into its Asset Management and Planning:

- Forward provision for renewal by reducing its reliance on debt
- Creating and funding its renewal reserves
- Conducting capital reviews for new and existing projects

7. Performance Measures

The Council's Financial Strategy 2021 describes the key performance indicators (KPIs) used to measure the Council's financial performance and the financial sustainability and efficiency of its Delivery Program and ongoing operations. These include:

- Operating Performance ratio;
- Unrestricted Current ratio
- Rates, Annual Charges, Interest and Extra Charges
- Outstanding Percentage
- Building Infrastructure and Other Structures Renewals ratio;
- Infrastructure Backlog ratio
- Capital Expenditure ratio;
- Debt Service ratio; and
- Cash Expense Cover ratio.

Council reviews its progress against these Key Performance Indicators on an annual basis.

8. Modelling

8.1 Sensitivity Analysis

This Long Term Financial Plan includes a number of assumptions (Section 3), which if they do not occur, may have varying levels of impact on future financial plans. assumptions for example it assumes continuation of Roads to Recovery funding and the continuation of IPART determined rate peg. The base model reviewed by this LTFP scenario 1 is therefore, per the assumptions outlined in this document.

Not modelled in this year's LTFP are optimistic nor pessimistic scenario's = modelling which is generally undertaken when a full review of the LTFP is undertaken in concert with the development of new 4-year Delivery Program.

Long term financial planning is not without risk.

Therefore, the following risk factors have been considered in the development of this Long Term

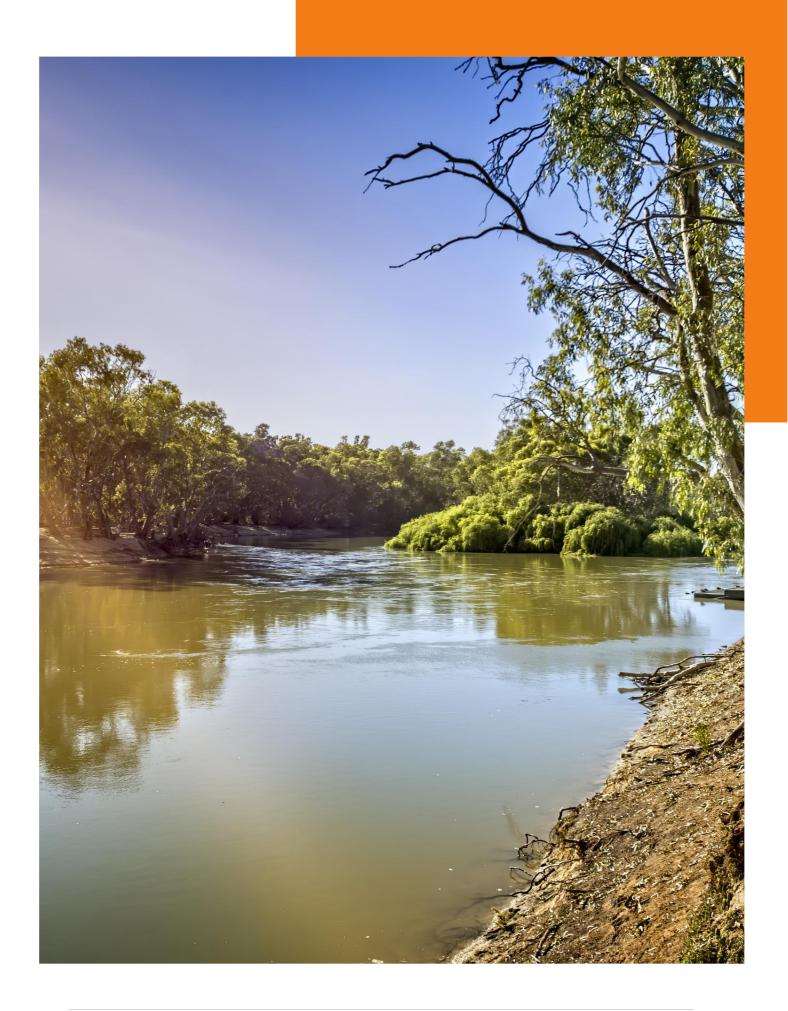
Financial Plan and whilst some factors would only have a minor impact on projections, others could have a more significant impact.

Areas which would have a particular impact on the projections, should they occur, include:

- Estimates to fund infrastructural renewal, replacement and significant ongoing asset maintenance being inaccurate
- Rates increase being lower than anticipated
- Construction costs being higher than anticipated
- Utility expenses being higher than estimated
- Significant fluctuations in the rate of return for investments
- Workers compensation insurance costs
- Award determined staff related expenses increasing more than anticipated.

There are also external factors beyond the influence of Council which could potentially impact most on the model, including:

- Further cost shifting from other levels of Government (currently estimated at \$5.9M)
- Freezes to the indexation of recurrent operating grants
- Changes to the taxation regime
- Changes to the Superannuation Guarantee legislation
- Forced amalgamation of Councils
- Natural disasters



9. Appendices/ Updated Base Case Scenarios

Base Case Projected Income Statement - Consolidated

Berrigan Shire Council												
10 Year Financial Plan for the Years ending 30 June 2033												
INCOME STATEMENT - CONSOLIDATED	Actuals	Current Year					Projected	l Years				
Scenario: Base Case	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Income from Continuing Operations			_									
Revenue:												
Rates & Annual Charges	11,234,000	11,537,000	11,804,000	12,256,000	12,724,000	13,209,000	13,528,634	14,027,937	14,545,426	15,081,764	15,637,636	16,213,756
User Charges & Fees	2,514,000	2,227,000	2,129,945	2,145,048	2,159,155	2,176,210	2,326,433	2,405,608	2,487,536	2,572,307	2,660,021	2,750,783
Other Revenues	468,000	703,000	519,000	543,000	538,000	538,000	560,557	582,025	594,899	617,633	630,992	655,287
Grants & Contributions provided for Operating Purposes	9,060,000	8,056,000	9,586,000	8,718,000	8,865,000	9,017,000	9,147,694	9,247,590	9,348,043	9,450,002	9,554,432	9,660,428
Grants & Contributions provided for Capital Purposes	3,734,000	3,110,000	170,000	31,000	14,000	4,000	4,000	3,000	2,000	1,000	-	-
Interest & Investment Revenue	182,000	458,000	1,002,000	1,016,000	1,037,000	1,050,000	872,605	881,752	891,063	900,544	910,199	920,033
Other Income:												
Net Gains from the Disposal of Assets			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fair value increment on investment properties	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reversal of revaluation decrements on IPPE previously expensed	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reversal of impairment losses on receivables			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Income	183,000	52,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000
Joint Ventures & Associated Entities - Gain		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Income from Continuing Operations	27,375,000	26,143,000	25,236,945	24,735,048	25,363,155	26,020,210	26,465,923	27,173,912	27,894,967	28,649,250	29,419,280	30,226,287
Expenses from Continuing Operations												
Employee Benefits & On-Costs	9.013.000	4.993.800	5.420.000	5.591.850	5.766.234	5.940.359	6.264.261	6.565.277	6.881.017	7,212,212	7.559.632	7.924.076
Borrowing Costs	152.000	83.873	164,463	140.565	122.244	104.984	87.122	68.634	49.473	31,530	18.823	6.762
Materials & Contracts	6.960.000	10.267.860	10.802.800	10.928.433	10.861.631	11.004.576	11.654.198	12.045.776	12.409.847	12.855.785	13,215,732	13.661.573
Depreciation & Amortisation	7,423,000	6,309,000	6,372,000	6,433,000	6,498,000	6,562,000	6,591,690	6,649,447	6,707,271	6,767,164	6,827,126	6,888,157
Impairment of investments	7,420,000	0,000,000	0,372,000	0,400,000	0,400,000	0,002,000	0,001,000	0,010,111	0,707,271	0,101,104	0,027,120	0,000,107
Impairment of receivables	17.000											
Other Expenses	565,000	507,000	2,255,000	670,035	700,071	731.402	748.560	767,622	787,346	807,763	828,895	850,767
Interest & Investment Losses	000,000	000,000	2,200,000	070,000	,,,,,,,,	701,102	, 40,000	707,022	707,010	007,700	020,000	000,707
Net Losses from the Disposal of Assets	1,120,000			_	_	_		_			_	
Revaluation decrement/impairment of IPPE	1,120,000				_			_	_			_
Fair value decrement on investment properties								_				_
Joint Ventures & Associated Entities				_	_	_		_		_		_
Total Expenses from Continuing Operations	25,250,000	22,161,533	25,014,263	23,763,883	23,948,180	24,343,321	25,345,831	26,096,756	26,834,954	27,674,454	28,450,208	29,331,335
Occasion Boards from Continuing Constitution	2.425.000	3,981,467	222.682	074 405	4 444 075	4 676 000	4 420 002	4 077 450	4 000 042	074 700	969,072	894.952
Operating Result from Continuing Operations	2,125,000	3,381,467	222,682	971,165	1,414,975	1,676,889	1,120,092	1,077,156	1,060,013	974,796	363,072	894,932
Discontinued Operations - Profit/(Loss)				-	_	_	_	-		_	-	-
Net Profit/(Loss) from Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Operating Result for the Year	2,125,000	3,981,467	222,682	971,165	1,414,975	1,676,889	1,120,092	1,077,156	1,060,013	974,796	969,072	894,952
net Operating result for the Tear	2,123,000	3,301,407	222,002	371,103	1,414,373	1,070,003	1,120,032	1,077,136	1,000,013	314,136	303,072	034,332
Net Operating Result before Grants and Contributions provided for												
Capital Purposes	(1,609,000)	871,467	52,682	940,165	1,400,975	1,672,889	1,116,092	1,074,156	1,058,013	973,796	969,072	894,952

Base Case Projected Income Statement – General Fund

Berrigan Shire Council												
10 Year Financial Plan for the Years ending 30 June 2033												
INCOME STATEMENT - GENERAL FUND	Actuals	Current Year					Projected					
Scenario: Base Case	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Income from Continuing Operations												
Revenue:	0.040.000	0.070.000	7.070.000	7.045.000	7.004.000	7.040.000	0.000.040	0.544.050	0.000.757	0.400.445	0.500.000	0.057.007
Rates & Annual Charges	6,849,000	6,970,000	7,076,000	7,345,000	7,624,000	7,913,000	8,203,612	8,511,052	8,829,757	9,160,145	9,502,639	9,857,687
User Charges & Fees	1,354,000	1,342,000	1,187,945	1,202,048	1,215,155	1,230,210	1,276,100	1,319,396	1,364,211	1,410,594	1,458,600	1,508,288
Other Revenues	338,000 9,060,000	651,000 7,896,000	467,000 9.468.000	491,000 8,603,000	486,000 8,753,000	486,000 8.908.000	498,882 9.003.038	518,202 9,101,394	528,854 9,200,284	549,288 9,300,657	560,267 9,403,477	582,099 9,507,839
Grants & Contributions provided for Operating Purposes Grants & Contributions provided for Capital Purposes	2.865.000	10.000	170.000	31,000	14.000	4.000	4.000	3,000	2.000	1.000	9,403,477	9,507,839
Interest & Investment Revenue	2,800,000	202.000	538.000	544,000	550,000	556.000	559.740	563,523	567,349	571,219	575,135	579.098
Other Income:	28,000	202,000	330,000	344,000	330,000	330,000	338,740	303,323	307,348	3/1,218	575,135	378,080
Net Gains from the Disposal of Assets												
Fair value increment on investment properties				_	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Reversal of revaluation decrements on IPPE previously expensed								_				
Reversal of impairment losses on receivables												
Other Income	183.000	52,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	26.000	26.000	26,000	26,000	26.000	26,000	26.000
Joint Ventures & Associated Entities - Gain	100,000	02,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
Total Income from Continuing Operations	20,678,000	17,123,000	18.932.945	18,242,048	18.668.155	19.123.210	19.571.372	20,042,567	20.518.455	21.018.903	21,526,118	22,061,011
	,,											
Expenses from Continuing Operations												
Employee Benefits & On-Costs	8,266,000	4,910,800	5,367,000	5,538,850	5,713,234	5,887,359	6,201,058	6,499,230	6,811,998	7,140,087	7,484,261	7,845,313
Borrowing Costs	59,000	48,536	133,411	113,862	99,954	87,175	73,860	59,986	45,509	31,876	18,823	6,762
Materials & Contracts	4,095,000	5,988,860	6,656,800	6,771,433	6,673,631	6,787,576	7,014,114	7,290,555	7,535,677	7,858,714	8,091,683	8,406,336
Depreciation & Amortisation	5,563,000	5,009,000	5,059,000	5,106,000	5,157,000	5,207,000	5,258,000	5,309,000	5,360,000	5,413,000	5,466,000	5,520,000
Impairment of investments			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impairment of receivables	17,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Expenses	565,000	504,000	2,252,000	667,035	697,071	728,402	745,059	764,004	783,607	803,899	824,902	846,641
Interest & Investment Losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Losses from the Disposal of Assets	1,070,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revaluation decrement/impairment of IPPE		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fair value decrement on investment properties	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Joint Ventures & Associated Entities - Loss			-	-		-		-				<u> </u>
Total Expenses from Continuing Operations	19,635,000	16,461,196	19,468,211	18,197,180	18,340,890	18,697,512	19,292,091	19,922,775	20,536,791	21,247,576	21,885,669	22,625,052
Operating Result from Continuing Operations	1,043,000	661,804	(535,266)	44,868	327,265	425,698	279,281	119,792	(18,336)	(228,673)	(359,551)	(564,041)
					-							
Discontinued Operations - Profit/(Loss)			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-
Net Profit/(Loss) from Discontinued Operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Operating Result for the Year	1,043,000	661,804	(535,266)	44,868	327,265	425,698	279,281	119,792	(18,336)	(228,673)	(359,551)	(564,041)
			, , , , ,						, , , , , ,	, , , , ,		, , , ,
Net Operating Result before Grants and Contributions provided for												
Capital Purposes	(1,822,000)	651,804	(705,266)	13,868	313,265	421,698	275,281	116,792	(20,336)	(229,673)	(359,551)	(564,041)

Base Case Projected Income Statement – Sewer Fund

Berrigan Shire Council												
10 Year Financial Plan for the Years ending 30 June 2033												
INCOME STATEMENT - SEWER FUND	Actuals	Current Year					Projected	Vears				
Scenario: Base Case	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33
Scenario: Base Case	\$	\$	2023/24	2024/25	2023/26 \$	\$	\$	2028/29	2029/30 \$	2030/31	2031/32 \$	2032/33 \$
Income from Continuing Operations												
Revenue:												
Rates & Annual Charges	2,211,000	2,296,000	2,373,000	2,465,000	2,560,000	2,659,000	2,744,180	2,845,714	2,951,006	3,060,193	3,173,421	3,290,838
User Charges & Fees	77,000	75,000	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000	88,306	90,514	92,777	95,097	97,474	99,910
Other Revenues	46,000	1,000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1,104	1,132	1,160	1,189	1,219	1.249
Grants & Contributions provided for Operating Purposes		48,000	48,000	48,000	48,000	48,000	50,946	51,710	52,486	53,273	54,072	54,883
Grants & Contributions provided for Capital Purposes	14,000			_	_		_	_		-		
Interest & Investment Revenue	75,000	131,297	216,240	214,110	211,901	209,618	213,215	212,547	211,918	211,330	210,784	216,054
Other Income:												
Net Gains from the Disposal of Assets					_		_	_	_			
Fair value increment on investment properties					_		_	_				
Reversal of revaluation decrements on IPPE previously expensed				_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_
Reversal of impairment losses on receivables				_	_	_	_	_		_	_	
Other Income				_	_	_	_	_		_	_	
Joint Ventures & Associated Entities - Gain				_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Income from Continuing Operations	2.423.000	2,551,297	2.718.240	2.808.110	2.900.901	2.997.618	3.097.751	3.201.617	3.309.347	3.421.082	3.536.970	3.662.934
	2,-20,000	2,000,020	2,110,210	_,,,	_,,	2,000,000	.,,	-,,	-,,	-,,	-,,	0,002,000
Expenses from Continuing Operations												
Employee Benefits & On-Costs	335,000	30,000		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Borrowing Costs				_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_
Materials & Contracts	1,204,000	1,900,000	1,760,000	1,774,000	1.783.000	1.798.000	1.917.268	1.959.575	2.003.152	2.048.035	2.094.268	2,141,882
Depreciation & Amortisation	1,010,000	642.000	648,000	656,000	662,000	669.000	675,690	682.447	689,271	696,164	703,126	710.157
Impairment of investments	1,010,000			,		,					,	
Impairment of receivables				_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other Expenses		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1,126	1.160	1,195	1,231	1.268	1.306
Interest & Investment Losses		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,120	1,100	1,100	1,201	1,200	1,000
Net Losses from the Disposal of Assets	15,000											
Revaluation decrement/impairment of IPPE	10,000											
Fair value decrement on investment properties												
Joint Ventures & Associated Entities - Loss												
Total Expenses from Continuing Operations	2,564,000	2,573,000	2,409,000	2,431,000	2,446,000	2,468,000	2,594,084	2,643,182	2,693,618	2,745,430	2,798,662	2,853,345
Total Expenses from Continuing Operations	2,004,000	2,010,000	2,403,000	2,451,000	2,440,000	2,400,000	2,004,004	2,040,102	2,000,010	2,140,400	2,100,002	2,000,040
Operating Result from Continuing Operations	(141,000)	(21,703)	309,240	377,110	454,901	529,618	503,667	558,435	615,729	675,652	738,308	809,589
• •												
Discontinued Operations - Profit/(Loss)				_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_
Net Profit/(Loss) from Discontinued Operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
•												
Net Operating Result for the Year	(141,000)	(21,703)	309,240	377,110	454,901	529,618	503,667	558,435	615,729	675,652	738,308	809,589
Net Operating Result before Grants and Contributions provided for												
	(155,000)	(24.702)	202 242	977 110	454 904	529 C12	E02 CC2	EE0 425	015 700	675.050	738,308	909 595
Capital Purposes	(155,000)	(21,703)	309,240	377,110	454,901	529,618	503,667	558,435	615,729	675,652	738,308	809,589

Base Case Projected Income Statement – Water Fund

Berrigan Shire Council												
10 Year Financial Plan for the Years ending 30 June 2033												
INCOME STATEMENT - WATER FUND	Actuals	Current Year					Projected	Vene				
			0000104	0004105	0005100	0000007	•		0000100	0000104	0004100	0000000
Scenario: Base Case	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33
	\$,	\$	\$	•	•	\$	\$	\$	\$	•	\$
Income from Continuing Operations												
Revenue:												
Rates & Annual Charges	2,174,000	2,271,000	2,355,000	2,446,000	2,540,000	2,637,000	2,580,842	2,671,171	2,764,663	2,861,426	2,961,576	3,065,231
User Charges & Fees	1,083,000	810,000	862,000	863,000	864,000	866,000	962,027	995,698	1,030,548	1,066,616	1,103,947	1,142,585
Other Revenues	84,000	51,000	51,000	51,000	51,000	51,000	60,571	62,691	64,885	67,156	69,506	71,939
Grants & Contributions provided for Operating Purposes		112,000	70,000	67,000	64,000	61,000	93,710	94,486	95,273	96,072	96,883	97,706
Grants & Contributions provided for Capital Purposes	855,000	3,100,000	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Interest & Investment Revenue	78,000	173,000	291,000	296,000	308,000	312,000	121,905	122,495	123,087	123,682	124,280	124,881
Other Income:												
Net Gains from the Disposal of Assets			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fair value increment on investment properties			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reversal of revaluation decrements on IPPE previously expensed			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reversal of impairment losses on receivables			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Income		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Joint Ventures & Associated Entities - Gain			· · · · · ·	<u></u>	<u>-</u>	<u>.</u>	<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Total Income from Continuing Operations	4,274,000	6,517,000	3,629,000	3,723,000	3,827,000	3,927,000	3,819,055	3,946,541	4,078,456	4,214,952	4,356,192	4,502,342
Expenses from Continuing Operations	440.000				50.000					70.405		
Employee Benefits & On-Costs	412,000	53,000	53,000	53,000	53,000	53,000	63,203	66,047	69,019	72,125	75,371	78,763
Borrowing Costs	93,000	83,634	74,292	64,813	55,191	45,427	35,517	25,461	15,255	5,341	-	-
Materials & Contracts	1,661,000	2,379,000	2,386,000	2,383,000	2,405,000	2,419,000	2,722,816	2,795,646	2,871,018	2,949,036	3,029,781	3,113,355
Depreciation & Amortisation	850,000	658,000	665,000	671,000	679,000	686,000	658,000	658,000	658,000	658,000	658,000	658,000
Impairment of investments			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impairment of receivables		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Other Expenses		2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,375	2,458	2,544	2,633	2,725	2,820
Interest & Investment Losses			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Losses from the Disposal of Assets	35,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revaluation decrement/impairment of IPPE		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fair value decrement on investment properties			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Joint Ventures & Associated Entities - Loss			-		-	-			-	-		-
Total Expenses from Continuing Operations	3,051,000	3,175,634	3,180,292	3,173,813	3,194,191	3,205,427	3,481,911	3,547,612	3,615,836	3,687,135	3,765,877	3,852,938
0 " 0 " 1 0 " 1 0 "	4 000 000			510.103	000 000	701 570	*******	***	100.000	507.017	500.015	649,404
Operating Result from Continuing Operations	1,223,000	3,341,366	448,708	549,187	632,809	721,573	337,144	398,929	462,620	527,817	590,315	649,404
Discontinued Operations - Profit/(Loss)			-		-	-		-		-		
Net Profit/(Loss) from Discontinued Operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not Consider Desult for the Year	1,223,000	3.341.366	448.708	549,187	632.809	721.573	227.444	398.929	462,620	527,817	590.315	649,404
Net Operating Result for the Year	1,223,000	3,341,366	448,708	343,187	632,809	121,313	337,144	338,323	462,620	327,817	350,315	643,404
Not Consider Board before Construction of Constructions												
Net Operating Result before Grants and Contributions provided for	000.000		440.75	5 40 40 -	***	704 577		***	400.000	507.01-	F00 01-	
Capital Purposes	368,000	241,366	448,708	549,187	632,809	721,573	337,144	398,929	462,620	527,817	590,315	649,404

Base Case Projected Balance Sheet – Consolidated

Berrigan Shire Council 10 Year Financial Plan for the Years ending 30 June 2033												
BALANCE SHEET - CONSOLIDATED	Actuals	Current Year					Projecte					
Scenario: Base Case	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/3
ASSETS												
Current Assets Cash & Cash Equivalents	17.384.000	9.143.406	8,260,573	7.835.645	7.625.606	7.467.104	9.087.645	10.674.156	12,240,834	13.820.055	15.166.013	16.495.973
Cash & Cash Equivalents Investments	26.084.000	23.820.907	20,879,957	19,555,003	18.174.440	17,262,363	16.877.085	16,541,110	16,258,195	16,209,642	16,209,642	16,495,973
Receivables	2,874,000	2,700,932	2,715,551	2,677,728	2,714,416	2,754,233	2,805,843	2,873,152	2,938,881	3,008,522	3,077,543	3,150,040
Inventories	760,000	889,509	914,424	918,667	916,232	921,341	946,581	961,043	974,478	990,972	1,004,255	1,020,747
Contract assets and contract cost assets	700,000	-	-	-		-		-	-	-	-,001,200	.,020,7
Other	51,000	90,929	119,925	102,430	101,624	103,352	106,246	109,761	112,911	116,996	120,018	124,020
Non-current assets classified as "held for sale"				-	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	-
Total Current Assets	47,153,000	36,645,682	32,890,430	31,089,473	29,532,319	28,508,393	29,823,399	31,159,222	32,525,299	34,146,187	35,577,471	37,000,422
Non-Current Assets												
Investments				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Receivables		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Inventories		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Contract assets and contract cost assets												
Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment	355,982,000	370,244,000	376,567,000	378,208,000	380,531,000	382,599,000	381,754,310	380,855,658	379,895,387	378,875,223	378,262,097	377,587,940
Investment Property				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Intangible Assets				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Right of use assets Investments Accounted for using the equity method					-	-			-	-		
Non-current assets classified as "held for sale"												
Other					_				_			
Total Non-Current Assets	355,982,000	370.244.000	376.567.000	378.208.000	380.531.000	382.599.000	381.754.310	380.855.658	379,895,387	378.875.223	378,262,097	377.587.940
TOTAL ASSETS	403,135,000	406,889,682	409,457,430	409,297,473	410,063,319	411,107,393	411,577,709	412,014,880	412,420,686	413,021,410	413,839,568	414,588,362
LIABILITIES												
Current Liabilities												
Bank Overdraft				-	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	
Payables	2,174,000	2,456,394	2,953,082	2,665,575	2,682,211	2,731,584	2,785,340	2,867,212	2,944,445	3,037,543	3,115,268	3,209,634
Income received in advance				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Contract liabilities	951,000	550,859	671,538	601,583	610,850	620,953	627,575	634,359	641,179	648,103	655,198	662,469
Lease liabilities												-
Borrowings	659,000	675,152	773,660	675,033	692,291	710,153	728,641	738,260	474,094	235,734	247,795	
Employee benefit provisions	1,607,000	2,009,982	2,009,982	2,009,982	2,009,982	2,009,982	2,009,982	2,009,982	2,009,982	2,009,982	2,009,982	2,009,982
Other provisions Liabilities associated with assets classified as "held for sale"	466,000	144,039	144,039	144,039	144,039	144,039	144,039	144,039	144,039	144,039	144,039	144,039
Total Current Liabilities	5,857,000	5,836,426	6,552,301	6,096,212	6,139,373	6,216,711	6,295,576	6,393,852	6,213,739	6,075,401	6,172,282	6,026,124
Non-Current Liabilities												
Pavables												
Income received in advance				_	_	_		_	_	_		
Contract liabilities					_	_		_	_	_		
Lease liabilities				-	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	
Borrowings	4,109,000	3,983,810	5,613,000	4,937,968	4,245,677	3,535,524	2,806,883	2,068,623	1,594,529	1,358,795	1,111,000	1,111,000
Employee benefit provisions	641,000	238,018	238,018	238,018	238,018	238,018	238,018	238,018	238,018	238,018	238,018	238,018
Other provisions	76,000	397,961	397,961	397,961	397,961	397,961	397,961	397,961	397,961	397,961	397,961	397,961
Investments Accounted for using the equity method				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Liabilities associated with assets classified as "held for sale"	4,826,000	4.040.700	6,248,980	5,573,948	4 004 057	4 474 504	3.442.863	2,704,603	2,230,509	1,994,775	4 740 000	4.740.000
Total Non-Current Liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES	10,683,000	4,619,790 10.456,216	12,801,281	11,670,159	4,881,657 11,021,030	4,171,504 10,388,215	9,738,439	9,098,454	8,444,248	8,070,175	1,746,980 7,919,261	1,746,980 7,773,103
Net Assets	392,452,000	396,433,467	396,656,149	397,627,314	399,042,289	400,/19,1/9	401,839,270	402,916,426	403,976,439	404,951,235	405,920,307	406,815,259
COURTY												
EQUITY Potained Faminer	130.522.000	134.503.467	124 729 440	125 807 244	127 142 200	120 700 470	120 000 272	140 000 420	142.046.439	142 024 225	142 000 207	144 005 054
Retained Earnings Revaluation Reserves	130,522,000 261,930,000	134,503,467 261.930.000	134,726,149 261,930,000	135,697,314 261,930,000	137,112,289 261,930,000	138,789,179 261,930,000	139,909,270 261,930,000	140,986,426 261,930,000	261,930,000	143,021,235 261,930,000	143,990,307 261,930,000	144,885,259 261,930,000
Revaluation Reserves Other Reserves	201,930,000	201,830,000	201,830,000	201,830,000	201,830,000	201,830,000	201,830,000	201,830,000	201,830,000	201,830,000	201,830,000	201,930,000
Other Reserves Council Equity Interest	392,452,000	396,433,467	396,656,149	397,627,314	399,042,289	400,719,179	401,839,270	402,916,426	403,976,439	404,951,235	405,920,307	406,815,259
on-controlling equity interests	392,452,000	200 100 100	396,656,149	-	-		401,839,270	402,916,426	403,976,439	404,951,235	405,920,307	
Total Equity	392 452 000	396,433,467	396 656 149	397,627,314	399,042,289	400,719,179	AD1 839 770	AU 2 416 426	AUX 4/6 A39			406,815,259

Base Case Projected Balance Sheet – General

Berrigan Shire Council 10 Year Financial Plan for the Years ending 30 June 2033												
BALANCE SHEET - GENERAL FUND	Actuals	Current Year					Projecte	d Years				
Scenario: Base Case	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33
overlaine. Date date	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
ASSETS	-				*	· ·	•	•			•	
Current Assets												
Cash & Cash Equivalents	9,011,000	9,143,406	8,260,573	7,835,645	7,625,606	7,400,707	8,479,176	9,456,610	10,344,751	11,173,200	12,009,379	12,692,830
Investments	10,040,000	10,040,000	10,040,000	10,040,000	10,040,000	10,040,000	10,040,000	10,040,000	10,040,000	10,040,000	10,040,000	10,040,000
Receivables	2,528,000	2,361,463	2,363,822	2,312,475	2,335,197	2,360,557	2,413,938	2,467,303	2,518,590	2,573,276	2,626,808	2,683,265
Inventories	648,000	787,591	813,323	817,604	813,951	818,207	826,668	836,993	846,148	858,213	866,914	878,666
Contract assets and contract cost assets				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	51,000	90,929	119,925	102,430	101,624	103,352	106,246	109,761	112,911	116,996	120,018	124,020
Non-current assets classified as "held for sale"	22,278,000	22.423.389	04 507 040	04 400 454	-		04 000 000	-		04.704.004	05.000.440	
Total Current Assets	22,278,000	22,423,389	21,597,642	21,108,154	20,916,378	20,722,824	21,866,028	22,910,666	23,862,399	24,761,684	25,663,119	26,418,781
Non-Current Assets												
Investments						_	_	_	_		_	
Receivables												-
Inventories				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contract assets and contract cost assets				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment	271,948,000	272,576,000	275,502,000	275,200,000	275,369,000	275,659,000	274,454,000	273,201,795	271,894,795	270,534,795	269,121,795	267,654,795
Investment Property		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intangible Assets		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Right of use assets				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments Accounted for using the equity method		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-current assets classified as "held for sale" Other				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Non-Current Assets	271.948.000	272.576.000	275.502.000	275.200.000	275.369.000	275.659.000	274.454.000	273.201.795	271.894.795	270.534.795	269.121.795	267.654.795
TOTAL ASSETS	294,226,000	294,999,389	297,099,642	296,308,154	296,285,378	296,381,824	296,320,028	296,112,461	295,757,194	295,296,479	294,784,914	294,073,576
LIABILITIES												
Current Liabilities												
Bank Overdraft		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payables	1,926,000	2,259,000	2,754,926	2,466,620	2,482,367	2,530,844	2,584,293	2,665,174	2,741,380	2,833,414	2,910,040	3,003,266
Income received in advance												
Contract liabilities	951,000	550,859	671,538	601,583	610,850	620,953	627,575	634,359	641,179	648,103	655,198	662,469
Lease liabilities	371,000	383,936	478.096	375.055	387,833	401,148	415,022	419,957	331,001	235,734	247,795	-
Borrowings Employee benefit provisions	1.607.000	2.009.982	2.009.982	2.009.982	2.009.982	2.009.982	2.009.982	2.009.982	2.009.982	2.009.982	2.009.982	2.009.982
Other provisions	466,000	144.039	144,039	144.039	144,039	144.039	144,039	144.039	144,039	144,039	144,039	144,039
Liabilities associated with assets classified as "held for sale"	400,000	144,000	144,036	144,036	144,056	144,036	144,036	144,036	144,036	144,000	144,000	144,036
Total Current Liabilities	5,321,000	5.347,816	6.058.581	5,597,279	5,635,070	5,706,966	5,780,911	5,873,510	5,867,580	5.871,272	5,967,053	5,819,756
	-,,	-,,	-,,	.,	-,,	-11		-,,	-,,	-,,	-,,	-,,
Non-Current Liabilities												
Payables				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Income received in advance				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contract liabilities				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	1,834,000	1,999,790	3,924,544	3,549,490	3,161,657	2,760,509	2.345,487	1,925,530	1,594,529	1,358,795	1,111,000	1,111,000
Borrowings Employee benefit provisions	641.000	238.018	238,018	238,018	238.018	238,018	238,018	238,018	238.018	238,018	238,018	238.018
Other provisions	76,000	397.961	397,961	397,961	397.961	397.961	397.961	397.961	397.961	397,961	397,961	397.961
Investments Accounted for using the equity method	70,000	007,007	007,007	007,007	100,100	007,001	100,100	100,100	007,001	100,100	100,100	100,100
Liabilities associated with assets classified as "held for sale"				_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Total Non-Current Liabilities	2,551,000	2,635,770	4,560,524	4,185,470	3,797,637	3,396,489	2,981,467	2,561,510	2,230,509	1,994,775	1,746,980	1,746,980
TOTAL LIABILITIES	7,872,000	7,983,586	10,619,104	9,782,749	9,432,707	9,103,454	8,762,378	8,435,019	8,098,089	7,866,047	7,714,032	7,566,736
Net Assets	286,354,000	287,015,804	286,480,538	286,525,406	286,852,671	287,278,370	287,557,650	287,677,442	287,659,106	287,430,433	287,070,882	286,506,841
FOURTY												
EQUITY	91,530,000	92.191.804	91.656.538	91,701,406	92.028.671	92,454,370	92.733.650	92.853.442	92,835,106	92,606,433	02 248 002	91.682.841
Retained Earnings Revaluation Reserves	91,530,000	194,824,000	194.824.000	194.824.000	194.824.000	92,454,370 194.824.000	194,824,000	194,853,442	194,824,000	194,824,000	92,246,882 194,824,000	194.824.000
Other Reserves	184,024,000	184,024,000	184,024,000	184,024,000	184,024,000	184,024,000	184,024,000	184,024,000	184,024,000	184,024,000	184,024,000	184,024,000
Council Equity Interest	286.354.000	287,015,804	286.480.538	286.525.406	286.852.671	287,278,370	287,557,650	287,677,442	287,659,106	287.430.433	287.070.882	286,506,841
			200,000,000									

Non-controlling equity interests			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Equity	286,354,000	287,015,804	286,480,538	286,525,406	286,852,671	287,278,370	287,557,650	287,677,442	287,659,106	287,430,433	287,070,882	286,506,841

Base Case Projected Balance Sheet - Sewer

Scenario: Base Case	Actuals 2021/22	Current Year 2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	Projected	Years 2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
ASSETS												
Current Assets												
Cash & Cash Equivalents	508,000	-	-	-	-	66,397	608,468	1,217,546	1,896,083	2,646,855	3,082,789	3,596,835
Investments	4,000,000	3,586,717	2,798,303	2,579,021	2,273,645	2,273,645	2,273,645	2,273,645	2,273,645	2,273,645	2,273,645	2,273,645
Receivables	433,000	450,871	459,546 10,558	468,867	478,400 10,752	488,189	497,605	507,711	518,070	138,735	143,846	149,145
Inventories	9,000	11,738	10,008	10,676	10,752	10,879	11,884	12,240	12,607	12,986	13,375	13,776
Contract assets and contract cost assets Other		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-current assets classified as "held for sale"												
Total Current Assets	4,950,000	4,049,327	3,268,407	3,058,564	2,762,797	2,839,109	3,391,602	4,011,142	4,700,405	5,072,221	5,513,655	6,033,401
Total Gallett 713503	1,000,000	1,010,027	0,200,107	0,000,001	2,702,707	2,000,100	0,001,002	.,0,2	1,700,100	0,072,221	0,010,000	0,000,101
Non-Current Assets												
Investments					_					_	_	
Receivables	2,922,000	2,574,970	2,223,130	1,866,083	1,503,751	1,136,057	762,921	384,263				
Inventories	_,,_	-,,	-,,	.,,	.,,	-	-		_	_	_	_
Contract assets and contract cost assets				_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment	46,351,000	47,577,000	49,019,000	49,963,000	51,076,000	51,897,000	52,221,310	52,538,863	52,849,592	53,153,428	53,450,302	53,740,145
Investment Property				-	-	-	-	-	-			
Intangible Assets				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Right of use assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments Accounted for using the equity method			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-current assets classified as "held for sale"				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Non-Current Assets	49,273,000	50,151,970	51,242,130	51,829,083	52,579,751	53,033,057	52,984,231	52,923,126	52,849,592	53,153,428	53,450,302	53,740,145
TOTAL ASSETS	54,223,000	54,201,297	54,510,537	54,887,647	55,342,548	55,872,166	56,375,833	56,934,268	57,549,997	58,225,649	58,963,957	59,773,546
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Bank Overdraft Payables			:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Income received in advance				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contract liabilities				-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities												
Borrowings					_		-		_			
Employee benefit provisions					_	_			_	_	_	_
Other provisions					_					_	_	
Liabilities associated with assets classified as "held for sale"				_	_	_		_				
Total Current Liabilities			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Non-Current Liabilities Pavables												
Income received in advance				-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Contract liabilities												
Lease liabilities					_							
Borrowings												
Employee benefit provisions				-		_				_		_
Other provisions					_	_	_					
Investments Accounted for using the equity method				_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Liabilities associated with assets classified as "held for sale"				_	_	_	_					
Total Non-Current Liabilities	-	-	-		-		-		-		-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Net Assets	54,223,000	54,201,297	54,510,537	54,887,647	55,342,548	55,872,166	56,375,833	56,934,268	57,549,997	58,225,649	58,963,957	59,773,546
EQUITY												
	10,641,000	10,619,297	10,928,537	11,305,647	11,760,548	12,290,166	12,793,833	13,352,268	13,967,997	14,643,649	15,381,957	16,191,546
Retained Earnings	43,582,000	43,582,000	43,582,000	43,582,000	43,582,000	43,582,000	43,582,000	43,582,000	43,582,000	43,582,000	43,582,000	43,582,000
Revaluation Reserves				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revaluation Reserves Other Reserves												
Revaluation Reserves	54,223,000	54,201,297	54,510,537	54,887,647	55,342,548	55,872,166	56,375,833	56,934,268	57,549,997	58,225,649	58,963,957	59,773,546
Revaluation Reserves Other Reserves	54,223,000	54,201,297	54,510,537	54,887,647	55,342,548	55,872,166	56,3/5,833	56,934,268	57,549,997	58,225,649	58,963,957	59,773,546
Revaluation Reserves Other Reserves	54,223,000	54,201,297	54,510,537 - 54,510,537			-	-	-			-	59,773,546

Base Case Projected Balance Sheet – Water

10 Year Financial Plan for the Years ending 30 June 2033 BALANCE SHEET - WATER FUND	0 atuals	Current Year					Desirates	. V				
Scenario: Base Case	Actuals 2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	Projected 2027/28	1 Years 2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33
octiano. Dase oase	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
ASSETS												
Current Assets												
Cash & Cash Equivalents	7,865,000										73,845	206,308
Investments	12,044,000	10,194,189	8,041,654	6,935,982	5,860,795	4,948,718	4,563,440	4,227,465	3,944,550	3,895,997	3,895,997	3,895,997
Receivables	254,000	235,306	244,023	253,432	263,151	273,181	267,436	276,796	286,484	296,511	306,889	317,630
Inventories	103,000	90,179	90,543	90,387	91,529	92,256	108,029	111,810	115,723	119,774	123,966	128,304
Contract assets and contract cost assets Other				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-current assets classified as "held for sale"				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Current Assets	20,266,000	10.519.674	8.376.220	7,279,801	6.215.476	5.314.155	4.938.905	4.616.072	4.346.758	4.312.282	4.400.697	4.548.239
	,,	15,215,21	3,512,222		-,,	-,,	-,,		.,,		.,,	.,,
Non-Current Assets												
Investments				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inventories		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contract assets and contract cost assets						-	-		-	-		
Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment	37,683,000	50,091,000	52,046,000	53,045,000	54,086,000	55,043,000	55,079,000	55,115,000	55,151,000	55,187,000	55,690,000	56,193,000
Investment Property	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intangible Assets				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Right of use assets				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments Accounted for using the equity method	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-current assets classified as "held for sale" Other	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Non-Current Assets	37.683.000	50.091.000	52.046.000	53,045,000	54,086,000	55.043.000	55,079,000	55,115,000	55,151,000	55,187,000	55.690.000	56,193,000
TOTAL ASSETS	57,949,000	60,610,674	60,422,220	60,324,801	60,301,476	60,357,155	60,017,905	59,731,072	59,497,758	59,499,282	60,090,697	60,741,239
LIABILITIES												
Current Liabilities												
Bank Overdraft												
Payables	248,000	197,394	198,156	198,954	199,845	200,741	201,046	202,039	203,066	204,129	205,229	206,367
Income received in advance		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contract liabilities	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	200 000	007.004	047.404	057.005	000 700	070.000	000 755	000.004	507.050	-	-	-
Borrowings	629,000	637,924	647,404	657,025	666,790	676,699	686,755	696,961	527,356	-	-	-
Employee benefit provisions	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other provisions Liabilities associated with assets classified as "held for sale"	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Current Liabilities	877,000	835,318	845.560	855,979	866.635	877.440	887,801	899.000	730.422	204.129	205.229	206,367
	,		0.0,000			,		,		221,120		200,000
Non-Current Liabilities												
Payables		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Income received in advance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contract liabilities		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities									-	-	-	-
Borrowings	5,197,000	4,558,990	3,911,586	3,254,561	2,587,771	1,911,072	1,224,317	527,356	-	-	-	-
Employee benefit provisions	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other provisions	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments Accounted for using the equity method	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Liabilities associated with assets classified as "held for sale" Total Non-Current Liabilities	E 407 000	4.558.990	2.044.500	3.254.561	2.587.771	4.044.070	4 004 047	507.050	-	-		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,197,000 6,074,000	5,394,308	3,911,586 4,757,146	4,110,540	3,454,406	1,911,072 2,788,512	1,224,317 2,112,118	527,356 1,426,356	730,422	204,129	205,229	206,367
Net Assets	51,875,000	55,216,366	55,665,074	56,214,261	56,847,070	57,568,643	57,905,787	58,304,716	58,767,336	59,295,153	59,885,468	60,534,872
EQUITY												
Retained Earnings	28,351,000	31,692,366	32,141,074	32,690,261	33,323,070	34,044,643	34,381,787	34,780,716	35,243,336	35,771,153	36,361,468	37,010,872
Revaluation Reserves	23,524,000	23,524,000	23,524,000	23,524,000	23,524,000	23,524,000	23,524,000	23,524,000	23,524,000	23,524,000	23,524,000	23,524,000
Other Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Council Equity Interest	51,875,000	55,216,366	55,665,074	56,214,261	56,847,070	57,568,643	57,905,787	58,304,716	58,767,336	59,295,153	59,885,468	60,534,872
n-controlling equity interests	51,875,000	55,216,366	55,665,074	56,214,261	56,847,070	57,568,643	57,905,787	58,304,716	58,767,336	59,295,153	59,885,468	60,534,87
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Base case Projected Cash Flow Statement – Consolidated

Berrigan Shire Council												
10 Year Financial Plan for the Years ending 30 June 2033												
CASH FLOW STATEMENT - CONSOLIDATED	Actuals	Current Year					Projected	d Years				
Scenario: Base Case	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/26	2026/26	2028/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33
Cash Flows from Operating Activities												
Rates & Annual Charges	11,240,000	11,410,356	11,793,509	12,245,549	12,713,216	13,197,838	13,532,582	14,017,447	14,534,564	15,070,517	15,625,990	16,201,697
User Charges & Fees	2,463,000	1,744,908	2,179,600	2,139,770	2,154,250	2,170,575	2,309,036	2,389,342	2,470,700	2,554,882	2,641,987	2,732,118
Investment & Interest Revenue Received	205,000	362,784	1,008,991	1,020,687	1,038,331	1,052,177	861,770	872,181	882,387	892,399	902,022	913,312
Grants & Contributions Bonds & Deposits Received	13,151,000 27,026,000	11,667,408	9,758,937	8,747,297	8,879,226	9,021,246	9,151,855	9,250,755	9,350,209	9,451,171	9,554,605	9,660,605
Other	1,960,000	702,700	607.353	562,194	563,756	562,171	577.917	597,919	612,979	632.884	648.629	669,790
Payments:												
Employee Benefits & On-Costs	(10,544,000)	(4,975,822)	(5,402,697)	(5,583,142)	(5,757,396)	(5,931,688)	(6,251,591)	(6,553,315)	(6,868,457)	(7,199,024)	(7,545,785)	(7,909,537)
Materials & Contracts	(7,273,000) (45,000)	(10,227,227) (83,873)	(10,407,122) (164,463)	(11,186,439) (140,565)	(10,870,833)	(10,984,576) (104,984)	(11,636,663) (87,122)	(12,009,067) (68,634)	(12,377,396) (49,473)	(12,812,820) (31,530)	(13,184,970) (18,823)	(13,619,789) (6,762)
Bonds & Deposits Refunded	(45,000)	(83,873)	(164,463)	(140,565)	(122,244)	(104,984)	(87,122)	(68,634)	(49,473)	(31,530)	(18,823)	(6,762)
Other	(27,714,000)	(497,447)	(2,250,493)	(672,058)	(699,905)	(730,904)	(747,693)	(766,697)	(786,446)	(805,717)	(827,963)	(849,681)
Net Cash provided (or used in) Operating Activities	10,469,000	10,103,788	7,123,615	7,133,294	7,898,401	8,251,855	7,710,092	7,729,930	7,769,065	7,751,761	7,795,692	7,791,755
Cash Flows from Investing Activities												
Receipts:												
Sale of Investment Securities		2,263,093	2,940,949	1,324,954	1,380,563	912,078	385,277	335,975	282,915	48,553	-	-
Sale of Investment Property				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of Real Estate Assets Sale of Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment	749,000 190,000	907.000	354.000	332.000	444.000	260.000	110.000	110,000	110,000	110,000	110.000	110,000
Sale of non-current assets classified as "held for sale"	150,000	507,000	354,000	332,000	-	200,000	110,000	- 10,000	110,000	110,000	- 110,000	- 110,000
Sale of Intangible Assets	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of Interests in Joint Ventures & Associates			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of Disposal Groups Deferred Debtors Receipts					0	0			0	0		- :
Distributions Received from Joint Ventures & Associates	-			-			-	-			-	-
Other Investing Activity Receipts	1,942,000		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payments:												
Purchase of Investment Securities Purchase of Investment Property					- :							- :
Purchase of Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment	(9,027,000)	(21,405,437)	(13,029,096)	(8,441,517)	(9,257,970)	(8,890,144)	(5,874,675)	(5,860,753)	(5,857,042)	(5,857,000)	(6,324,000)	(6,324,000)
Purchase of Real Estate Assets	(979,000)			•				-			-	-
Purchase of Intangible Assets				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Purchase of Interests in Joint Ventures & Associates Deferred Debtors & Advances Made		(329)						- :				
Contributions Paid to Joint Ventures & Associates		(323)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Investing Activity Payments	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Cash provided (or used in) investing Activities	(7,125,000)	(18,235,672)	(9,734,147)	(6,784,562)	(7,433,407)	(7,718,066)	(5,379,398)	(5,414,778)	(5,464,127)	(5,698,447)	(6,214,000)	(6,214,000)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities												
Proceeds from Borrowings & Advances		550,000	2,561,000	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Proceeds from Finance Leases				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Financing Activity Receipts Payments:				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Repayment of Borrowings & Advances	(644,000)	(658,709)	(833,301)	(773,660)	(675.033)	(692,291)	(710,153)	(728,641)	(738,260)	(474,094)	(235,734)	(247,795)
Repayment of lease liabilities (principal repayments)			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Distributions to non-controlling interests				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Financing Activity Payments				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Cash Flow provided (used in) Financing Activities	(644,000)	(108,709)	1,727,699	(773,660)	(675,033)	(692,291)	(710,153)	(728,641)	(738,260)	(474,094)	(235,734)	(247,795)
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents	2,700,000	(8,240,594)	(882,833)	(424,928)	(210,039)	(158,502)	1,620,541	1,586,511	1,566,678	1,579,221	1,345,958	1,329,960
plus: Cash & Cash Equivalents - beginning of year	14,684,000	17,384,000	9,143,406	8,260,573	7,835,645	7,625,606	7,467,104	9,087,645	10,674,156	12,240,834	13,820,055	15,166,013
Cash & Cash Equivalents - end of the year	17,384,000	9,143,408	8,280,573	7,835,846	7,825,808	7,487,104	9,087,846	10,874,168	12,240,834	13,820,066	15,168,013	18,486,973
Cash & Cash Equivalents - end of the year	17,384,000	9,143,406	8,260,573	7,835,645	7,625,606	7,467,104	9,087,645	10,674,156	12,240,834	13,820,055	15,166,013	16,495,973
Investments - end of the year	26,084,000	23,820,907	20,879,957	19,555,003	18,174,440	17,262,363	16,877,085	16,541,110	16,258,195	16,209,642	16,209,642	16,209,642
Cash, Cash Equivalents & Investments - end of the year	43,468,000	32,984,313	29,140,530	27,380,848	26,800,048	24,729,488	26,984,730	27,216,288	28,499,030	30,029,697	31,376,866	32,706,816
Representing:												
- External Restrictions	31,837,000	21,334,907	17,923,957	16,900,003	15,818,440	15,465,759	16,083,310	16,841,836	17,748,411	18,988,002	20,062,491	21,302,003
- Internal Restrictions	3,497,000	3,740,000	3,912,000	4,268,000	4,721,000	4,233,000	5,286,165	6,405,441	7,593,016	8,851,149	10,182,177	11,588,513
- Unrestricted	8,134,000 43,488,000	7,889,406	7,304,573 28,140,530	6,222,645 27,380,848	5,260,606 26,800,048	5,030,707 24,729,488	4,595,255 26,984,730	3,967,989 27,215,288	3,157,602	2,190,546	1,130,987	(184,901) 32,705,815
	40,400,000	02,004,013	20,140,630	21,000,048	20,000,046	24,720,466	20,004,780	21,210,266	20,400,030	30,020,007	91,010,000	02,700,010

Base Case Projected Cash Flow Statement – General

Berrigan Shire Council 10 Year Financial Plan for the Years ending 30 June 2033 CASH FLOW STATEMENT - GENERAL FUND	Actuals	Current Year					Projecte	1 Years				
Scenario: Base Case	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/26	2026/28	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33
Cash Flows from Operating Activities												
Receipts: Rates & Annual Charges		6,893,709	7,076,893	7,347,266	7,626,350	7,915,434	8,206,060	8,513,642	8.832.441	9,162,928	9.505,524	9,860,678
User Charges & Fees		860,910	1,237,732	1,196,771	1,210,251	1,224,577	1,258,929	1,303,195	1,347,442	1,393,238	1,440,637	1,489,696
Investment & Interest Revenue Received		106,784	544,991	548,687	551,331	558,176	548,905	553,952	558,673	563,073	566,958	572,377
Grants & Contributions		8,407,408	9,640,937	8,632,297	8,767,226	8,912,246	9,007,199	9,104,559	9,202,450	9,301,826	9,403,650	9,508,016
Bonds & Deposits Received				-	-	-		-	-	-	-	
Other Payments:		649,705	555,353	510,194	511,756	510,171	516,243	534,096	546,934	564,539	577,904	596,603
Employee Benefits & On-Costs		(4.892.822)	(5.349.697)	(5.530.142)	(5.704.395)	(5.878.688)	(6.188.388)	(6.487.268)	(6.799.438)	(7.126.899)	(7,470,414)	(7.830.774)
Materials & Contracts		(5,964,595)	(6,261,956)	(7,029,469)	(6,681,673)	(6,766,760)	(6,980,604)	(7,249,901)	(7,499,145)	(7,811,526)	(8,056,553)	(8,360,032)
Borrowing Costs		(48,536)	(133,411)	(113,862)	(99,954)	(87,175)	(73,860)	(59,986)	(45,509)	(31,876)	(18,823)	(6,762)
Bonds & Deposits Refunded Other	:	(494,447)	(2,247,493)	(669,058)	(696,905)	(727,904)	(744,192)	(763,079)	(782,707)	(802,853)	(823,970)	(845,555)
Net Cash provided (or used in) Operating Autivities		5,518,117	5,063,348	4.892.685	5.483.986	5.660.078	5.550.293	5.449.209	5,361,140	5.212.450	5,124,913	4,984,246
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		2,210,111	2,000,010	4,002,000	2,402,200	2,000,010	2,220,222	2,442,202	5,551,145	5,212,450	2,124,212	4,554,546
Receipts:												
Sale of Investment Securities Sale of Investment Property				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of Investment Property Sale of Real Estate Assets				- :				- :	- :		- :	
Sale of Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment		907,000	354,000	332,000	444,000	260,000	110,000	110,000	110,000	110,000	110,000	110,000
Sale of non-current assets classified as "held for sale"				-	-	-	-				-	
Sale of Intangible Assets		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of Interests in Joint Ventures & Associates Sale of Disposal Groups				-	-	-			-	-		-
Deferred Debtors Receipts								- 1	-			
Distributions Received from Joint Ventures & Associates				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Investing Activity Receipts		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payments:												
Purchase of Investment Securities Purchase of Investment Property												
Purchase of Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment		(6.471.437)	(8.319.096)	(5.171.517)	(5.762.970)	(5.757.144)	(4.180.675)	(4,166,753)	(4.163.042)	(4.163.000)	(4.163.000)	(4.163.000)
Purchase of Real Estate Assets					-	-	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				-	
Purchase of Intangible Assets				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Purchase of Interests in Joint Ventures & Associates				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred Debtors & Advances Made Contributions Paid to Joint Ventures & Associates				- :	- :	- :	- :	- :	- :			- :
Other Investing Activity Payments						_						
Net Cash provided (or used in) investing Autivities		(5.564,437)	(7.965.096)	(4.839.517)	(5.318.970)	(5,497,144)	(4.070.675)	(4.056.753)	(4.053.042)	(4.053.000)	(4.053.000)	(4,053,000)
		(5,554,451)	(1,505,050)	(4,035,517)	(5,316,316)	(5,451,144)	(4,010,015)	(4,030,733)	(4,033,042)	(4,033,000)	(4,033,000)	(4,055,000)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities Receipts:												
Proceeds from Borrowings & Advances		550,000	2,561,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from Finance Leases Other Financing Activity Receipts				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payments:				-	-	-	-					-
Repayment of Borrowings & Advances		(371,274)	(542,085)	(478,096)	(375,055)	(387,833)	(401,148)	(415,022)	(419,957)	(331,001)	(235,734)	(247,795)
Repayment of lease liabilities (principal repayments)				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Distributions to non-controlling interests Other Financing Activity Payments		:						- :				
Net Cash Flow provided (used in) Financing Activities		178,726	2,018,915	(478.096)	(375.055)	(387.833)	(401.148)	(415,022)	(419.957)	(331,001)	(235,734)	(247,795)
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents		132,406	(882,833)	(424.928)	(210,039)	(224.899)	1,078,469	977,434	888.141	828,449	836,179	683,451
plus: Cash & Cash Equivalents - beginning of year		9,011,000	9,143,406	8,260,573	7,835,645	7,625,606	7,400,707	8,479,176	9,456,610	10,344,751	11,173,200	12,009,379
Cash & Cash Equivalents - end of the year		8,143,408	8,280,673	7,836,846	7,825,808	7,400,707	8,479,178	9,458,610	10,344,761	11,173,200	12,009,379	12,692,830
Cash & Cash Equivalents - end of the year Investments - end of the year	9,011,000 10,040,000	9,143,406 10,040,000	8,260,573 10,040,000	7,835,645 10,040,000	7,625,606 10,040,000	7,400,707 10,040,000	8,479,176 10,040,000	9,456,610	10,344,751	11,173,200 10,040,000	12,009,379	12,692,830
Cash, Cash Equivalents & Investments - end of the year	19,061,000	19,183,408	18,300,673	17,876,846	17,886,808	17,440,707	18,619,176	19,496,610	20,384,761	21,213,200	22,049,379	22,732,830
Representing:												
- External Restrictions	7,420,000	7,554,000	7,084,000	7,385,000	7,684,000	8,177,000	8,637,756	9,123,180	9,634,133	10,171,505	10,736,215	11,329,218
- Internal Restrictions	3,497,000	3,740,000	3,912,000	4,268,000	4,721,000	4,233,000	5,286,165	6,405,441	7,593,016	8,851,149	10,182,177	11,588,513
- Unrestricted	8,134,000 19,061,000	7,889,406	7,304,573	6,222,645 17,876,846	5,260,606 17,885,808	5,030,707 17,440,707	4,595,255 18,619,178	3,967,989 19,498,610	3,157,602 20,384,761	2,190,546	1,130,987	(184,901) 22,732,830
	18,061,000	18,183,408	18,300,6/3	17,070,046	17,000,006	17,440,707	18,618,178	10,400,010	20,354,761	21,218,200	22,048,378	22,782,830

Base Case Projected Cash Flow Statement – Sewer

1	Berrigan Shire Council 10 Year Financial Plan for the Years ending 30 June 2033 CASH FLOW STATEMENT - SEWER FUND Scenario: Base Case	Actuals	Current Year	2023/24	2024/26	2026/28	2028/27	Projected	Years 2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33
Procedure Company Co	Scellatio, Dase Case												2002/00
Marcia Charges 2,324,032 2,349,877 2,469,878 2,469,778 2,469,778 2,469,788													
Uner Charges - Free			2 284 330	2 369 557	2 460 886	2 555 752	2 654 573	2 740 371	2 841 174	2 946 298	3 055 311	3 168 368	3 285 587
March Marc													99,862
Biotis Disposition Received Open Companies (1998) 1,000 1,00	Investment & Interest Revenue Received		131,297	216,240	214,110	211,901	209,618	213,215	212,547	211,918	211,330	210,784	216,054
Company			48,000	48,000	48,000	48,000	48,000	50,946	51,710	52,486	53,273	54,072	54,883
Payments Compared Courting Co-Occas (1786,126) (1786,12			1 005	1 000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1 102	1 122	1 160	1100	1 219	1 7/19
Marries Corrects - 1,92,736 1,734,825 1,74,110 1,734,827 1,734,826 1,74,127 1,744,826 1,142,727 1,142,826 1,125,70 1,145,826 1,125,70 1,145,826 1,125,70 1,145,826 1,145,927 1,142,826 1,142,927 1,142,826 1,142,927 1,142,826 1,142,927 1,142,826 1,142,927 1,142,826 1,142,927 1,142,826 1,142,927 1,142,826 1,142,927 1,142,826 1,142,927 1,142,826 1,142,927 1,142,826 1,142,927 1,142,826 1,142,927 1,142,826 1,142,927 1,142,826 1,142,927 1,142,826 1,142,927 1,142,826 1,142,927 1,142,826 1,142,927 1,142,926 1,142,927 1,142,926 1,142,927 1,142,926 1,142,927 1,142,926 1,142,927 1,142,926 1,142,927 1,142,926 1,142,927 1,142,926 1,142,927 1,142,926 1,142,927 1,142,926 1,142,927 1,142,926 1,142,927 1,142,926 1,142,927 1,142,926 1,142,927 1,142,926 1,142,927 1,142,926 1,142,927 1,142,926 1,142,927 1,142,926 1,142,927 1,142,926 1,142,927 1,142,926 1,142,927 1			1,555	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,103	1,132	1,160	1,103	1,219	1,245
Bornous Code			(30,000)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Boold Separation Remoded (1,200) (1,20			(1,902,738)	(1,758,820)	(1,774,118)	(1,783,076)	(1,798,126)	(1,918,273)	(1,959,932)	(2,003,519)	(2,048,413)	(2,094,658)	(2,142,283)
Committed for used in joereling Arbitrium Committed for used i					-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Cash provided (or used in) Operating Advitible Cash Flows from Investing Activities Resisting. 394,415 219,287 1,722,8718 1,712,977 1,794,596 1,774,379 1,295,371 1,299,379 1,344,109 1,335,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,335,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,335,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,335,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,335,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,335,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,335,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,335,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,335,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,335,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,335,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,345,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,345,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,345,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,345,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,345,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,345,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,345,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,345,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,345,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,345,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,345,341 1,345,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,345,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,345,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,345,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,345,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,345,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,345,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,345,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,345,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,345,341 1,339,379 1,344,109 1,345,341 1,339,379 1,344,341 1,345,3			(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1.000)	(1,126)	(1,160)	(1.195)	(1,231)	(1,268)	(1,306)
Cash From from Investing Activities Base of Investment Recruites													
Resemble:		-	605,395	954,877	1,028,878	1,112,577	1,194,065	1,174,378	1,235,941	1,299,879	1,366,509	1,435,934	1,514,046
Date of investment Decumes													
Base of Intestition Frogery			413,283	788,415	219,282	305,376	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Date of Instructions Progress, Progr					-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Date of Industry Activities 1 Associates					-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Base of Intersion but Ventures & Associates Defense Control (1,500,000)					-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Date of Teneral In Jone Vertices A associates Defend Celebra Receives Payments: Payments:					- 1	- :	- :	- 1		- 1		- :	- :
Defense Destrors Receipts 341,551 346,708 351,840 357,647 362,332 367,864 373,156 378,568 334,263 -					-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Distributions Received from Joint Vertures & Associates Cheer Investing Activity Receipts Payments: Purchase of Internative Receipts Receipts: Proceeds from Brinancing Activities Receipts: Proceeds from Brinancial Receipts Proceeds from B					-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Investing Activity Recepts Pyriments: Pyriments			341,651	346,708	351,840	357,047	362,332	367,694	373,136	378,658	384,263	-	-
Payments: Purchase of Investment Decurities Purchase of Investment Decurities Purchase of Investment Plagraght Purchase of Investmen					-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Purchase of Investment Property Purchase of Investment Frogerty, Part & Equipment Purchase of Investment Frogerty Purchase of Investment Froge					-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Purchase of Informative Chine Property, Frant & Equipment - (1,866,000) (2,990,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (1,000,000) (1	Purchase of Investment Securities				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Purchase of Real Estate Assets Purchase of Interests in Joint Ventures & Associates Contributions Paint to Joint Ventures & Associates (1,11) 1,11 1,11 1,11 1,11 1,11 1,11 1,1					-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Purchase of Intanglie Assets Purchase of Determed & Associates Determed Determs & Advances Made Onthe Investing Activities Onthe Investing Activities Individual of Purchase of Intended or used in Investing Activities Recipitor Cash Flows from Financing Activities Recipitor Proceeds from Borrowings & Advances Proceeds from Forance Lease Proceeds from Forance Lease Proceeds from Forance Lease Proceeds from Forance Lease Distributions to non-controlling interests Distributions to non-controlling interests Net Cash Provided (used in) Financing Activities Replyment of Borrowings & Advances Proceeds from Forance Lease Septement of Borrowings & Advances Proceeds from Forance Lease Septement of Borrowings & Advances Proceeds from Forance Lease Septement of Borrowings & Advances Proceeds from Forance Lease Septement of Borrowings & Advances Proceeds from Forance Lease Septement of Borrowings & Advances Proceeds from Forance Lease Septement of Borrowings & Advances Proceeds from Forance Lease Septement of Borrowings & Advances Septement of Borrowings & Septement of Septement Septement of Septement of Septement Septement of Septement of Septement Septement of Septement Septement Septement of Septement Septement of Septement Septemen			(1,868,000)	(2,090,000)	(1,600,000)	(1,775,000)	(1,490,000)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)
Purchase of Interests in Joint Ventures & Associates Contributions Paids to Joint Ventures & Associates Contributions Contrib				1					-				-
Control Cont					-	-		-			-	-	
Net Cash provided (or used in) Investing Activities Cash Flows from Financing Activities C			(329)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Cash provided (or used in) Investing Activities Cash Flows from Financing Activities Receipts: Proceeds from Borrowings & Advances Proceeds from Financing Activity Receipts Payments: Receipts: Payments: Respayment of Borrowings & Advances Other Financing Activity Receipts Payments: Respayment of Borrowings & Advances Other Financing Activity Receipts Other Financing Activities Other Financing Activity Receipts Other Financing Activity Receipts Other Financing Activity Receipts Other Financing Activities Other Finan					-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash Flows from Financing Activities Receipts: Proceeds from Borrowings & Advances Proceeds from Finance Lesses Proceeds from Financ	Other Investing Activity Payments				-		-		-			•	-
Reciptic: Proceeds from Borrowings & Advances Proceeds from Borrowings & Advances Proceeds from Finance Leases Coher Finance, Activity Recipts Payments: Repayment of Borrowings & Advances Repayment of Borrowings & Repayment Re	Net Cash provided (or used in) investing Activities		(1,113,395)	(954,877)	(1,028,878)	(1,112,577)	(1,127,668)	(632,306)	(626,864)	(621,342)	(615,737)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)
Proceeds from Finance Leases													
Other Financing Activity Receipts Payments Paymen					-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment of Borrowings & Advances Repayment of lease liabilities (principal repayments) Distributions to non-controlling interests Other Financing Activity Payments Net Cach Flow provided (used in) Financing Activities Net Increase((Decreace) in Cach & Cach Equivalents (508,000) (0) (0) (0) (0) (0) (0) (0)		-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Resignment of Borrowings & Advances Resignment of Borrowings & Advances Resignment of lease liabilities (principal repayments) Distributions to non-comboling interests Other Financing Activity Payments Net Cach Flow provided (used in) Financing Activities Net Cach Requivalents -					-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Repsyment of lease liabilities (principal repayments) Distributions to non-controlling interests Other Financing Activity Payments Net Cash Flow provided (used in) Financing Activities						-			-	-	-	-	-
Other Financing Activity Payments Net Cach Flow provided (used in) Financing Activities - (509,000) 0 (0) - 66,397 542,072 609,077 678,537 750,772 435,934 514,046 plus: Cach & Cach Equivalents - beginning of year - 508,000 - 0 0 0 66,397 608,468 1,217,546 1,896,083 2,646,855 3,082,789 Cach & Cach Equivalents - end of the year - 0 0 0 0 68,387 808,488 1,217,648 1,896,083 2,848,866 3,082,789 3,696,835 Investments - end of the year - 0 0 0 0 68,387 608,468 1,217,648 1,896,083 2,848,866 3,082,789 3,696,835 Investments - end of the year - 0 0 0 0 66,397 608,488 1,217,648 1,896,083 2,848,866 3,082,789 3,696,835 Investments - end of the year - 0 0 0 0 66,397 608,488 1,217,648 1,896,083 2,848,866 3,082,789 3,696,835 Investments - end of the year - 0 0 0 0 66,397 608,488 1,217,648 1,896,083 2,848,866 3,082,789 3,696,835 Investments - end of the year - 0 0 0 0 66,397 608,488 1,217,648 1,896,083 2,848,866 3,082,789 3,696,835 Investments - end of the year - 0 0 0 0 66,397 608,488 1,217,648 1,896,083 2,848,866 3,082,789 3,596,835 Investments - end of the year - 0 0 0 0 66,397 608,488 1,217,648 1,896,083 2,848,866 3,082,789 3,596,835 Investments - end of the year - 0 0 0 0 66,397 608,488 1,217,648 1,896,083 2,848,866 3,082,789 3,596,835 Investments - end of the year - 0 0 0 0 66,397 608,488 1,217,648 1,896,083 2,848,866 3,082,789 3,596,835 Investments - end of the year - 0 0 0 0 66,397 608,488 1,217,648 1,896,083 2,848,866 3,082,789 3,596,835 Investments - end of the year - 0 0 0 0 66,397 608,488 1,217,648 1,896,083 2,848,866 3,082,789 3,596,835 Investments - end of the year - 0 0 0 0 66,397 608,488 1,217,648 1,896,083 2,848,866 3,082,789 3,596,835 Investments - end of the year - 0 0 0 0 66,397 608,488 1,217,648 1,896,083 2,848,866 3,082,789 3,596,835 Investments - end of the year - 0 0 0 0 66,397 608,488 1,217,648 1,896,083 2,848,866 3,082,789 3,596,835 Investments - end of the year - 0 0 0 0 66,397 608,488 1,217,648 1,896,083 2,848,866 3,082,789 3,596,835 Investments - end of the year	Repayment of lease liabilities (principal repayments)			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Increase Decrease In Cach & Cach Equivalents -					-								
Net increase In Cash & Cash Equivalents													
Plus: Cach & Cach Equivalents - beginning of year - 508,000 - 0 0 0 65,397 608,468 1,217,546 1,896,083 2,546,855 3,082,789 Cach & Cach Equivalents - end of the year - 0 0 0 0 88,387 608,468 1,217,646 1,896,083 2,646,855 3,082,789 3,598,836 Cash & Cach Equivalents - end of the year - 0 0 0 66,397 608,468 1,217,546 1,896,083 2,546,855 3,082,789 3,598,836 Investments - end of the year - 4,000,000 3,586,717 2,798,303 2,579,021 2,273,645 2	Net Cash Flow provided (used in) Financing Activities		-		-		-		-	-	-		-
Cash & Cash Equivalents - end of the year	Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents		(508,000)	0	(0)	-	66,397	542,072	609,077	678,537	750,772	435,934	514,046
Cash & Cash Equivalents - end of the year 508,000 3,586,717 2,798,303 2,579,021 2,273,645 2,273,	plus: Cash & Cash Equivalents - beginning of year		508,000		0	0	0	66,397	608,468	1,217,546	1,896,083	2,646,855	3,082,789
Investments - end of the year 4,000,000 3,586,717 2,788,303 2,579,021 2,273,645 2,273,	Cash & Cash Equivalents - end of the year			0	0	0	88,397	608,468	1,217,648	1,898,083	2,848,866	3,082,789	3,696,835
Investments - end of the year 4,000,000 3,586,717 2,788,303 2,579,021 2,273,645 2,273,													
Investments - end of the year 4,000,000 3,586,717 2,788,303 2,579,021 2,273,645 2,273,	Cash & Cash Soulvalents - and of the year	200 002					65 307	EN0 450	1 217 545	1 995 003	2 640 000	3 092 709	3 595 935
Cash, Cash Equivalents & Investments - end of the year 4,508,000 3,588,717 2,788,303 2,578,021 2,273,845 2,340,042 2,882,113 3,491,190 4,189,728 4,920,500 5,356,434 5,870,480 Representing: - External Restrictions 4,508,000 3,586,717 2,798,303 2,579,021 2,273,645 2,340,042 2,882,113 3,491,190 4,169,728 4,920,500 5,356,434 5,870,480			3.586.717										
- External Restrictions													6,870,480
- External Restrictions	Papraconting												
- Internal Restrictions 4,508,000 3,586,717 2,798,303 2,579,021 2,273,645 2,340,042 2,882,113 3,491,190 4,169,728 4,920,500 5,356,434 5,870,480 - Unrestricted					_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
- Unrestricted -		4,508,000	3,586,717	2,798,303	2,579,021	2,273,645	2,340,042	2,882,113	3,491,190	4,169,728	4,920,500	5,356,434	5,870,480
4,608,000 3,688,717 2,788,303 2,678,021 2,273,846 2,840,042 2,882,113 3,481,190 4,188,728 4,820,600 6,368,434 6,870,480	- Unrestricted												
		4,508,000	3,686,717	2,798,303	2,679,021	2,273,846	2,340,042	2,882,113	3,491,190	4,169,728	4,920,600	6,358,434	5,870,480

Cash Flow Statement – Water

Berrigan Shire Council 10 Year Financial Plan for the Years ending 30 June 2033 CASH FLOW STATEMENT - WATER FUND	Actuals	Current Year					Projected	Years				
Scenario: Base Case	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/26	2026/28	2028/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33
Cash Flows from Operating Activities												
Receipts: Rates & Annual Charges		2.232.317	2,347,059	2,437,398	2,531,114	2,627,830	2,586,151	2,662,632	2,755,825	2,852,279	2,952,109	3,055,432
User Charges & Fees		810,486	861,967	862,999	863,999	865,999	961,966	995,677	1,030,526	1,066,593	1,103,923	1,142,560
Investment & Interest Revenue Received		173,000	291,000	296,000	308,000	312,000	121,905	122,495	123,087	123,682	124,280	124,881
Grants & Contributions Bonds & Deposits Received		3,212,000	70,000	67,000	64,000	61,000	93,710	94,486	95,273	96,072	96,883	97,706
Other		51,000	51,000	51,000	51,000	51,000	60,571	62,691	64,885	67,156	69,506	71,939
Payments:												
Employee Benefits & On-Costs Materials & Contracts		(53,000) (2,359,894)	(53,000) (2,386,345)	(53,000) (2,382,852)	(53,000) (2,406,084)	(53,000) (2,419,690)	(63,203) (2,737,786)	(66,047) (2,799,235)	(69,019) (2,874,732)	(72,125) (2.952.880)	(75,371) (3,033,760)	(78,763) (3,117,473)
Borrowing Costs		(83,634)	(74,292)	(64,813)	(55,191)	(45,427)	(35,517)	(25,461)	(15,255)	(5,341)	(3,033,760)	(3,117,473)
Bonds & Deposits Refunded		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other		(2,000)	(2,000)	(2,000)	(2,000)	(2,000)	(2,375)	(2,458)	(2,544)	(2,633)	(2,725)	(2,820)
Net Cash provided (or used in) Operating Activities	-	3,980,275	1,105,389	1,211,732	1,301,838	1,397,712	985,422	1,044,780	1,108,046	1,172,803	1,234,845	1,293,463
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Receipts:												
Receipts: Sale of investment Securities		1,849,811	2,152,535	1,105,672	1,075,187	912,078	385,277	335,975	282,915	48,553	_	
Sale of Investment Property				-	-	-	-			-	-	-
Sale of Real Estate Assets	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment Sale of non-current assets classified as "held for sale"												
Sale of Intangible Assets			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of Interests in Joint Ventures & Associates			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of Disposal Groups Deferred Debtors Receipts			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Distributions Received from Joint Ventures & Associates				- :	- :	- :		- :		- :	- 1	
Other Investing Activity Receipts			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payments:												
Purchase of Investment Securities Purchase of Investment Property										-	-	
Purchase of Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment		(13,066,000)	(2,620,000)	(1,670,000)	(1,720,000)	(1,643,000)	(694,000)	(694,000)	(694,000)	(694,000)	(1,161,000)	(1,161,000)
Purchase of Real Estate Assets			-	-		-		-	-			
Purchase of Intangible Assets			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Purchase of Interests in Joint Ventures & Associates Deferred Debtors & Advances Made						- :					- :	
Contributions Paid to Joint Ventures & Associates				-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	_
Other Investing Activity Payments			-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Cash provided (or used in) investing Activities	-	(11,216,189)	(467,465)	(564,328)	(644,813)	(730,922)	(308,723)	(358,025)	(411,085)	(645,447)	(1,161,000)	(1,161,000)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities												
Proceeds from Borrowings & Advances			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from Finance Leases			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Financing Activity Receipts Payments:			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Repayment of Borrowings & Advances		(629,086)	(637,924)	(647,404)	(657,025)	(666,790)	(676,699)	(686,755)	(696,961)	(527,356)	-	-
Repayment of lease liabilities (principal repayments)			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Distributions to non-controlling Interests Other Financing Activity Payments	:	:	:	:	:	- :	- :	- :	:	:	:	:
Net Cash Flow provided (used in) Financing Activities	-	(629,086)	(637,924)	(647,404)	(657,025)	(666,790)	(676,699)	(686,755)	(696,961)	(527,356)	-	-
Net Increase/(Decrease) In Cash & Cash Equivalents		(7,865,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73,845	132,463
plus: Cash & Cash Equivalents - beginning of year		7,865,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73,845
Cash & Cash Equivalents - end of the year			-								73,846	208,308
Cash & Cash Equivalents - end of the year	7,865,000						_	_	_		73,845	206,308
Investments - end of the year	12,044,000	10,194,189	8,041,654	6,935,982	5,860,795	4,948,718	4,563,440	4,227,465	3,944,550	3,895,997	3,895,997	3,895,997
Cash, Cash Equivalents & Investments - end of the year	19,909,000	10,194,189	8,041,864	6,936,982	6,880,786	4,948,718	4,583,440	4,227,486	3,944,660	3,896,997	3,969,842	4,102,306
Panracentina:												
Representing: - External Restrictions		22,000	22,000	22,000	22,000	22,000	22,000	22,000	22,000	22,000	22.000	22.000
- Internal Restrictions	19,909,000	10,172,189	8,019,654	6,913,982	5,838,795	4,926,718	4,541,440	4,205,465	3,922,550	3,873,997	3,947,842	4,080,305
- Unrestricted	19,909,000	10,194,189	8.041,854	8,936,982	6.880.786	4,948,718	4,583,440	4.227.486	3.944,660	3,896,997	3,969,842	4,102,306
	10,000,000	10,184,188	8,041,004	6,836,862	0,000,706	4,040,718	4,000,440	4,227,466	3,544,000	3,000,007	3,868,842	4,102,306

Financial Strategy 2023/2024



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Executive Summary

The Financial Strategy has been prepared as part of Berrigan Shire Council's overall Integrated Planning and Reporting model. Along with the Asset Management Strategy, the Financial Strategy is designed to inform the preparation of the Council's Long Term Financial Plan (LTFP), itself a part of the Council's Resourcing Strategy.

The financial strategy provides guidance on the financial 'assumptions' or objectives that will guide the development of the LTFP. By establishing a financial strategy, the Council demonstrates how it wishes to progress and the goals it aspires to achieve.

As with everything that Berrigan Shire Council does, this Strategy has been prepared to help Council achieve its stated purpose:

'Building an even better Berrigan Shire'

The Financial Strategy can be broken down into the following components:

- A brief review of the Council's current position demographically, economically and financially
- A brief analysis of the Council's activities and future plans
- especially the Community Strategic Plans and the Asset Management Plans.
- A set of financial objectives that the Council aims to achieve while delivering on its future plans
- Actions that will assist in meeting financial objectives
- A set of indicators and targets to measure progress against the **objectives**.

Objectives

The Financial Strategy identifies four key objectives:

- 1. Financial sustainability
- 2. Maintenance of infrastructure service levels
- 3. Financial capacity and freedom
- 4. Economic and community growth

Actions

To achieve these objectives, the Council has identified 17 core actions.

1.2	Prepare Capital Expenditure Reviews, including an assessment of lifecycle costs, for all new and/or upgraded infrastructure assets – with the exception of upgrades of roads, water mains and sewer mains.
1.3	Resist the pressure to fund services that are the responsibility of other levels of government.
1.4	Retain control of urban water supply and sewer services.
1.5	Recognise that funding for renewal and upgrading of sport, recreation and cultural infrastructure requires a combination of Council funding, community support and preferably some contribution from other levels of government.
1.6	Seek methods of achieving a return (or at least minimise ratepayer subsidy) on business activities such as the Finley Saleyards, Tocumwal Caravan Park and Tocumwal Aerodrome. Subsidies to programs not directly related to core Council services should be regularly reviewed.
1.7	Encourage and support the existing model of community provision and operation of sport, recreation and cultural infrastructure.
1.8	Actively lobby the State and Federal Governments to retain existing grant funding levels for road maintenance and upgrades.
2.1	Prepare and review its Asset Management Strategy and its Asset Management Plans for the Council's major infrastructure assets annually as part of annual budget preparation.
2.2	Prioritise the renewal of existing assets over the development and delivery of new services.
2.3	Implement a Borrowing Policy that allows the Council to borrow only for the development of infrastructure where 1. There is an urgent need for the asset in the short term, or It is most cost-effective to construct the asset in the short term (as opposed to waiting until sufficient on-hand funds are available), and a) The Council has access to a funding stream to meet its debt obligations without compromising its other activities, or To create economic growth and development
3.1	Look to improve investment returns while managing investment risk through a diverse and secure investment portfolio
3.2	Continue to actively recover outstanding rates debt as identified in the Council's Revenue Policy.
3.3	Set utility charges for water supply, sewer and waste management services at a level that delivers a return on those assets sufficient to ensure long term sustainability.
3.4	Consider seeking a Special Rates Variation where there is a clearly identified demand for new or significantly improved service levels. Consideration should also be given to the extended lead time and the cost involved in seeking a variation.
4.1	Where appropriate and affordable, invest in community and infrastructure assets which directly boost the local economy and create employment.
4.2	Actively look for grant funds to deliver improved community amenity

Performance Measures

Berrigan Shire Council will measure whether or not this strategy achieves its objectives using following indicators and performance measures.

These measures have been selected as ones common across local government and able to be derived simply from the Council's existing financing reporting systems.

Financial Strategy	Possible Indicators	Performance Measures/Target
Objectives		
1. Financial sustainability	Operating Performance Ratio	Greater than 0% across any five year
	Unrestricted Current Ratio	period
	Rates, Annual Charges, Interest and Extra	At least 1.5X
	Charges Outstanding Percentage	To remain under 10% as at 30 June each
		year
2. Cost effective maintenance of	Building, Infrastructure & Other Structures	To remain over 100% on average over the
infrastructure service levels	Renewals Ratio	life of the LTFP.
	Infrastructure Backlog Ratio	Less than 2%
	Asset Maintenance Ratio	To remain over 100% on average over the
		life of the LTFP.
3. Financial capacity and freedom	Debt Service Cover Ratio	Greater than 2X
	Cash Expense Cover Ratio	Greater than 3 months

Statutory and Regulatory Environment

Berrigan Shire Council is a body politic of NSW, Australia and constituted as a local government area by proclamation and duly empowered by the *Local Government Act 1993* (LGA)

The LGA, along with the associated *Local Government* (*General*) *Regulation 200*5 provides the Council with the authority to raise and collect funds and to expend those funds as required to fulfil its functions. The Council also has a range of obligations under other legislation.

The Council is also bound by other guidelines issued by the Office of Local Government including:

- The Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting (issued annually)
- Capital Expenditure Guidelines
- Local Government Borrowing Order 13 May 2009
- Debt Management and Hardship Guidelines
- Local Government Investment Order 12 January 2011
- Investment Policy Guidelines
- Council Rating and Revenue Raising Manual
- Stormwater Management Service Charge Guidelines
- Tendering Guidelines
- Integrated Planning and Reporting Manual

The LGA requires the Council to undertake an Integrated Planning and Reporting (IP&R) process. This includes the preparation of a Long Term Financial Plan (LTFP). The LTFP is to be used to inform decision making on the Council's other integrated plans and has a minimum 10- year duration. It must be updated annually.

The Council's ability to raise revenue is highly constrained by regulation. The Council is only permitted to increase its general income - for Berrigan Shire, this is its ordinary rate levy - by a maximum percentage each year. This maximum percentage is known as the rate peg. The rate peg is set annually by the Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal (IPART).

Councils wishing to increase general income by an amount over the rate peg must seek approval from IPART for a Special Rates Variation (SRV). This is a costly and time-consuming process effectively working as a deterrent.

Where are we now?

Berrigan Shire is a rural community on the New South Wales and Victorian border with an economy based largely around irrigated agriculture and to a lesser extent, tourism. The Shire has an estimated population of 8,750, growing at around 1% per annum.

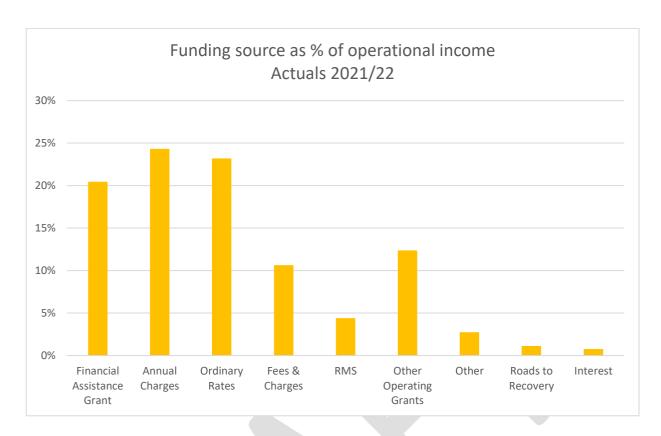
Berrigan Shire has four towns. The Murray River border towns of Tocumwal and Barooga support a range of tourism, leisure and lifestyle services while the "inland" towns of Berrigan and Finley service the surrounding dry land and irrigated farming districts.

Drought and the impact of the implementation of the Murray-Darling Basin Plan have had a significant impact on the economy of Berrigan and Finley. Recent population growth has been in the Murray River border townships of Barooga and Tocumwal attracting families to lifestyle blocks and retirees from metropolitan Melbourne.

The COVID-19 pandemic and the subsequent closure of State borders and other restrictions highlighted Berrigan Shire's dependence on Victoria for its services, for its markets, for its visitors and for its future residents.

Funding

The figures on the following pages provide a summary of the source of Council's funds. The overwhelming majority of the Council's income is subject to rate pegging or external regulation or control.



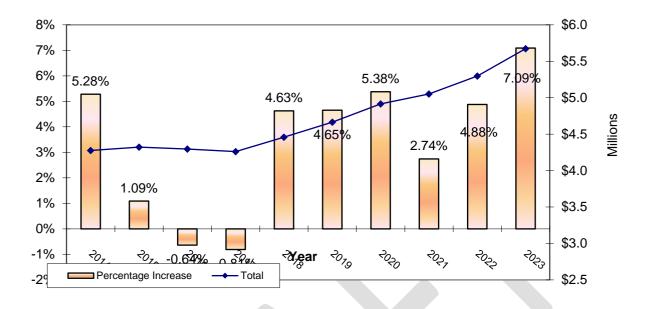
There has been some discussion at NSW Government level about modifying the formula to provide more of the NSW allocation to smaller, rural Councils. This does not appear to have led to any appetite for change at this stage.

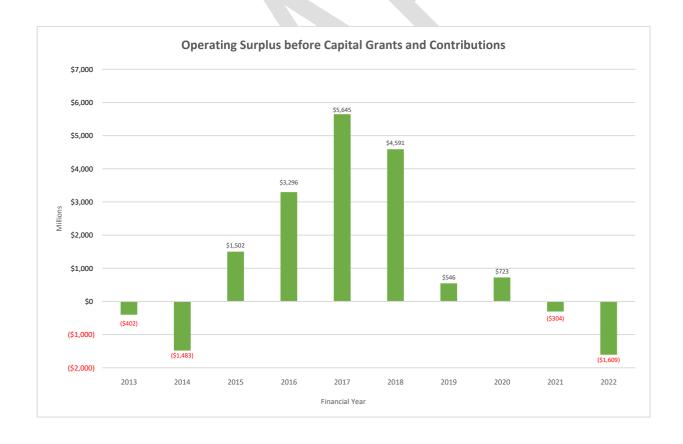
In recent years, the Federal Government has made a habit of paying up to 50% of the Council's allocation in advance. For the purposes of the Council, this makes little difference in the use of these funds and this strategy assumes the funds will be used in the year for which they are allocated, rather than the year in which they are received.

Council anticipates moderate growth in rateable properties. However, growth in the Council's Ordinary Rate Revenue will need to come from Rate Peg increases set by the Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal (IPART). Since 2013/14, Rate Peg allowances have ranged between permissible increases of 1.5% and 3.7%. The Council does not expect the Rate Peg to move much outside the lower end of this range.

Berrigan Shire Council has little control over the amoun of Financial Assistance Grant (FAG) it receives, with a complex formula distributing the State-wide amount se by the Federal Government across NSW Councils.

Berrigan Shire Council Financial Assistance Grant





Berrigan Shire Council uses Roads to Recovery (R2R) and Transport for NSW (TfNSW) funding to maintain its extensive rural and urban road network. Any reduction in the amount of these grants will significantly impact the Council's ability to maintain its existing road infrastructure service levels.

TfNSW Block Grant funding increases are not keeping up with the increased cost of road maintenance, repair and construction. This is putting pressure on the Council's budget and works program.

The Federal Government in particular has increased funding for programs such as R2R in recent years as part of the general trend to reduce general purpose unpaid grants and increase tied funds for projects such as road construction. The Council expects this trend to continue – meaning capital works on roads will continue to increase while other projects such as upgrades of community facilities may be left behind unless specific grant funding can be found.

The past three years has seen both the Federal and NSW Governments develop large-scale infrastructure grant programs. This has included:

- Stronger Country Communities (NSW)
- Drought Communities Programme (Federal)
- Local Roads and Community Infrastructure
 Program (Federal)
- Regional Growth Environment and Tourism Fund (NSW)

While this additional income is welcome, it is mostly tied to specific capital projects. It does, however, allow the Council to upgrade and replace ageing infrastructure and - increasingly - allow the Council to provide increased amenity to help attract visitors and residents.

Approximately 30% of Council's revenue is derived from its utility services and investments. Utility charges for water supply, sewer and waste management services are set at a level that delivers a return on those assets.

Interest and investment income makes up around 1% of the Council's total revenue. The Council traditionally takes a conservative approach to investment income. Berrigan Shire Council's Investment Policy 2022 makes the following statement.

While preservation of capital is the principal objective of the investment portfolio, Council will look to improve its returns inside its statutory and prudential obligations Investments are to be placed in a manner that seeks to ensure security and safeguarding the investment portfolio. This includes managing credit, interest rate and reinvestment risk within identified thresholds and parameters.

Investments should be allocated to ensure there is sufficient liquidity to meet all reasonably anticipated cash flow requirements, as and when they fall due, without incurring the risk of significant costs due to the unanticipated sale of an investment.

Council will also identify funds that are not required for an extended period and invest these for longer terms if advantageous. Investments are expected to achieve a market average rate of return in line with the Council's risk tolerance.

Operating Results

Over the past 10 years, the Council has moved to a position where it ordinarily makes an operating profit after capital grants and contributions. This position can jump around somewhat from year-to-year - generally as operating grants fluctuate.

The recent, but persistent, habit of the Federal Government paying a portion of the Financial Assistance Grant in advance each year creates a distortion in the Council's operating result - artificially inflating the operating result when first implemented but artificially deflating it when it ceases.

Ongoing CPI increases will make it increasingly hard for Council to make operating surplus' going forward.

While preservation of capital is the principal objective of the investment portfolio, Council will look to improve its returns inside its statutory and prudential obligations Investments are to be placed in a manner that seeks to ensure security and safeguarding the investment portfolio. This includes managing credit, interest rate and reinvestment risk within identified thresholds and parameters.

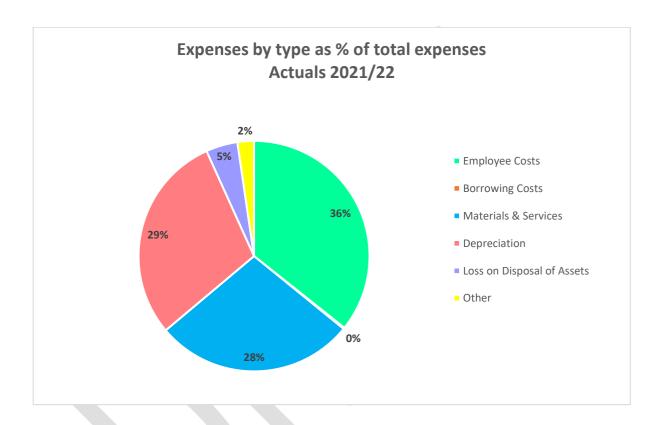
Investments should be allocated to ensure there is sufficient liquidity to meet all reasonably anticipated cash flow requirements, as and when they fall due, without incurring the risk of significant costs due to the unanticipated sale of an investment.

Council will also identify funds that are not required for an extended period and invest these for longer terms if advantageous. Investments are expected to achieve a market average rate of return in line with the Council's risk tolerance.

Expenses

The chart below provides a summary of the Council's operating expenses by type. Materials and Services, Depreciation and Employee Costs make up the majority of the Council's operating costs.

As can be seen, the largest expenditure item for the Council is employee costs – overwhelmingly consisting of wages and salaries.



The Council's wages and salaries expense is influenced by two major factors:

- The number of staff employed
- The wage and salary rates payable

Council understands the assumptions of the current Workforce Development Plan do not reflect the current reality of local government nor the employment market in which it is operating. Council will therefore undertake a comprehensive review of its Workforce Development Plan during the 2023/2024 financial year.

The burden placed on the Council to meet requirements from other levels of government continues to grow. As these regulatory and reporting requirements grow, it starts to impact on the Council's ability to actually deliver service.

Berrigan Shire Council operates under the NSW Local Government (State) Award 2020. The Award sets out the annual increase in wage rates and salaries that the Council is obliged to pay its workforce. The annual increase has not yet been agreed for 2023/24.

Materials and contracts will increase as a result of inflation. The Reserve Bank has indicated its mediumterm target for inflation is between 2-3% on average, as measured by the Consumer Price Index. Given the unique cost pressures on local government, for the Council's purposes, the Local Government Cost Index prepared by IPART provides a better guide to inflation.

Berrigan Shire Council uses Roads to Recovery (R2R) and Transport for NSW (TfNSW) funding to maintain its extensive rural and urban road network. Any reduction in the amount of these grants will significantly impact the Council's ability to maintain its existing road infrastructure service levels.

TfNSW Block Grant funding increases are not keeping up with the increased cost of road maintenance, repair and construction. This is putting pressure on the Council's budget and works program.

On the revenue side, the Council makes the assumption that the rate peg will continue to be set in reference to the Local Government Cost Index (i.e. a measure of inflation). It also makes the assumption that—FAG will be increased more-or-less in line with inflation.

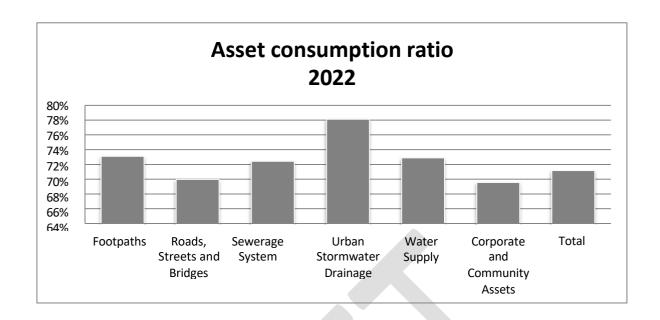
Depreciation expense is simply a method of allocating the cost of assets across multiple accounting periods (i.e. financial years) and as such is discussed in detail in the Asset Management section below.

Asset condition

One method of assessing the condition of the Council's assets is to measure how much the Council asset has been depreciated down from its "as new" condition. This gives a rough guide as to how much of the original service potential or productive capacity remains in the asset.

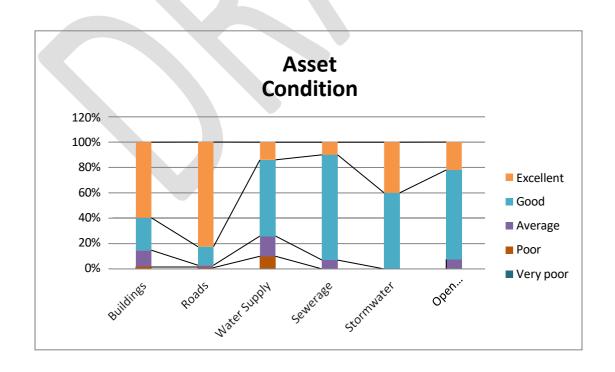
The productive capacity measurement is done by dividing the written down value of the asset (the fair value of the asset less accumulated depreciation) by the fair value of the asset. This is called the Asset Consumption Ratio.

The Asset Consumption ratios of Council's assets at 30 June 2022 are shown below. The Asset Consumption Ratio shows the average proportion of "as new condition" left in assets by comparing the "written down" value of the Council's assets – replacement cost less the depreciation charged to the asset over time – against the replacement of the Council's assets. An asset with a 100% ratio is in "brand new" condition while one at 0% has been fully depreciated over time.



Another method of measuring the condition of the Council's assets is to make a technical assessment of their condition using measures such as number of faults or breaks along with some professional judgement.

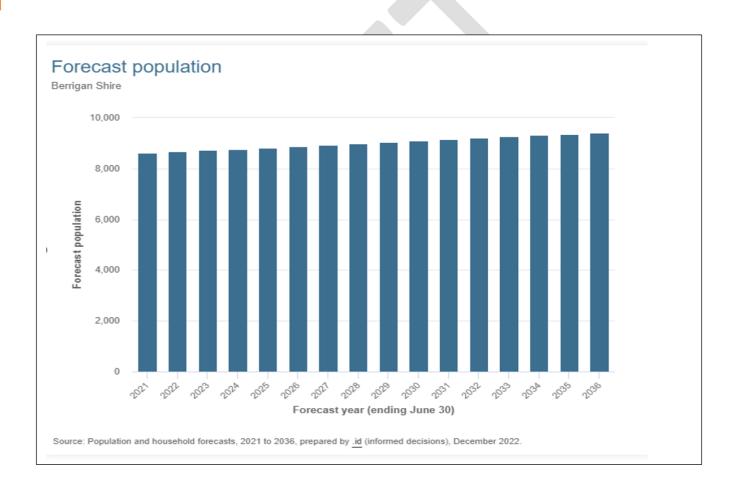
A technical assessment of the condition of the Council's infrastructure assets is shown in the chart below. These condition ratings have been derived from the ratings shown in the Report on Infrastructure Assets included in the 2021/22 Financial Statements



Where are we going?

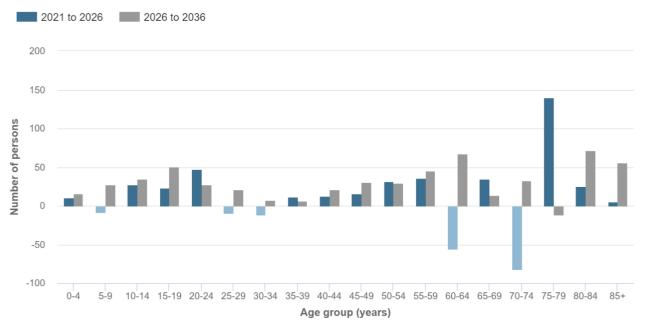
Population growth

Berrigan Shire is expected to continue growing at a modest rate with the Shire population in 2036 expected to be around 9,414. Population growth will be mainly in the south of the Shire, along the Murray River in Tocumwal and Barooga.



Forecast change in age structure - 5 year age groups

Berrigan Shire - Total persons



Source: Population and household forecasts, 2021 to 2036, prepared by .id(opens a new window) (informed decisions), December 2022.



Housing and Infrastructure

A Land Use Strategy developed in 2018 identified sufficient spare infrastructure capacity in all four towns to cater for expected population growth. There has, however, in the past 18-months been an unprecedented increase in demand for housing, also developer interest in investing greenfield residential subdivisions. Hence, there is a need to review the need for "greenfield" infrastructure.

Concurrent with a post COVID demand for residential housing commercia interest and investment in manufacturing industries has increased. This trend is also likely to place on the Council's commercial waste, transport, and water infrastructure.

On the other hand, for the life of this LTFP planned development is unlikely to add significantly to the Council's rating and revenue base, while placing increased demand on its infrastructure. The Council has the option to raise additional rates via a special rate variation but should be cognisant of the ability of the community to meet a larger rating burden.

Community Strategic Plan

Berrigan Shire Council has facilitated the development of a Community Strategic Plan – Berrigan Shire 2032. The plan adopts the following vision for the shire.

In 2032 we will be recognised as a Shire that builds on and promotes our natural assets and advantages to create employment and economic activity to attract residents, families and tourists.

The aim of this Financial Strategy is to ensure the Council has the financial resources it needs to progress the implementation of Berrigan Shire 2032 objectives and associated Council activities and services.

CSP Strategic Outcome	CSP Strategic Objective	Council Activities and Services
1. Sustainable Natural and Built Landscapes	Support sustainable use of our natural resources and built landscapes Retain the diversity and preserve the health of our natural landscapes and wildlife Connect and protect our communities	Water, sewerage and drainage Local roads and paths Land use planning and development
2. Good Government	Berrigan Shire 2022 objectives and strategies inform Council planning and community led projects Ensure effective governance by Council of Council operations and reporting Strengthen strategic relationships and partnerships with community, business and government	enterprise risk management and business operations Community Planning
3. Supported and Engaged Communities	Create safe, friendly and accessible communities Support community engagement through life-long learning, culture and recreation	Libraries and community services Parks and reserves Environmental health Animal Control
4. Diverse and Resilient Business	Invest in local job creation, retention and innovation Strong and diverse local economy Diversify and promote local tourism	Business and economic development
	4.4 Connect local, regional and national road, rail and aviation infrastructure	Transport Planning Tocumwal Aerodrome

These activities and services all require the Council:

- To be financially sustainable
- To cost effectively maintain existing infrastructure service levels and increase them when opportunities arise
- To retain sufficient financial flexibility to undertake new projects and/or activities as desired.

Asset planning

The development of this Financial Strategy is also informed by the Council's Asset Management Strategy. The Asset Management Strategy is reviewed annually as part of the Council's annual review of its suite of Integrated Plans. The Council also has adopted an Asset Management Policy and a series of Asset Management Plans:

- Roads, streets and bridges
- Water
- Sewer
- Urban Stormwater
- Footpaths etc.
- Corporate and Community Assets

The Asset Management Strategy has the following aim:

To ensure adequate provision is made for the longterm management and replacement of major technical and physical assets, (including land and property).

In line with this aim, the objectives of the Shire's Asset Management Strategy include:

 Ensuring that Council's services and infrastructure are provided in a sustainable manner, with the appropriate levels of service to residents, visitors and the environment.

- Establishing processes that integrate asset management and community strategic planning with Council corporate and long-term financial planning.
- Creating an environment where all Council employees take an integral part in overall management of Council assets by creating and sustaining asset management awareness throughout the Council.
- Meeting legislative requirements for asset management.
- Ensuring resources and operational capabilities are identified and responsibility for asset management is allocated.
- Demonstrating transparent and responsible asset management processes that align with demonstrated best practice.

Assumptions and scenarios

When preparing its Long Term Financial Plan, the Council is obliged to make a series of assumptions about future events that will have an impact on the Council's financial position. These assumptions are based on the analysis of the Council's position shown above.

These assumptions are as follows:

- Inflation, as measured by the Local Government Cost Index will average 3.5% per annum
- Wages growth will average 5% per annum inclusive of the .5% increase in Superannuation Guarantee Charge, after the expiration of the current mandated award wage rate increases.
- Staffing levels will increase gradually over time to reflect changed community expectations.
- The rate peg will increase by the rate of inflation as measured by the Local Government Cost Index
- The number of rateable properties will increase slowly
- User charges and other fees and charges will increase by the rate of inflation, as will operating grants and contributions.
- Financial Assistance Grant will increase by the rate of inflation as measured by the Local Government Cost Index
- Roads to Recovery (or an analogous program) will continue indefinitely

What is our financial direction?

The medium to long term financial outcomes to be achieved by this strategy are:

1. Financial sustainability

Berrigan Shire will be financially sustainable if its infrastructure capital and its financial capital are able to be maintained over the long term.

A financially sustainable Berrigan Shire will be able to manage likely developments and unexpected financial shocks in future periods without having at some time to introduce economically significant or socially destabilising income or expenditure adjustments.

Financial sustainability is determined by comparing the Council's long-term financial capacity with its long-term financial requirements.

- a. Financial capacity is the sum total of the financial resources (operating and capital) that a Council can mobilise through its (present and prospective) revenue-raising and financing policies.
- b. Financial requirements is the sum total of the spending (operating and capital) that is necessary to meet the Council's present obligations and expected future functions, pressures and shocks.

Maintaining Berrigan Shire's financial capital will require the Council to maintain a position where it is making operating surpluses before capital grants and contributions. Achieving an operating breakeven position or better on average over time is likely to generate sufficient funds to enable renewal or replacement of the Council's existing assets.

2. Maintenance — and gradual and sustainable increase — of service level standards for infrastructure assets.

One of local government's roles is to provide facilities and services to communities that cannot be or are not provided by the private or for-profit sector. In the case of local government, these services are largely physical infrastructure-based services and facilities such as:

- transportation (roads, footpaths etc.);
- public health (water, sewer, waste management, cemeteries, drainage etc.);
- recreational (pools, parks, sporting fields);
- cultural (buildings etc.).

Maintaining the level of service for infrastructure-based services such as the above requires the Council to maintain its physical productive capacity – that is "Is the Council's infrastructure – in an overall sense – in a position to deliver the same level of service at the end of the period as it was at the beginning of the period."

As a general rule, the level of service supplied by infrastructure assets is a function of their age — provided that the assets are maintained in a reasonable fashion. Therefore, a systematic replacement, renewal and improvement program for these assets is the key to ensuring service level standards are maintained.

While the Council continues to look to improve the standard of its infrastructure where possible, this needs to be done in a sustainable and responsible manner.

- Sufficient financial capacity and freedom to undertake new projects and activities if desired.
- public health (water, sewer, waste management, cemeteries, drainage etc.);
- recreational (pools, parks, sporting fields);
- cultural (buildings etc.).

How will we get there?

As community expectations, wants and needs change Berrigan Shire Council needs to retain sufficient financial capacity and flexibility to ensure that it can cater for those changes. Evident in demands for additional investment by the Council to meet developer demands – industry and residential.

Noted, the Council's financial capacity is the sum total of the financial resources that a Council can mobilise through its revenue-raising and financing policies. As well as obvious items such as rates and charges, grants and fees, this includes:

- Cash reserves
- Borrowing capacity
- Discretionary funds (i.e. funds not committed to other specific projects and activities)

In simple terms retaining financial capacity is about ensuring the Council has the ability to access funds as it requires. This means limiting its commitments to new activities with on-going costs, minimising the costs of servicing debt and putting aside funds for future projects.

4. Economic and community growth through investment in improved community amenity where appropriate and affordable

The Council's suite of strategic plans have an emphasis on growing our economy.

Berrigan Shire 2032 lists as objectives:

- "Families with young children will want to live in or come to the area"
- "Tourists will go out of their way to come to the area"
- "Strengthen and diversify the local economy and invest in local job creation and innovation"

In previous years our focus was on the infrastructure used by families and visitors to our towns. Our focus now needs to turn to strategic planning for and investment in the services and infrastructure needed by our agrimanufacturing industries and residential developers: investment and development needed to strengthen and further grow the local economy.

Berrigan Shire 2032 and Financial Strategy Actions

- 2. Good Government
- 2.2 Ensure effective governance by Council of Council operations and reporting
- 2.2.2 Council operations support ethical, transparent and accountable corporate governance

Objectives	Actions
1. Financial sustainability	1.1 Prepare and review annually a Long Term Financial Plan with the aim of achieving the financial objectives identified in this strategy.
	Using a ten year financial planning horizon allows the Council to take into account the longer term consequences of current decision making. It also allows for consideration of short term fluctuations etc.
	A minimum 10 year Long Term Financial Plan is a component of the Council's resourcing strategy, a core requirement of the new Integrated Planning and Reporting Model
	1.2 Prepare Capital Expenditure Reviews, including an assessment of lifecycle costs, for all new and/or upgraded infrastructure assets – with the exception of upgrades of roads, water mains and sewer mains.
	When making decisions regarding new and upgraded infrastructure it is important that the costs of operating, maintaining and replacing that infrastructure is taken into account. A sustainable Council only takes on obligations that it can afford to meet
	1.3 Resist the pressure to fund services that are the responsibility of other levels of government.
	While cost-shifting is often inevitable, the Council will resist this where possible and certainly will not look to take on obligations properly belonging to other levels of government without a corresponding funding stream.
	The Council's response to inadequate service delivery from other levels of government will not be to take on these obligations itself but to act as an advocate for the community to the NSW and Federal governments.
	1.4 Retain control of urban water supply and sewer services.
	The Council will continue to resist plans to remove control of its urban water supply and sewer services. Berrigan Shire Council runs these services in an efficient and effective manner.
	These services share the cost of running the Council's governance, corporate and financial services. Losing these services will significantly financially disadvantage Berrigan Shire Council with little if any benefit to the local community.

Objectives	Actions
1. Financial sustainability	1.5 Recognise that funding for renewal and upgrading of sport, recreation and cultural infrastructure requires a combination of Council funding and community support and preferably some contribution from other levels of government. Berrigan Shire Council does not have the capacity to fund the replacement and upgrade of this recreational, sporting and cultural infrastructure (Recreation Reserves, Community Halls, etc.) without support from the community and ideally other levels of government.
	Without funding assistance from the community and/or other levels of government, the
	Council cannot responsibly consider upgrade and replacement of these assets
	1.6 Seek methods of achieving a return (or at least minimise ratepayer subsidy) on business activities such as the Finley Saleyards, Tocumwal Caravan Park and Tocumwal Aerodrome. Subsidies to programs not directly related to core Council services should be regularly reviewed. The development of the Tocumwal Residential Airpark has increased activity at the precinct contributing to the Council's subsidy of its operations.
	1.7 Encourage and support the existing model of community provision and operation of sport, recreation, and cultural infrastructure.
	Berrigan Shire Council relies on a volunteer-driven model to provide services such as sporting fields, public swimming pools and community halls.
	Without the in-kind support of these volunteers, the community would be required to choose between service level reductions or rate increases.
	Cultural change and increasing regulatory burdens have seen this volunteer model come under some stress in recent years. The Council has commenced rolling program of service reviews and will as part of this program review the operations and support needed by its Section 355 Committees. 1.8 Actively lobby the State and Federal Governments to retain existing grant funding levels for road maintenance and upgrades.
	Without the retention of existing levels of TfNSW and R2R funding, the Council cannot continue to maintain its existing road service levels.
2. Cost effective maintenance of	2.1 Prepare and review its Asset Management Strategy and its Asset Management Plans for the Council's major infrastructure assets annually as part of annual budget preparation.
infrastructure service levels	The Council reviews its Asset Management Strategy annually and has prepared Asset Management Plans for all its major classes of assets.
	The Council's major expenditure items relate to replacement and upgrading of its infrastructure assets. It is important that the Council continues to review its asset plans and strategies as circumstances change. 2.2 Prioritise the renewal of existing assets over the development and delivery of new assets and services.

Objectives	Actions
2. Cost effective	2.3 Implement a Borrowing Policy that allows the Council to borrow only for the development of infrastructure where
maintenance of	a) There is an urgent need for the asset in the short term, or
infrastructure	b) It is most cost-effective to construct the asset in the short term (as opposed to
service levels	waiting until sufficient on-hand funds are available), and
	i. The Council has access to a funding stream to meet its debt obligations
	without compromising its other activities, or
	ii. To create economic growth and development.
	This has been traditionally the Council's preference and adoption of a policy will formalise this process.
	In effect, this will mean that borrowing will be largely be restricted to functions such as urban water supply, sewer and waste management where the Council retains some control over its future revenues. It may also be an appropriate funding tool for land development in limited circumstances.
	The policy will still allow for the possibility of borrowing for other services where borrowing is identified as the cheaper whole-of-life funding option or immediate construction allows the Council to access an opportunity that would otherwise be missed. Interest subsidies may influence any decision to borrow.
	The Council now has the opportunity to cheaper finance via NSW Treasury Corporation which may make borrowing a more attractive option in the future.
	Finally, if community support can be demonstrated, the borrowing policy for the replacement of recreational, sporting and community assets where it can be tied to additional funding from a Special Rates Variation.
3. Financial capacity and freedom	3.1 Look to improve investment returns while managing investment risk through a diverse and secure investment portfolio
	Traditionally Council has only invested funds over a period of less than 12 months, due to historic low interest rates Council will consider investing funds over a longer period of time to take advantage of higher interest rates and minimise re-investment risk.
	At the same time, the Council is acutely aware that the community's risk appetite regarding investments is low and expects that all Council's investments are secure.
	3.2 Continue to actively recover outstanding rates debt as identified in the Council's Revenue Policy.
	The Council has an active and successful debt recovery process and this will continue. This assists the Council to maintain an adequate level of working capital.
	3.3 Set utility charges for water supply, sewer and waste management services at a level that delivers a return on those assets sufficient to ensure long term sustainability.
	The Council may not receive funding assistance for replacement or upgrade of its assets for these services should look to generate sufficient funds from its own sources to do so.
	Making a return on these assets will generate sufficient funds to ensure the sustainability of these services.
	A necessary corollary of this action is that revenues generated from these assets should be reasonably predictable. This means targets such as raising at least 50% of its water revenue from variable user charges may not always be appropriate.

Objectives	Actions				
3. Financial capacity and freedom	3.4 Consider seeking a Special Rates Variation where there is a clearly identified demand for new or significantly improved service levels.				
	While Berrigan Shire Council's preferred approach will be to live within its means where possible, it is of course required to respond to community demand and ensure that it remains competitive and an employer of choice.				
	Where the community has clearly identified that is willing to pay for increased levels of service and competitiveness, the Council will consider applying for a Special Rate Variation to fund this. This will only occur after considering and exhausting all other actions as identified above.				
4. Economic and	4.1 Invest in community assets - such as parks, public toilets and main street beautification				
community growth	- that improve town amenity				
	In its suite of integrated plans, the Council has placed an emphasis on attracting more people to live, work and invest in Berrigan Shire. Following on from its significant investment in making our community a more pleasant place to be - such as parks and streetscapes. The Council needs to investigate strategic opportunities for investment in regional projects, also the infrastructure and services needed to grow our agri-processing industries, health and human services.				
	Investment needed to diversify and build a larger economic base for Berrigan Shire.				
	4.2 Actively look for grant funds to deliver improved community amenity				
	The Council has been successful in recent times in obtaining grant funds to deliver its plans to improve community amenity - often well ahead of schedule.				
	While there is a risk that the grant funding "tap" will be turned off, the Council will actively look for opportunities to leverage its own funds with grants from other levels of government.				

How will we know if we are on course?

Berrigan Shire Council will measure its progress against its three desired outcomes by tracking performance against a set of key performance measures. The Australian Local Government Planning Ministers Council's National Financial Sustainability Frameworks defined performance measures as "signals used to convey the directions being taken by the Council and to assess whether or not desired outcomes are being achieved.

Effective performance indicators:

- Measure those factors which define financial sustainability
- Are relatively few in number
- Are based on information that is readily available and reliable.

Performance measures cannot and should not try and measure everything but rather should be pitched at a reasonably high level. They should be used as a guide as to where to look for reasons behind any differences and trends and to identify specific areas for further analysis.

The Council has chosen to base its performance measures on data that can be found in its Annual Financial Statements. While this is necessarily a "broad-bush" approach, it has the advantages of not requiring the additional work and expense involved in data-gathering and analysis. Data from the Annual Financial Statements is transparent, audited and reasonably consistent from Council to Council.

The measures below have been selected as ones common across local government:

- Operating Performance Ratio
- Own Source Operating Revenue Ratio
- Unrestricted Current Ratio
- Debt Service Cover Ratio
- Rates, Annual Charges, Interest and Extra Charges Outstanding Percentage
- Cash Expenses Cover Ratio
- Building and Infrastructure Renewals Ratio
- Infrastructure Backlog Ratio
- Asset Maintenance Ratio
- Building and Infrastructure Renewals Ratio
- Infrastructure Backlog Ratio
- Asset Maintenance Ratio

Financial Strategy Objectives	Indicators
1. Financial sustainability	Operating Performance Ratio
	Unrestricted Current Ratio
	Operating Surplus before Capital Grants and Contributions
	Rates, Annual Charges, Interest and Extra Charges Outstanding Percentage
2. Cost effective maintenance	Building and Infrastructure Renewals Ratio Infrastructure Backlog Ratio
of infrastructure service levels	
	Asset Consumption Ratio
3. Financial capacity and freedom	Debt Service Cover Ratio
	Cash Expense Cover Ratio
4. Economic and community growth	Developer Contributions

• See Appendix for description of indicator and indicative targets

Appendix

Indicator	Description	Comment	Calculation (\$M)	Indicative Target
	The percentage by which income (excluding capital grants) varies from expenses	performance ratio is the operating surplus	surplus/deficit divided by operating	An operating performance ratio greater than 0% across any five year period
What does it mean?		A positive value indicates the Council is meeting its operating expenses, including depreciation. A negative value indicates the Council needs to reduce its expenses or raise additional revenue to be sustainable in the long term.		

Indicator	Description	Comment	Calculation (\$M)	Indicative Target
2. Unrestricted Current Ratio	between current assets and current liabilities – not including those assets and liabilities held for a specific purpose	assets (i.e. liquid assets) expressed as a ratio of its current	,	An Unrestricted Current Ratio of at least 2x
What does it mean?		the level of its curren and other obligations It means that the Cou exceed the funds ava Council's current liab Term Financial Plan d around, it is inevitabl in the future. The position would cor required to be paid a to meet this obligation	naintaining its current at assets it may not be at assets it may not be at as and when they fall of a current ilable to pay them as the ilities exceed its current loes not provide a proper that the Council will fall of the Council would be an — increasing its financial flexibility.	the next 12 months ley fall due. If the assets and the Long osal to turn this ace a cash flow crisis

Indicator	Description	Comment	Calculation (\$M)	Indicative Target	
3. Rates, Annual	What rates, annual	Indicates the	Rates, annual and extra	Outstanding rates,	
Charges, Interest and	charges are owing to	amount of rates and	charges outstanding	annual and extra	
Extra Charges	the Council as a	changes outstanding	divided by rates, annual	charges percentage to	
Outstanding	proportion of its total	as a percentage of	and extra charges,	remain under 8% as	
Percentage	rates and annual	total rates and	expressed as a	30 June each year	
	charges revenue.	charges.	percentage		
What does it mean?		This indicator identifies how well the Council collects its outstanding			
		rates, annual and extra charges			
			an 8% per year – if unche tial cash flow problems in al.		

Indicator	Description	Comment		Calculation (\$M)	Indicative Target
4. Building,	Theamount spent on	Indicates		Asset renewals on	Building,
Infrastructure & Other	asset renewals	extent	to which	buildings, infrastructure	Infrastructure &
Structures Renewals	expressed as a	Council is		and other structures	Other Structures
Ratio	percentage of	renewing	its asset	divided by	Renewals Ratio to
	depreciation and	base		depreciation,	remain over 100% on
	impairment.			amortization and	average over life of
				impairment expressed	the LTFP.
				as a percentage	
					When setting this
					target, the Council
					should consider that
					asset replacement is
					often lumpy – with
		· ·			large changes in asset
					renewals depending
					on the needs of the
					time
					The Council should
					consider its
					performance on this
					measure over no
					shorter than a 10
					year period and
					preferably
					longer.
What does it mean?		It is possil	ole for th	e Council to save money	by not renewing its
		assets as	they dete	eriorate over time. This ir	ndicator attempts to
		measure i	f the Cou	uncil is renewing its asset	s at an adequate rate.
		A measur	e below î	100% indicates that the 0	Council's asset base is
		depreciat	ing faster	than the Council is able	to renew it.

If this continues over time, the Council's assets will eventually become unsuited for purpose, adding to its infrastructure backlog and creating severe financial pressure for future
generations.

Indicator	Description	Comment	Calculation (\$M)	Indicative Target
5. Infrastructure	The cost to bring the	An overall indicator	Estimated cost to	Infrastructure
Backlog Ratio	Council's Assets to a	the standard of the	bring Assets to a	Backlog Ratio to
	satisfactory condition	Council's assets.	Satisfactory Condition	remain at less than
	as a proportion of its	Provide a measure of	divided by the total	2% at all times
	overall assets.	the amount of work	Value of	
		that is required to	Infrastructure,	
		bring its assets to an	Building, Other	
		acceptable standard	Structures and	
			depreciable Land	
			Improvement assets,	
			expressed as a	
			percentage	
What does it mean?		This indicator is a general guide to the condition of the Council		
		assets.		
		This indicator tends t	o reflect the Council's p	performance against
		the Building, Infrastructure & Other Structures Renewals R		es Renewals Ratio
		over time, If that rati	o is consistently under :	100%, the
		Infrastructure Backlo	g Ratio will increase. Co	onversely, reducing
		the Infrastructure Ba	cklog Ratio tends to rec	uire maintaining the
		Building, Infrastructu	re & Other Structures F	Renewals Ratio at
		greater than 100% ov	ver time	
		If this ratio is over 2%	and growing, it indicat	es that the Council
		needs to either put m	nore effort into renewir	ng its assets (perhaps
		requiring rate increas	ses to fund) or reconsid	er what standard of
		asset the community	feels is	
		acceptable		

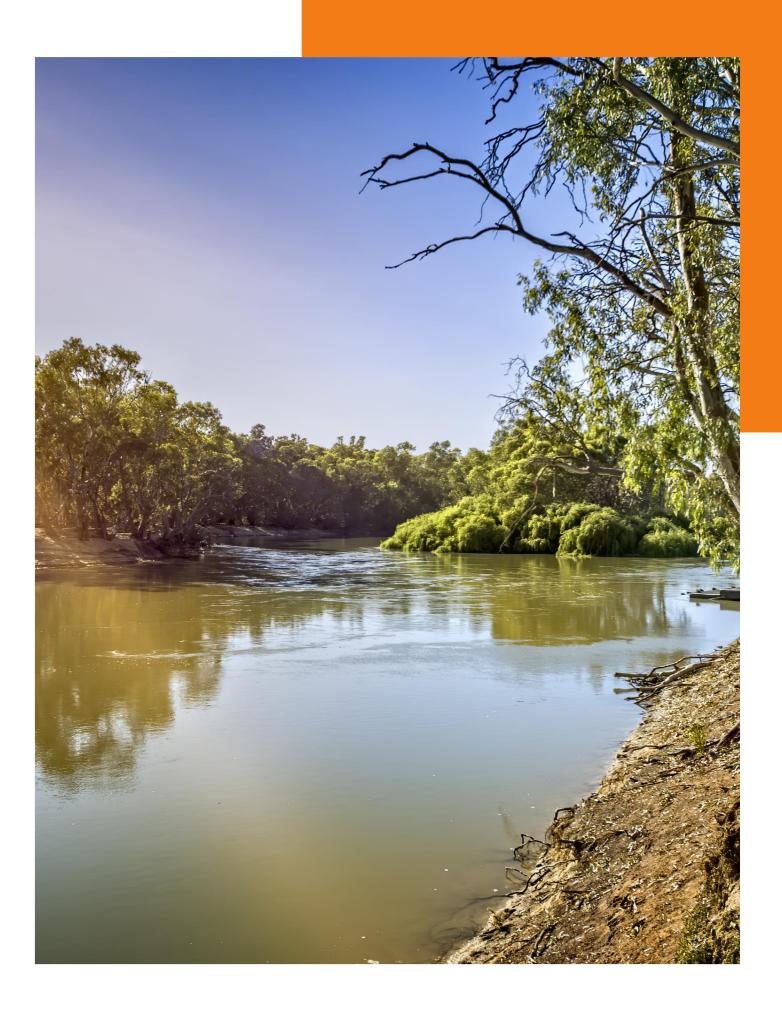
Indicator	Description	Comment	Calculation (\$M)	Indicative Target
6. Asset	The ratio of actual	Compares actual	Actual asset	Asset
Maintenance	Asset maintenance	vs. required	maintenance	Maintenance
Ratio	vs required asset	annual asset	Divided by	Ratio to remain
	maintenance	maintenance. A	Required Asset	at greater than
		ratio above 1.0	Maintenance	100% at all times
		indicates Council		
		Is investing		
		enough funds to		
		Stop the		
		infrastructure		
		backlog growing.		
What does it mean?		The indicator is a gen	eral guide to how Cou	uncil is keeping
		up with Asset Mainte	nance.	

Indicator	Description	Comment	Calculation (\$M)	Indicative Target
7. Asset	The ratio of the	This ratio	Written Down	Asset
Consumption	Consumption of	highlights the	Value of Assets vs.	Consumption
Ratio	Council Assets.	aged condition	Current	Ration to remain
		of Council's	Replacement Cost	above 60% at all
		assets.		times
What does it mean?		This ratio shows the current value of Council's depreciable		
		relative to their "as new value" in current prices.		

Indicator	Description	Comment	Calculation (\$M)	Indicative Target
Cover Ratio	The amount of operating cash available as a proportion of its debt repayment obligations	Measures the Availability of operating cash to service debt including interest, principal and lease payments	Operating result before capital excluding interest and depreciation, impairment divided by principal repayments and borrowing costs	Debt service ratio is greater than 2.00 x
What does it mean?		This ratio seeks to highlight if the Council is generating sufficient cash to meet its debt obligations A ratio of less than 2.00 x, unless addressed, may see the Council struggle to raise sufficient cash to pay its debt obligations		
		without selling realisable assets. The Council currently has a low level of indebtedness and its Long Term Financial Strategy does not seek to change this.		

Indicator	Description	Comment	Calculation (\$M)	Indicative Target
9. Cash Expense Cover	How many months	Measures the	Cash and Cash	Cash Expense Cover
Ratio	work of operating	number of months a	Equivalents and Term	Ratio is to be no less
	expenses can the	Council can continue	Deposits divided by	than three months
	Council meet with its	paying for its	payments from cash	
	existing holdings of	immediate expenses	flow of operating and	
	cash	without additional	financing activities x	
		cash inflow	12	
What does it mean?		This ratio seeks to highlight the Council's ability to meet a shor		
		term revenue and/or cash flow shock and continue to operate.		
		A ratio of less than three months could see the Council struggl to meet expenses on a periodic basis without having to borrow Rates instalments and Financial Assistance Grants tend to paid three-monthly cycles.		
		three-monthly cycles.		







Berrigan Shire Council

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