GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2018

"Heart of the Southern Riverina"



General Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

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Overview

Berrigan Shire Council is constituted under the *Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)* and has its principal place of business at:

56 Chanter St Berrigan NSW 2712

Council's guiding principles are detailed in Chapter 3 of the LGA and includes:

- principles applying to the exercise of functions generally by council,
- principles to be applied when making decisions,
- principles of community participation,
- · principles of sound financial management, and
- principles for strategic planning relating to the development of an integrated planning and reporting framework.

A description of the nature of Council's operations and its principal activities are provided in Note 2(b).

Through the use of the internet, we have ensured that our reporting is timely, complete and available at minimum cost. All press releases, financial statements and other information are publicly available on our website: www.berriganshire.nsw.gov.au.

Introduction

Each year, individual local governments across New South Wales are required to present a set of audited financial statements to their council and community.

What you will find in the statements

The financial statements set out the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of Council for the financial year ended 30 June 2018.

The format of the financial statements is standard across all NSW Councils and complies with both the accounting and reporting requirements of Australian Accounting Standards and requirements as set down by the Office of Local Government.

About the Councillor/Management Statement

The financial statements must be certified by senior staff as 'presenting fairly' the Council's financial results for the year and are required to be adopted by Council – ensuring both responsibility for and ownership of the financial statements.

About the primary financial statements

The financial statements incorporate five 'primary' financial statements:

1. The Income Statement

Summarises Council's financial performance for the year, listing all income and expenses.

This statement also displays Council's original adopted budget to provide a comparison between what was projected and what actually occurred.

2. The Statement of Comprehensive Income

Primarily records changes in the fair value of Council's Infrastructure, Property, Plant and Equipment.

3. The Statement of Financial Position

A 30 June snapshot of Council's financial position indicating its assets, liabilities and "net wealth".

4. The Statement of Changes in Equity

The overall change for the year (in dollars) of Council's "net wealth".

5. The Statement of Cash Flows

Indicates where Council's cash came from and where it was spent. This statement also displays Council's original adopted budget to provide a comparison between what was projected and what actually occurred.

About the Notes to the Financial Statements

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide greater detail and additional information on the five primary financial statements.

About the Auditor's Reports

Council's annual financial statements are required to be audited by the NSW Audit Office. In NSW the auditor provides 2 audit reports:

- 1. an opinion on whether the financial statements present fairly the Council's financial performance and position, and
- 2. their observations on the conduct of the audit, including commentary on the Council's financial performance and financial position.

Who uses the financial statements?

The financial statements are publicly available documents and must be presented at a Council meeting between seven days and five weeks after the date of the Audit Report.

The public can make submissions to Council up to seven days subsequent to the public presentation of the financial statements.

Council is required to forward an audited set of financial statements to the Office of Local Government.

General Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Statement by Councillors and Management made pursuant to Section 413(2)(c) of the *Local Government Act 1993 (NSW*) (as amended)

The attached General Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with:

- the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW) (as amended) and the regulations made thereunder,
- the Australian Accounting Standards and other pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board
- the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, these financial statements:

- present fairly the Council's operating result and financial position for the year,
- accord with Council's accounting and other records.

We are not aware of any matter that would render these statements false or misleading in any way.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Council made on 17 October 2018.

Matthew Hannan Mayor 17 October 2018

Rowan Perkins General Manager 17 October 2018

Denis Glanville

Councillor 17 October 2018

Carla von Breckhusen Responsible Accounting Officer 17 October 2018

Income Statement

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Original unaudited				
budget			Actual	Actua
2018	\$ '000	Notes	2018	201
	Income from continuing operations			
	Revenue:			
9,586	Rates and annual charges	3a	9,733	9,46
1,675	User charges and fees	3b	3,752	3,12
705	Interest and investment revenue	3c	761	72
509	Other revenues	3d	620	62
6,250	Grants and contributions provided for operating purposes	3e,f	7,680	9,94
2,491	Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes Other income:	3e,f	1,760	1,96
_	Net gains from the disposal of assets	5	478	
	Reversal of revaluation decrements / impairment of			
_	IPP&E previously expensed	4d		7
21,216	Total income from continuing operations	_	24,784	25,93
	Expenses from continuing operations			
7,781	Employee benefits and on-costs	4a	7,741	7,07
52	Borrowing costs	4b	59	7
2,124	Materials and contracts	4c	2,649	3,39
5,935	Depreciation and amortisation	4d	5,861	5,87
1,962	Other expenses	4e	2,123	2,09
17,854	Total expenses from continuing operations	_	18,433	18,50
3,362	Operating result from continuing operations	_	6,351	7,43
3,362	Net operating result for the year	_	6,351	7,43

	Net operating result for the year before grants and		
871	contributions provided for capital purposes	4,591	5,465

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2018

\$ '000	Notes	2018	2017
Net operating result for the year (as per Income Statement)		6,351	7,430
Other comprehensive income:			
Amounts that will not be reclassified subsequently to the operating resu	ılt		
Gain (loss) on revaluation of IPP&E	9	14,795	5,977
Total items which will not be reclassified subsequently to the operating result		14,795	5,977
Total other comprehensive income for the year	-	14,795	5,977
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	21,146	13,407
Total comprehensive income attributable to Council		21,146	13,407

Statement of Financial Position

as at 30 June 2018

\$ '000	Notes	2018	2017
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6a	5,967	5,730
Investments	6b	26,000	23,000
Receivables	7	2,833	1,862
Inventories	8	287	218
Other	8	65	60
Total current assets	-	35,152	30,870
Non-current assets			
Inventories	8	185	185
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	9	240,156	223,130
Total non-current assets		240,341	223,315
TOTAL ASSETS		275,493	254,185
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Payables	10	1,118	533
Income received in advance	10	211	191
Borrowings	10	155	148
Provisions	11	2,342	2,604
Total current liabilities		3,826	3,476
Non-current liabilities	10	005	4 4 4 0
Borrowings Provisions	10 11	995 371	1,149
Total non-current liabilities		<u> </u>	405 1,554
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	5,192	5,030
Net assets	=	270,301	249,155
EQUITY			
Accumulated surplus	12	114,308	107,957
Revaluation reserves	12	155,993	141,198
Total equity		270,301	249,155
	-		

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2018

\$ '000	Notes	2018 Accumulated surplus	IPP&E revaluation reserve	Total equity	2017 Accumulated surplus	IPP&E revaluation reserve	Total equity
Opening balance		107,957	141,198	249,155	100,527	135,221	235,748
Net operating result for the year		6,351	_	6,351	7,430	_	7,430
Other comprehensive income		0,001		0,001	1,400		1,400
 Gain (loss) on revaluation of IPP&E 	9		14,795	14,795		5,977	5,977
Other comprehensive income		-	14,795	14,795	-	5,977	5,977
Total comprehensive income		6,351	14,795	21,146	7,430	5,977	13,407
Equity – balance at end of the reporting period		114,308	155,993	270,301	107,957	141,198	249,155

Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Original		
unaudited		
budget	Actual	Actual
2018 \$ '000 Not	es 2018	2017
Cash flows from operating activities		
Receipts:		
9,580 Rates and annual charges	9,765	9,437
1,744 User charges and fees	3,799	2,828
735 Investment and interest revenue received	677	685
8,741 Grants and contributions	9,392	11,909
 Bonds, deposits and retention amounts received 	26	
576 Other	950	1,556
Payments:		
(4,024) Employee benefits and on-costs	(7,875)	(7,833)
(6,155) Materials and contracts	(3,487)	(4,012
(52) Borrowing costs	(128)	(72
 Bonds, deposits and retention amounts refunded 	-	(6
(1,976) Other	(2,076)	(2,200
9,169 Net cash provided (or used in) operating activities 13	b 11,043	12,292
Cash flows from investing activities		
Receipts:		
1,460 Sale of investment securities	_	_
 Sale of real estate assets 	_	48
346 Sale of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	722	369
 Deferred debtors receipts 	-	79
Payments:		10
(550) Purchase of investment securities	(3,000)	(3,370
(10,767) Purchase of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	(8,288)	(7,560
 Purchase of real estate assets 	(0,200) (93)	(7,500
		(10.424
(9,511) Net cash provided (or used in) investing activities	(10,659)	(10,434
Cash flows from financing activities		
Receipts:		
Nil		
Payments:		
(148) Repayment of borrowings and advances	(147)	(253
	(147)	(253
(148) Net cash flow provided (used in) financing activities	(147)	(200
(400) Net increase ((decrease) in each and each any incleat	a 227	1 605
(490) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalent	s 237	1,605
 Plus: cash and cash equivalents – beginning of year 13 	a 5,730	4,125
	a 5,967	5,730
(490) Cash and cash equivalents – end of the year 13	a <u> </u>	
(490) Cash and cash equivalents – end of the year 13		
	a <u> </u>	
Additional Information:		
		23,000
Additional Information:		23,000

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

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These financial statements were authorised for issue by Council on 17 October 2018.

Council has the power to amend and reissue these financial statements.

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Australian Accounting Interpretations, the *Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)* and Regulations, and the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting. Council is a not-for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing these financial statements.

The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars and are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.

Full dollars have been used in both Note 16 Contingencies and other liabilities/assets not recognised.

Specific budgetary amounts have been included for comparative analysis (to actuals) in the following reports and notes:

- Income statement
- Statement of cash flows
- Note 18 Material budget variations

and are clearly marked.

(a) New and amended standards adopted by Council

There have been no new (or amended) accounting standards adopted by Council in this year's financial statements which have had any material impact on reported financial position, performance or cash flows.

(b) Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and certain classes of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment and investment property.

(c) Significant accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Council's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Council and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Council makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year include:

- i. estimated fair values of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment refer Note 9,
- ii. estimated tip remediation provisions refer Note 11,
- iii. employee benefit provisions refer Note 11.

Significant judgements in applying the Council's accounting policies

(i) Impairment of receivables

Council has made a significant judgement about the impairment of a number of its receivables in Note 7. Council monitors its receivables closely and currently considers all of them recoverable, with debt collection processes ongoing where necessary.

Monies and other assets received by Council

(a) The Consolidated Fund

In accordance with the provisions of Section 409(1) of the *Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)*, all money and other assets received by Council is held in the Council's Consolidated Fund unless it is required to be held in the Council's Trust Fund.

Cash and other assets of the following entities have been included as part of the Consolidated Fund:

- General purpose operations
- Water service
- Sewerage service

(b) The Trust Fund

In accordance with the provisions of Section 411 of the *Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)* (as amended), a separate and distinct Trust Fund is maintained to account for all money and other assets received by the Council in trust which must be applied only for the purposes of, or in accordance with the trusts relating to those monies. Trust monies and other assets subject to Council's control have been included in these reports.

Council currently considers it holds no such trust funds.

Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which that are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority are presented as operating cash flows.

New accounting standards and interpretations issued not yet effective

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the current reporting period and which have not been applied.

As at the date of authorisation of these financial statements, Council does not consider that any of those standards are likely to have a material impact on the Council's future financial statements, financial position, financial performance or cash flows.

Council has not elected to apply any pronouncements before their operative date in these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 2(a). Council functions/activities - financial information

\$ '000		Income, expenses and assets have been directly attributed to the following functions/activities.								
			Det	ails of these f	unctions/activ	ities are prov	ided in Note 2	(b).		
Functions/activities	Income from continuing operations		Expenses from continuing operations		Operating result from continuing operations		Grants included in income from continuing operations		Total assets held (current and non- current)	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Sustainable and Natural Built Landscapes	10,875	10,495	10,880	10,412	(5)	83	3,697	7,481	175,502	159,060
Good Government	9,139	10,799	860	1,284	8,279	9,515	3,315	_	25,219	25,219
Supported and Engaged communities	4,641	4,485	6,080	6,120	(1,439)	(1,635)	604	2,716	70,032	65,167
Diverse and resilient business	129	152	613	685	(484)	(533)	5	89	4,740	4,739
Total functions and activities	24,784	25,931	18,433	18,501	6,351	7,430	7,621	10,286	275,493	254,185

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 2(b). Council functions/activities – component descriptions

Details relating to the Council's functions/activities as reported in Note 2(a) are as follows:

Sustainable and Natural Built Landscapes

Development decisions made today about how we move around and between our communities and use our natural resources - the River, wildlife, forests, agricultural and urban land, and water shape the future of our communities. Council's Delivery Program and strategic objectives are:

- 1.1 Support sustainable use of natural resources and built landscapes
- 1.2 Retain the diversity and preserve the health of our natural landscapes and wildlife
- 1.3 Connect and protect our communities

Sustainable and natural built landscapes include the council functions of Housing, Environment, Sewerage Services, Mining, Manufacture and Construction, and Transport and Communication.

Good Government

Good government is about making good decisions over time. These decisions involve managing our financial, economic, and environmental risks and the social implications of decisions made. Council's good government Delivery Program and strategic objectives are:

- 2.1 Berrigan Shire 2027 objectives and strategic actions facilitate the effective governance by Council of Council operations and reporting
- 2.2 Strengthen strategic relationships and partnerships with community, business and government

Good Government includes the council functions of Administration and Governance.

Supported and Engaged communities

Safe, healthy, accessible and inclusive communities are child and older person friendly. Lifelong learning, cultural expression, services for older residents and recreational activities provide opportunities for people with a diverse range of interests to become involved and engaged in their local communities. Council's Supported and engaged communities Delivery Program and strategic objectives are:

3.1 Create safe, friendly and accessible communities

3.2 Support community engagement through life-long learning, culture and recreation

Supported and engaged communities includes the council functions of Public Order and Safety, Health, Community Amenities, Community Services and Education, Water Supplies and recreation and Culture.

Diverse and resilient business

Our lifestyle, climate, existing facilities and proximity to Melbourne present a range of agricultural, tourism, retail and health industry opportunities. Council's Delivery Program and diverse and resilient business strategic objectives include:

4.1 Strengthen and diversify the local economy and invest in local job creation and innovation

- 4.2 Diversify and promote local tourism
- 4.3 Connect local, regional and national road and rail infrastructure and networks

Diverse and resilient business include the council functions of Economic Affairs.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 3. Income from continuing operations

\$ '000	2018	2017
(a) Rates and annual charges		
Ordinary rates		
Residential	2,500	2,427
Farmland	1,833	1,807
Business	510	524
Total ordinary rates	4,843	4,758
Annual charges (pursuant to s.496, s.496A, s.496B, s.501 & s.611)		
Domestic waste management services	850	824
Stormwater management services	73	73
Water supply services	1,958	1,880
Sewerage services	1,932	1,853
Waste management services (non-domestic)	77	74
Total annual charges	4,890	4,704
TOTAL RATES AND ANNUAL CHARGES	9,733	9,462

Council has used 2016 year valuations provided by the NSW Valuer General in calculating its rates.

Accounting policy for rates and annual charges

Rates, annual charges, grants and contributions (including developer contributions) are recognised as revenue when the Council obtains control over the assets comprising these receipts. Developer contributions may only be expended for the purposes for which the contributions were required, but the Council may apply contributions according to the priorities established in work schedules.

Control over assets acquired from rates and annual charges is obtained at the commencement of the rating year as it is an enforceable debt linked to the rateable property or, where earlier, upon receipt of the rates.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 3. Income from continuing operations (continued)

\$ '000	2018	2017
(b) User charges and fees		
Specific user charges (per s.502 – specific 'actual use' charges)		
Domestic waste management services	166	158
Water supply services	1,075	955
Sewerage services	43	30
Waste management services (non-domestic)	1,785	964
Total specific user charges	3,069	2,107
Other user charges and fees		
(i) Fees and charges – statutory and regulatory functions (per s.608)		
Building regulation	189	214
Private works – section 67	60	357
Section 149 certificates (EPA Act)	26	23
Section 603 certificates	26	25
Total fees and charges – statutory/regulatory		619
(ii) Fees and charges – other (incl. general user charges (per s.608))		
Aerodrome	17	25
Cemeteries	86	109
Food control fees	4	3
Leaseback fees – Council vehicles	56	56
Library	4	4
Sewerage	12	23
Swimming centres	97	90
Water supply	64	56
Other	42	35
Total fees and charges – other	382	401
TOTAL USER CHARGES AND FEES	3,752	3,127

Accounting policy for user charges and fees

User charges and fees are recognised as revenue when the service has been provided.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 3. Income from continuing operations (continued)

\$ '000	2018	2017
(c) Interest and investment revenue		
Interest		
 Overdue rates and annual charges (incl. special purpose rates) 	29	26
 Cash and investments 	730	698
 Deferred debtors 	2	1
TOTAL INTEREST AND INVESTMENT REVENUE	761	725
Interest revenue is attributable to:		
Unrestricted investments/financial assets:		
Overdue rates and annual charges (general fund)	29	26
General Council cash and investments	357	376
Restricted investments/funds – external:		
Water fund operations	187	174
Sewerage fund operations	188	149
Total interest and investment revenue recognised	761	725

Accounting policy for interest and investment revenue

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate at the date that interest is earned.

(d) Other revenues

Rental income – other council properties	70	80
Fines	2	2
Legal fees recovery – rates and charges (extra charges)	23	43
Commissions and agency fees	5	-
Diesel rebate	68	69
Insurance rebate	29	35
Recycling income (non-domestic)	_	5
Sale of gravel	63	132
Sale of high security water	248	175
Sale of scrap metal	31	_
Sales – general	_	2
Workers compensation recovery	30	48
Other	51	36
TOTAL OTHER REVENUE	620	627

Accounting policy for other revenue

Council recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Council and specific criteria have been met for each of the Council's activities as described below. Council bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Miscellaneous sales are recognised when physical possession has transferred to the customer which is deemed to be the point of transfer of risks and rewards.

Other income is recorded when the payment is due, the value of the payment is notified, or the payment is received, whichever occurs first.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 3. Income from continuing operations (continued)

(e) Grants General purpose (untied) Current year allocation Financial assistance – local roads component 676 Payment in advance – future year allocation Financial assistance – local roads component 1,578 Payment in advance – future year allocation Financial assistance – local roads component 1,620 Other 1,620 Pensioners' rates subsidies – general component 99 Specific purpose Pensioners' rates subsidies: – Water 46 46 – Sewerage 45 44 – Domestic waste management 39 40 – Sewerage services 65 85 Community care 3 298 Community carters – 5 Economic development 5 – 5 – 5 – 6 83 3 298 Community carters – 5 – Community carters – 5 – Explored and energency services 65 8 – Explored and cultural <t< th=""><th></th><th>2018</th><th>2017</th><th>2018</th><th>2017</th></t<>		2018	2017	2018	2017
General purpose (untied) Current year allocationFinancial assistance – general component1,5782,979Financial assistance – local roads component6761,281Payment in advance – future year allocationFinancial assistance – local roads component691656Financial assistance – local roads component691656656OtherPensioners' rates subsidies – general component999898Pensioners' rates subsidies – general component999898Pensioners' rates subsidies:-4,6646,556- Water4646 Sewerage4544 Domestic waste management3940-Sewerage services32Aged care-6-Subsifie and emergency services6585-Community care3298-Community cartes5Evinomental protection6EVI implementation funds1831-Library2228-Library – per capita3232-Library – per capita3232-Library – pecial projects87-Community (roads to recovery)1,2221,217-Transport (roads and bridges funding)3745006Street lighting4948-Transport (roads and bridges funding)374 <t< th=""><th>'000</th><th>Operating</th><th>Operating</th><th>Capital</th><th>Capital</th></t<>	'000	Operating	Operating	Capital	Capital
Current year allocation Financial assistance – general component 1,578 2,979 - Financial assistance – local roads component 676 1,281 - Payment in advance – future year allocation - - - Financial assistance – local roads component 1,620 1,542 - Financial assistance – local roads component 691 656 - Pensioners' rates subsidies – general component 99 98 - Total general purpose 4,664 6,556 - Specific purpose - 46 46 - Vater 46 46 - - - Domestic waste management 39 40 - - Severage services - - 3298 - - Community care 3 298 - - 5 - - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 -	e) Grants				
Financial assistance – general component 1,578 2,979 Financial assistance – local roads component 676 1,281 Payment in advance – future year allocation 1,620 1,542 Financial assistance – general component 1,620 1,542 Financial assistance – local roads component 691 656 Other 99 98 Pensioners' rates subsidies – general component 99 98 Total general purpose 4,664 6,556 Specific purpose Pensioners' rates subsidies: - - Water 46 46 - - Domestic waste management 39 40 - Sewerage services - - 322 Aged care - 6 - Community care 3 298 - Community certers - 5 - Economic development 5 1 - Economic development 5 1 - Economic development 5 1 - Library 2 2 28 - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Financial assistance - local roads component6761,281Payment in advance - future year allocation1,6201,542Financial assistance - general component691666Other9998Pensioners' rates subsidies - general component9998Total general purpose4,6646,556Specific purpose4646Pensioners' rates subsidies: Water4646- Domestic waste management3940Sewerage servicesAged care-6Bushfire and emergency services6585Community care3298Community carter5-ENVior Methods1831Heritage and cultural51Library per capita3232Library per capita3232Cond and cultureStreet lighting4948Transport (roads to recovery)1,222Transport (roads to recovery)1,222Transport (roads and bridges funding)374Stoue and a cultures-Community caper2,008Community caper-Stoue and and bridges funding)Aff<	-	1,578	2,979	_	_
Payment in advance – future year allocationFinancial assistance – general component1,6201,542Financial assistance – local roads component691656Other9998Pensioners' rates subsidies – general component9998Total general purpose4,6646,556Specific purpose4646Pensioners' rates subsidies: Water4646- Domestic waste management3940Sewerage servicesAged care-6Bushfire and emergency services6585Community care3298Community centres-5Economic development5-SPL implementation funds1831Library2228Library2228Library2228Library – per capita3232Library – per capita3232Library – special projects87LirkS subsidy3842Public hallsTransport (roads to recovery)1,2221,217Transport (roads to recovery)1,2221,217Transport (roads to recovery)1,2228,600NSW Recycling Relief17-Total specific purpose2,0082,404Total grants6,6728,960Grant revenue is attributable to:-				_	_
Financial assistance – local roads component691656Other9998Pensioners' rates subsidies – general component9998Specific purpose4,6646,556Pensioners' rates subsidies: Water4646- Sewerage4544- Domestic waste management3940Sewerage servicesAged care-6Bushfire and emergency services6585Community care3298Community care3298Especial projects831Library22Library22Library – per capita32Library – per capita32Library – per capita3842-Creating and culture-Transport (roads to recovery)1,2221,2221,217Transport (roads to recovery)1,2221,2231,2082,0082,404944Total specific purpose2,0082,0082,404944Grant revenue is attributable to:					
OtherPensioners' rates subsidies – general component9998Total general purpose4,6646,556Specific purposePensioners' rates subsidies:- Water4646- Sewerage4544- Domestic waste management3940Sewerage services 4ged care-6Bushfire and emergency services6585Community care3298Community centres-5Environmental protectionBibrary2228Library2228Library – per capita3232Library – per capita3232Subsidy3842Public hallsTransport (roads to recovery)1,2221,217Transport (other roads and bridges funding)374500NSW Recycling Relief17-Total specific purpose2,0082,404Otal grants6,6728,960Grant revenue is attributable to:-	inancial assistance – general component	1,620	1,542	-	-
Pensioners' rates subsidies – general component9998Total general purpose4,6646,556Specific purposePensioners' rates subsidies: Water4646- Sewerage4544- Domestic waste management3940Sewerage servicesAged care-6Bushfire and emergency services6585Community care3298Community centres-5Economic development5-SPL implementation funds1831Heritage and cultural51Library22288Library22288Library22288Comsuity oper capita322-Library – per capita3232Library – per capita3232Library – special projects87Transport (otals to recovery)1,2221,217Transport (other roads and bridges funding)374500NSW Recycling Relief17-Total specific purpose2,0082,404Otal grants6,6728,960Grant revenue is attributable to:-	inancial assistance – local roads component	691	656	-	-
Total general purpose4,6646,556Specific purposePensioners' rates subsidies:- Water4646- Sewerage4544- Domestic waste management3940Sewerage servicesAged care-6Bushfire and emergency services6585Community care3298Community centres-5Environmental protectionBerling and cultural51Library22Library22Library22Library - per capita32Library - special projects87Library - special projects87Street lighting4948Transport (roads to recovery)1,2221,217Transport (other roads and bridges funding)374500NSW Recycling Relief17-Total specific purpose2,0082,404Grant revenue is attributable to:594					
Specific purpose Pensioners' rates subsidies: - Water4646- Water4646- Sewerage4544- Domestic waste management3940Sewerage services322Aged care-6-Bushfire and emergency services6585-Community care3298-Community centres-5-Economic development5-5Environmental protection6ESPL implementation funds1831-Library222828Library - per capita3232-Library - per capita3232-Library - special projects87-Public hallsTransport (roads to recovery)1,2221,217-Transport (other roads and bridges funding)3745006NSW Recycling Relief17Total specific purpose2,0082,40494Total grants6,6728,96094	ensioners' rates subsidies – general compone	ent <u>99</u>	98		_
Pensioners' rates subsidies: - - Water 46 46 - Sewerage 45 44 - Domestic waste management 39 40 Sewerage services - - 32 Aged care - 6 - Bushfire and emergency services 65 85 - Community care 3 298 - Community care 3 298 - Community care - 5 - Economic development 5 - 50 Environmental protection - - 60 ESPL implementation funds 18 31 - Library 2 2 28 Library – per capita 32 32 - Library – per capita 32 32 - LiRS subsidy 38 42 - Public halls - - - Transport (roads to recovery) 1,222 1,217 - NSW Recycling Relief 17 - - -	otal general purpose	4,664	6,556		-
- Water 46 46 46 - Sewerage 45 44 46 - Domestic waste management 39 40 46 Sewerage services - - 324 Aged care - 6 46 Bushfire and emergency services 65 85 46 Community care 3 298 46 Community care - 5 5 Economic development 5 - 56 Environmental protection - - 66 ESPL implementation funds 18 31 5 Library 2 2 288 28 Library – per capita 32 32 - Library – special projects 8 7 - Recreation and culture - - 16 Street lighting 49 48 - Transport (other roads and bridges funding) 374 500 6 NSW Recycling Relief 17 - - - Total specific purpose 2,008 <td>pecific purpose</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	pecific purpose				
- Sewerage 45 44 - Domestic waste management 39 40 Sewerage services - - 322 Aged care - 6 - Bushfire and emergency services 65 85 - Community care 3 298 - Community centres - 5 - Economic development 5 - 56 ESPL implementation funds 18 31 - Heritage and cultural 5 1 - Library 2 2 288 - Library – per capita 322 32 - Library – per capita 32 32 - Library – special projects 8 7 - LiRS subsidy 38 42 - Public halls - - - Transport (roads to recovery) 1,222 1,217 - Transport (other roads and bridges funding) 374 5000 66 NSW Recycling Relief 17 - -	ensioners' rates subsidies:				
- Domestic waste management 39 40 Sewerage services - - 322 Aged care - 6 - Bushfire and emergency services 65 85 - Community care 3 298 - Community centres - 5 - Economic development 5 - 50 Environmental protection - - 66 ESPL implementation funds 18 31 - Heritage and cultural 5 1 - Library 2 2 28 Library – per capita 32 32 - Library – special projects 8 7 - LiRS subsidy 38 42 - Public halls - - 16 Street lighting 49 48 - Transport (roads to recovery) 1,222 1,217 - NSW Recycling Relief 17 - - Total specific purpose 2,008 2,404 944	– Water	46	46	-	-
Sewerage services322Aged care-6-Bushfire and emergency services6585-Community care3298-Community centres-5-Economic development5-5Environmental protection6ESPL implementation funds1831-Heritage and cultural51-Library2228Library - per capita3232-Library - special projects87-LIRS subsidy3842-Public halls16Street lighting4948-Transport (roads to recovery)1,2221,217-Transport (other roads and bridges funding)37450066NSW Recycling Relief17Total specific purpose2,0082,40494Total grants6,6728,960944Grant revenue is attributable to:	– Sewerage	45	44	-	_
Aged care-6Bushfire and emergency services6585Community care3298Community centres-5Economic development5-EsPL implementation funds1831Heritage and cultural51Library22Library - per capita3232Library - special projects87LIRS subsidy3842Public hallsTransport (roads to recovery)1,2221,217Transport (other roads and bridges funding)374500NSW Recycling Relief17-Total specific purpose2,0082,404Qata I grants6,6728,960Grant revenue is attributable to:-	 Domestic waste management 	39	40	-	_
Bushfire and emergency services6585Bushfire and emergency services6585Community care3298Community centres-5Economic development5-Environmental protectionGESPL implementation funds1831Heritage and cultural51Library22Library - per capita3232Library - special projects87LIRS subsidy3842Public hallsTransport (roads to recovery)1,2221,217Transport (other roads and bridges funding)374500NSW Recycling Relief17-Total specific purpose2,0082,404Grant revenue is attributable to:-	ewerage services	-	_	329	_
Community care 3 298 Community centres - 5 Economic development 5 - Environmental protection - - Heritage and cultural 18 31 Library 2 2 283 Library 2 2 283 Library – per capita 32 32 - Library – per capita 38 42 - LiBRS subsidy 38 42 - Public halls - - - Recreation and culture - - - Transport (roads to recovery) 1,222 1,217 - Transport (other roads and bridges funding) 374 500 6 NSW Recycling Relief 17 - - - Total specific purpose 2,008 2,404 944 Total grants 6,672 8,960 944	ged care	-	6	-	_
Community centres-5Economic development5-Environmental protectionESPL implementation funds1831Heritage and cultural51Library22Library - per capita3232Library - special projects87LIRS subsidy3842Public hallsRecreation and cultureStreet lighting4948Transport (roads to recovery)1,2221,217Transport (other roads and bridges funding)374500NSW Recycling Relief17-Total specific purpose2,0082,404Qrant revenue is attributable to:-	ushfire and emergency services	65	85	-	_
Economic development5-55Environmental protection66ESPL implementation funds1831-Heritage and cultural51-Library2228Library - per capita3232-Library - special projects87-LIRS subsidy3842-Public halls16Street lighting4948-Transport (roads to recovery)1,2221,217-Transport (other roads and bridges funding)37450066NSW Recycling Relief17Total specific purpose2,0082,40494Total grants6,6728,96094	community care	3	298	-	_
Environmental protection6ESPL implementation funds1831-Heritage and cultural51-Library2228Library - per capita3232Library - special projects87LIRS subsidy3842Public hallsRecreation and cultureStreet lighting4948Transport (roads to recovery)1,2221,217Transport (other roads and bridges funding)374500NSW Recycling Relief17-Total specific purpose2,0082,404Grant revenue is attributable to:594	community centres	-	5	-	-
ESPL implementation funds1831Heritage and cultural51Library22Library - per capita3232Library - special projects87LIRS subsidy3842Public hallsRecreation and cultureStreet lighting4948Transport (roads to recovery)1,2221,217Transport (other roads and bridges funding)374500NSW Recycling Relief17-Total specific purpose2,0082,404Total grants6,6728,960Grant revenue is attributable to:-	conomic development	5	_	50	251
Heritage and cultural51Library22283Library - per capita323232Library - special projects8738LIRS subsidy384238Public halls16Street lighting4948374Transport (roads to recovery)1,2221,217Transport (other roads and bridges funding)374500NSW Recycling Relief17-Total specific purpose2,0082,404Total grants6,6728,960Grant revenue is attributable to:-	nvironmental protection	-	_	62	62
Library22228Library - per capita323232Library - special projects8732LIRS subsidy384238Public hallsRecreation and culture16Street lighting4948-Transport (roads to recovery)1,2221,217-Transport (other roads and bridges funding)37450066NSW Recycling Relief17Total specific purpose2,0082,40494Total grants6,6728,96094Grant revenue is attributable to:	SPL implementation funds	18	31	-	-
Library - per capita3232Library - special projects87LIRS subsidy3842Public hallsRecreation and cultureStreet lighting4948Transport (roads to recovery)1,2221,217Transport (other roads and bridges funding)374500NSW Recycling Relief17-Total specific purpose2,0082,404Yotal grants6,6728,960Grant revenue is attributable to:-	eritage and cultural	5	1	-	-
Library – special projects87LIRS subsidy3842Public halls––Recreation and culture––Street lighting4948Transport (roads to recovery)1,2221,217Transport (other roads and bridges funding)374500NSW Recycling Relief17–Total specific purpose2,0082,404Total grants6,6728,960Grant revenue is attributable to:500	ibrary	2	2	283	-
LIRS subsidy3842Public hallsRecreation and cultureStreet lighting4948Transport (roads to recovery)1,2221,217Transport (other roads and bridges funding)374500NSW Recycling Relief17-Total specific purpose2,0082,404Total grants6,6728,960Grant revenue is attributable to:-	ibrary – per capita	32	32	-	-
Public hallsRecreation and culture16Street lighting4948-Transport (roads to recovery)1,2221,217-Transport (other roads and bridges funding)37450066NSW Recycling Relief17Total specific purpose2,0082,40494Total grants6,6728,96094	ibrary – special projects	8	7	-	-
Recreation and culture16Street lighting4948-Transport (roads to recovery)1,2221,217-Transport (other roads and bridges funding)37450065NSW Recycling Relief17Total specific purpose2,0082,40494Total grants6,6728,96094	IRS subsidy	38	42	-	-
Street lighting4948Transport (roads to recovery)1,2221,217Transport (other roads and bridges funding)374500NSW Recycling Relief17-Total specific purpose2,0082,404Total grants6,6728,960Grant revenue is attributable to:500	ublic halls	-	_	2	-
Transport (roads to recovery)1,2221,217Transport (other roads and bridges funding)37450060NSW Recycling Relief17Total specific purpose2,0082,404944Total grants6,6728,960944	ecreation and culture	-	_	161	186
Transport (other roads and bridges funding)37450062NSW Recycling Relief17Total specific purpose2,0082,40494Total grants6,6728,96094Grant revenue is attributable to:55	treet lighting	49	48	-	_
NSW Recycling Relief17-Total specific purpose2,0082,404Total grants6,6728,960Grant revenue is attributable to:941	ransport (roads to recovery)	1,222	1,217	-	_
Total specific purpose2,0082,40494Total grants6,6728,96094Grant revenue is attributable to:6,6728,96094	ransport (other roads and bridges funding)	374	500	62	827
Total grants6,6728,96094Grant revenue is attributable to:	SW Recycling Relief	17			_
Grant revenue is attributable to:	otal specific purpose	2,008	2,404	949	1,326
	otal grants	6,672	8,960	949	1,326
	rant revenue is attributable to:				
	Commonwealth funding	4,565	4,399	_	251
5	-	-		949	1,075
				949	1,326

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 3. Income from continuing operations (continued)

		2018	2017	2018	2017
\$ '000	Notes	Operating	Operating	Capital	Capital
(f) Contributions					
Developer contributions:					
(s7.4 & s7.11 – EP&A Act, s64 of the LGA):					
Cash contributions					
S 7.11 - contributions towards amenities/service	ces	_	_	21	4
S 64 – water supply contributions		_	_	58	93
S 64 – sewerage service contributions		_	_	3	6
Other developer contributions (assets)				18	_
Total developer contributions – cash	-			100	103
Total developer contributions	21	_		100	103
Other contributions:					
Cash contributions					
Drainage		_	-	-	284
Kerb and gutter		5	-	28	1
Paving		-	-	22	107
RMS contributions (regional roads, block grant)	998	980	613	127
Other		5	4		17
Total other contributions – cash	-	1,008	984	663	536
Non-cash contributions					
Recreation and culture				48	
Total other contributions – non-cash	-			48	
Total other contributions	-	1,008	984	711	536
Total contributions	_	1,008	984	811	639
TOTAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIC	NS -	7,680	9,944	1,760	1,965
		.,	_,		.,

Accounting policy for contributions

Control over grants and contributions is normally obtained upon their receipt (or acquittal) and is valued at the fair value of the granted or contributed asset at the date of transfer.

Where grants or contributions recognised as revenues during the financial year were obtained on condition that they be expended in a particular manner or used over a particular period and those conditions were un-discharged at reporting date, the unused grant or contribution is disclosed above.

A liability is recognised in respect of revenue that is reciprocal in nature to the extent that the requisite service has not been provided at reporting date.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 3. Income from continuing operations (continued)

\$ '000	2018	2017
(g) Unspent grants and contributions		
Certain grants and contributions are obtained by Council on condition that they be spent in a specified manner:		
Operating grants Unexpended at the close of the previous reporting period	1,082	121
Add: operating grants recognised in the current period but not yet spent	5	1,011
Less: operating grants recognised in a previous reporting period now spent	(1,082)	(50)
Unexpended and held as restricted assets (operating grants)	5	1,082
Capital grants Add: capital grants recognised in the current period but not yet spent	505	_
Unexpended and held as restricted assets (capital grants)	505	
Contributions Add: contributions recognised in the current period but not yet spent	255	_
Unexpended and held as restricted assets (contributions)	255	

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 4. Expenses from continuing operations

\$ '000 Notes	2018	2017
(a) Employee benefits and on-costs		
Salaries and wages	6,313	6,177
Travel expenses	206	208
Employee leave entitlements (ELE)	1,091	649
ELE on-costs	221	159
Superannuation – defined contribution plans	463	459
Superannuation – defined benefit plans	178	178
Workers' compensation insurance	146	118
Fringe benefit tax (FBT)	32	37
Training costs (other than salaries and wages)	215	145
Protective clothing	37	29
Other	26	49
Total employee costs	8,928	8,208
Less: capitalised costs	(1,187)	(1,137)
TOTAL EMPLOYEE COSTS EXPENSED	7,741	7,071

Accounting policy for employee benefits and on-costs

Employee benefit expenses are recorded when the service has been provided by the employee.

Retirement benefit obligations

All employees of the Council are entitled to benefits on retirement, disability or death. Council contributes to various defined benefit plans and defined contribution plans on behalf of its employees.

Superannuation plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense as they become payable. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

Council participates in a Defined Benefit Plan under the Local Government Superannuation Scheme, however, when sufficient information to account for the plan as a defined benefit is not available and therefore Council accounts for its obligations to defined benefit plans on the same basis as its obligations to defined contribution plans, i.e. as an expense when it becomes payable – refer to Note 16 for more information.

(b) Borrowing costs	2018	2017
(i) Interest bearing liability costs Interest on loans Total interest bearing liability costs expensed	53 53	62 62
 (ii) Other borrowing costs Discount adjustments relating to movements in provisions (other than ELE) Remediation liabilities 11 	6	10
Total other borrowing costs TOTAL BORROWING COSTS EXPENSED	6 59	10 72

Accounting policy for borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred for the construction of any qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 4. Expenses from continuing operations (continued)

\$ '000	2018	2017
(c) Materials and contracts		
Raw materials and consumables	2,110	2,950
Contractor and consultancy costs	5	2
 Domestic waste and recycling collection contract 	453	372
Auditors remuneration ⁽¹⁾	39	31
Legal expenses:		
 Legal expenses: planning and development 	11	1
 Legal expenses: debt recovery 	31	38
TOTAL MATERIALS AND CONTRACTS	2,649	3,394

1. Auditor remuneration

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of Council, related practices and non-related audit firms

Auditors of the Council – NSW Auditor-General:

(i) Audit and other assurance services		
Audit and review of financial statements	39	31
Remuneration for audit and other assurance services	39	31
Total Auditor-General remuneration	39	31
Total Auditor remuneration	39	31

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 4. Expenses from continuing operations (continued)

\$ '000 Notes	2018	2017
(d) Depreciation, amortisation and impairment		
Depreciation and amortisation		
Plant and equipment	767	705
Office equipment	45	46
Land improvements (depreciable)	30	40 25
Infrastructure:	00	20
– Buildings – non-specialised	10	15
– Buildings – specialised	575	667
– Roads	2,551	2,451
– Bridges	107	107
– Footpaths	68	67
– Stormwater drainage	235	232
– Water supply network	615	645
– Sewerage network	548	656
– Swimming pools	61	61
– Other open space/recreational assets	113	111
Other assets:	-	
- Heritage collections	1	1
– Library books	39	20
– Other	86	55
Reinstatement, rehabilitation and restoration assets:		
– Tip assets	6	9
– Quarry assets	4	_
Total depreciation and amortisation costs 9 & 11	5,861	5,873
Impairment / revaluation decrement of IPP&E		(78)
Total IPP&E impairment / revaluation decrement costs / (reversals)		(78)
TOTAL DEPRECIATION, AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT /		
REVALUATION DECREMENT COSTS EXPENSED	5,861	5,795

Accounting policy for depreciation, amortisation and impairment expenses

Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation and amortisation are calculated using the straight line method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives. Useful lives are included in Note 9 for IPPE assets.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life or are not yet available for use are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

Impairment losses for revalued assets are firstly offset against the amount in the revaluation surplus for the class of asset, with only the excess to be recognised in the Income Statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 4. Expenses from continuing operations (continued)

\$ '000	2018	2017
(e) Other expenses		
Advertising	83	43
Bad and doubtful debts	-	1
Bank charges	36	40
Cleaning	5	4
Contributions/levies to other levels of government		
 Emergency services levy (includes FRNSW, SES, and RFS levies) 	13	16
 – NSW fire brigade levy 	48	48
 – NSW rural fire service levy 	111	154
 Other contributions/levies – Kurrajong Therapy Plus 	59	_
Councillor expenses – mayoral fee	25	25
Councillor expenses – councillors' fees	90	91
Councillors' expenses (incl. mayor) – other (excluding fees above)	86	63
Donations, contributions and assistance to other organisations (Section 356)		
- Central Murray County Council	126	122
- Heritage and cultural programs	23	21
- Public halls and community facilities	24	23
- Riverina and Murray Regional Organisation of Councils	15	14
– Sporting grounds	65	62
– Swimming pools	98	98
– Tourism and area promotion	71	64
– Other	3	_
Election expenses	2	58
Electricity and heating	351	304
Insurance	322	369
Street lighting	193	194
Subscriptions and publications	40	26
Telephone and communications	60	58
Valuation fees	_	40
Other	174	153
TOTAL OTHER EXPENSES	2,123	2,091

Accounting policy for other expenses

Other expenses are recorded on an accruals basis as the Council receives the goods or services.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 5. Gains or losses from the disposal of assets

\$ '000	Notes	2018	2017
4 000	NOLES	2010	2017
Property (excl. investment property)	9		
Proceeds from disposal – property		260	_
Less: carrying amount of property assets sold/written off		(111)	_
Net gain/(loss) on disposal		149	-
Plant and equipment	9		
Proceeds from disposal – plant and equipment	0	462	369
Less: carrying amount of plant and equipment assets sold/written off		(123)	(226)
Net gain/(loss) on disposal		339	143
Infrastructure	9		
Less: carrying amount of infrastructure written off		(7)	(188)
Net gain/(loss) on disposal		(7)	(188)
Real estate assets held for sale	8		
Proceeds from disposal – real estate assets		_	48
Net gain/(loss) on disposal		-	48
Remediation assets			
		(2)	
Less: carrying amount of Remediation assets assets sold/written off	_ ·	(3)	
Net gain/(loss) on disposal		(3)	
NET GAIN/(LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF ASSETS		478	3
	-		

Accounting policy for disposal of assets

The gain or loss on sale of an asset is determined when control of the asset has irrevocably passed to the buyer and the asset is derecognised.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 6(a). Cash and cash equivalent assets

\$ '000	2018	2017
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand and at bank	5,967_	5,730
Total cash and cash equivalents	5,967	5,730

Accounting policy for cash and cash equivalents

For Statement of Cash Flow presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand; deposits held at call with financial institutions; other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value; and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the Statement of Financial Position.

Note 6(b). Investments

	2018	2018	2017	2017
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Investments				
'Held to maturity'	26,000		23,000	
Total investments	26,000		23,000	
TOTAL CASH ASSETS, CASH				
EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS	31,967		28,730	
Held to maturity investments				
Long term deposits	26,000		23,000	
Total	26,000		23,000	

Accounting policy for investments

Classification

Council classifies its financial assets in the following categories: loans and receivables; held-to-maturity investments.

The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and, in the case of assets classified as held-to-maturity, re-evaluates this designation at each reporting date.

Held to maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that Council's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. Assets in this category are measured at amortised cost.

Recognition and de-recognition

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date: the date on which Council commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the income statement. Investments are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and Council has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 6(c). Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments – details

\$ '000	2018 Current	2018 Non-current	2017 Current	2017 Non-current
•••••				
Total cash, cash equivalents				
and investments	31,967		28,730	
attributable to:				
External restrictions (refer below)	19,247	-	17,263	-
Internal restrictions (refer below)	4,627	-	4,367	-
Unrestricted	8,093		7,100	
	31,967		28,730	
\$ '000			2018	2017
Details of restrictions				
External restrictions				
Developer contributions – general			255	173
Specific purpose unexpended grants			510	909
Water supplies			8,462	7,532
Sewerage services			5,913	6,009
Domestic waste management			4,107	2,501
Other			_	139
Total external restrictions		_	19,247	17,263
Internal restrictions				
Plant and vehicle replacement			1,087	1,559
Employees leave entitlement			389	389
Aerodrome			215	165
Capital works reserve			1,848	1,230
Finley saleyard			99	99
Information technology			400	350
Levee bank construction			270	298
Risk management			267	217
Tourism events			52	60
Total internal restrictions		_	4,627	4,367
TOTAL RESTRICTIONS		_	23,874	21,630

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 7. Receivables

	20)18	2017			
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current		
Purpose						
Rates and annual charges	335	_	367	_		
User charges and fees	1,247	_	900	_		
Accrued revenues						
 Interest on investments 	277	_	193	_		
 Other income accruals 	959	_	340	_		
Net GST receivable	15	_	62	_		
Total	2,833		1,862	-		
Less: provision for impairment Nil						
TOTAL NET RECEIVABLES	2,833		1,862			
Externally restricted receivables						
Water supply						
 Rates and availability charges 	233	_	38	-		
– Other	14	_	254	-		
Sewerage services						
 Rates and availability charges 	90	_	76	-		
– Other	89		2			
Total external restrictions	426	-	370	-		
Unrestricted receivables	2,407		1,492			
TOTAL NET RECEIVABLES	2,833		1,862			
Movement in provision for impairment of	2018	2017				
Balance at the beginning of the year		18				
 amounts already provided for and written of 	_	(18)				
Balance at the end of the year						

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 7. Receivables (continued)

Accounting policy for receivables

Recognition and measurement

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the reporting date which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are included in receivables (Note 7) in the Statement of Financial Position.

Receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

Cash flows relating to short-term receivables are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial.

Impairment

For loans and receivables the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Collectability of receivables is reviewed on an on-going basis. Debts that are known to be uncollectible are written off by reducing the carrying amount directly. An allowance account (provision for impairment of receivables) is used when there is objective evidence that Council will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments (more than 120 days overdue) are considered indicators that the receivable is impaired. When a receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectable in a subsequent period it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in the Income statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 8. Inventories and other assets

	20	18	20	2017		
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current		
(a) Inventories						
Inventories at cost						
Real estate for resale (refer below (i))	93	185	-	185		
Stores and materials	194		218			
Total inventories at cost	287	185	218	185		
TOTAL INVENTORIES	287	185	218	185		
(b) Other assets						
Prepayments	65		60			
TOTAL OTHER ASSETS	65		60			
Externally restricted assets						
Water						
Stores and materials	68		59			
Total water	68		59			
Sewerage						
Stores and materials	3		3			
Total sewerage	3		3			
Total externally restricted assets	71	_	62	_		
Total unrestricted assets	281	185	216	185		
TOTAL INVENTORIES AND OTHER ASSETS	352	185	278	185		

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 8. Inventories and other assets (continued)

	20)18	2017		
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current	
(i) Details for real estate development					
Residential	_	12	_	185	
Industrial/commercial	93	173			
Total real estate for resale	93	185	_	185	
(Valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value)					
Represented by:					
Acquisition costs	_	185	_	185	
Development costs	93				
Total real estate for resale	93	185	-	185	
Movements:					
Real estate assets at beginning of the year	_	185	_	185	
- Purchases and other costs	93				
Total real estate for resale	93	185	_	185	

Accounting policy

Raw materials and stores

Raw materials and stores are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Costs are assigned to individual items of inventory on basis of weighted average costs. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Inventory held for distribution

Inventory held for distribution is held at cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

Land held for resale/capitalisation of borrowing costs

Land held for resale is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is assigned by specific identification and includes the cost of acquisition, and development and borrowing costs during development. When development is completed borrowing costs and other holding charges are expensed as incurred.

Borrowing costs included in the cost of land held for resale are those costs that would have been avoided if the expenditure on the acquisition and development of the land had not been made. Borrowing costs incurred while active development is interrupted for extended periods are recognised as expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 9. Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment

Asset class	Asset movements during the reporting period			eriod										
		as at 30/6/2017											as at 30/6/2018	
\$ '000	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Net carrying amount	Additions renewals	Additions new assets	Carrying value of disposals	Depreciation expense	WIP transfers	Adjustments and transfers	Revaluation decrements to equity (ARR)	Revaluation increments to equity (ARR)	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Net carrying amount
Capital work in progress	2,317	_	2,317	1,477	840	_	_	(3,451)	_	_	_	1,183	_	1,183
Plant and equipment	7,214	4,751	2,463	1,660	-	(123)	(767)	(72)	-	-	_	7,492	4,331	3,161
Office equipment	989	859	130	40	-		(45)		-	-	_	1,029	904	125
Land:														
 Operational land 	6,869		6,869	125	-	(111)		-	(120)	(156)	2,692	9,299	_	9,299
 Community land 	320		320	-	-			-		(50)		270	_	270
 Land under roads (post 30/6/08) 	30		30	-	-	-		-	142		62	234	_	234
Land improvements – depreciable	663	163	500	-	-	-	(30)	-	28	-	74	765	193	572
Infrastructure:														
 Buildings – non-specialised 	774	261	513	-	-	-	(10)	-		-	134	680	43	637
 Buildings – specialised 	37,205	19,765	17,440	24	282	-	(575)	10		-	13,131	41,704	11,392	30,312
- Roads	153,426	42,071	111,355	1,965	-	(7)	(2,551)	3,668	(166)	(1,354)	-	157,312	44,402	112,910
– Bridges	7,975	4,354	3,621	4	-	-	(107)	-		(2)	-	7,969	4,453	3,516
 Footpaths 	4,323	1,111	3,212	15	-	-	(68)	-	166	-	14	4,518	1,179	3,339
 Bulk earthworks (non-depreciable) 	2,976	-	2,976	283	-	-	-	-		-	-	3,259	-	3,259
 Stormwater drainage 	22,431	4,430	18,001	8	339	-	(235)	-	(50)	(831)	-	21,863	4,631	17,232
 Water supply network 	46,750	18,973	27,777	264	-	-	(615)	(254)		(962)	-	47,638	21,428	26,210
 Sewerage network 	42,522	25,187	17,335	56	-	-	(548)	237		-	1,965	41,215	22,170	19,045
 Swimming pools 	2,901	1,287	1,614	51	-	-	(61)	-	-	-	-	2,952	1,348	1,604
 Other open space/recreational assets 	7,625	4,108	3,517	599	-	-	(113)	(35)		-	-	8,189	4,221	3,968
Other assets:														
 Heritage collections 	70	1	69	-	-	-	(1)	-		-	-	70	2	68
 Library books 	905	695	210	26	-	-	(39)	-		-	-	931	734	197
– Other	8,437	5,787	2,650	278	-	-	(86)	(103)		-	-	8,596	5,857	2,739
Reinstatement, rehabilitation and restoration assets (refer Note 11):														
– Tip assets	246	62	184	-		-	(6)	-	_	-	78	324	68	256
 Quarry assets 	50	23	27	-		(3)			_	-	_	47	27	20
TOTAL INFRASTRUCTURE, PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIP.	357,018		223,130	6,875	1,461	(244)		_	_	(3,355)	18,150	367,539	127,383	240,156

Renewals are defined as the replacement of existing assets (as opposed to the acquisition of new assets).

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 9. Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment (continued)

Accounting policy for infrastructure, property, plant and equipment

Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment are held at fair value. Independent valuations are performed at least every five years, however the carrying amount of assets is assessed at each reporting date to confirm that it is not materially different from current fair value.

Water and sewerage network assets are indexed at each reporting period in accordance with the Rates Reference Manual issued by Crown Lands and Water (CLAW).

Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation are credited to the asset revaluation reserve. To the extent that the increase reverses a decrease previously recognising profit or loss relating to that asset class, the increase is first recognised as profit or loss. Decreases that reverse previous increases of assets in the same class are first charged against revaluation reserves directly in equity to the extent of the remaining reserve attributable to the class; all other decreases are charged to the Income Statement.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to Council and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight line method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Plant and equipment Office equipment Office furniture Computer equipment Vehicles Heavy plant/road making equipment Other plant and equipment	Years 5 to 10 10 to 20 4 5 to 8 5 to 8 5 to 15	Other equipment Playground equipment Benches, seats etc. Buildings Buildings: masonry Buildings: other	Years 5 to 15 10 to 20 50 to 100 20 to 40
Water and sewer assets Dams and reservoirs Bores Reticulation pipes: PVC Reticulation pipes: other Pumps and telemetry	80 to 100 20 to 40 70 to 80 25 to 75 15 to 20	Stormwater assets Drains Culverts Flood control structures	80 to 100 50 to 80 80 to 100
Transportation assets Sealed roads: surface Sealed roads: structure Unsealed roads Bridge: concrete Bridge: other Road pavements Kerb, gutter and footpaths	20 50 20 100 50 60 40	Other infrastructure assets Bulk earthworks Swimming pools Unsealed roads Other open space/recreational assets Other infrastructure	20 50 20 20 20

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the Income statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 9. Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment (continued)

Land under roads

Land under roads is land under roadways and road reserves including land under footpaths, nature strips and median strips.

Council has elected not to recognise land under roads acquired before 1 July 2008 in accordance with AASB 1051 Land Under Roads.

Land under roads acquired after 1 July 2008 is recognised in accordance with AASB 116 Property, Plant and Equipment.

Crown reserves

Crown Reserves under Council's care and control are recognised as assets of the Council. While ownership of the reserves remains with the Crown, Council retains operational control of the reserves and is responsible for their maintenance and use in accordance with the specific purposes to which the reserves are dedicated. Improvements on Crown Reserves are also recorded as assets, while maintenance costs incurred by Council and revenues relating to the reserves are recognised within Council's Income Statement.

Rural Fire Service assets

Under section 119 of the Rural Fire Services Act 1997 (NSW), "all fire fighting equipment purchased or constructed wholly or from money to the credit of the Fund is to be vested in the council of the area for or on behalf of which the fire fighting equipment has been purchased or constructed".

Until such time as discussions on this matter have concluded and the legislation changed, Council will not recognise rural fire service assets including plant and vehicles. Land and buildings are recognised.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 10. Payables and borrowings

	20)18	2017		
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current	
Payables					
Goods and services – operating expenditure	719	_	320	-	
Accrued expenses:					
– Salaries and wages	337	_	154	-	
- Other expenditure accruals	2	_	25	_	
Security bonds, deposits and retentions	60		34		
Total payables	1,118		533		
Income received in advance					
Payments received in advance	211	_	191	-	
Total income received in advance	211		191		
Borrowings					
Loans – secured ¹	155	995	148	1,149	
Total borrowings	155	995	148	1,149	
TOTAL PAYABLES AND BORROWINGS	1,484	995	872	1,149	

(a) Payables and borrowings relating to restricted assets

	20	18	2017		
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current	
Externally restricted assets					
Water	15				
Payables and borrowings relating to externally restricted assets	15				
Total payables and borrowings relating to restricted assets	15		_		
Total payables and borrowings relating to unrestricted assets	1,469	995	872	1,149	
TOTAL PAYABLES AND BORROWINGS	1,484	995	872	1,149	

^{1.} Loans are secured over the general rating income of Council

Disclosures on liability interest rate risk exposures, fair value disclosures and security can be found in Note 17.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 10. Payables and borrowings (continued)

\$ '000

(b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

	2017		2018			
Class of borrowings	Opening balance as at 1/7/17	Cash flows	Acquisition	Fair value changes	Other non-cash movements	Closing balance as at 30/6/18
Loans – secured	1,297	(147)	_	_	_	1,150
TOTAL	1,297	(147)	_	-	-	1,150

Accounting policy for payables and borrowings

Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Council prior to the end of financial year that are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the Statement of Financial Position when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in other income or finance cost.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless Council has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 11. Provisions

	20	2017		
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Drevisions				
Provisions				
Employee benefits: Annual leave	773		981	
Long service leave	1,495	_ 31	981 1,565	
Other leave	40	-	24	
Sub-total – aggregate employee benefits	2,308	31	2,570	71
Asset remediation/restoration:	_,		_,	
Asset remediation/restoration (future works)	34	340	34	334
Sub-total – asset remediation/restoration	34	340	34	334
TOTAL PROVISIONS	2,342	371	2,604	405
\$ '000			2018	2017
 (a) Current provisions not anticipated to be seen next twelve months The following provisions, even though classified a expected to be settled in the next 12 months. 		t		
Provisions – employees benefits			1,682	1,845
			1,682	1,845
(b) Description of and movements in provision	ns		Otl	her provisions
2018			Asset remediation	Tota
At beginning of year			368	368
Changes to provision:				
Unwinding of discount			6	6
Total other provisions at end of year			374	374
2017				
At beginning of year			282	282
Changes to provision: Remeasurement effects			76	76
Unwinding of discount			10	10
			10	10
Total other provisions at end of year			368	368

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 11. Provisions (continued)

Nature and purpose of non-employee benefit provisions

Asset remediation

Council has a legal/public obligation to make, restore, rehabilitate and reinstate the council tip and quarry.

Accounting policy for provisions

Provisions are recognised when Council has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. The discount rate used to determine the present value reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Employee benefits

Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and accumulating sick leave expected to be wholly settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liability for annual leave and accumulating sick leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits. All other short-term employee benefit obligations are presented as payables.

Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liability for long service leave and annual leave that is not expected to be wholly settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method.

Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures, and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the end of the reporting period on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position if the Council does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting date, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 11. Provisions (continued)

Provisions for close-down and restoration, and environmental clean-up costs – tips and quarries

Restoration

Close down and restoration costs include the dismantling and demolition of infrastructure and the removal of residual materials and remediation of disturbed areas. Estimated close down and restoration costs are provided for in the accounting period when the obligation arising from the related disturbance occurs, whether this occurs during the development or during the operation phase, based on the net present value of estimated future costs.

Provisions for close down and restoration costs do not include any additional obligations which are expected to arise from future disturbance. The costs are estimated on the basis of a closure plan. The cost estimates are calculated annually during the life of the operation to reflect known developments, eg updated cost estimates and revisions to the estimated lives of operations, and are subject to formal review at regular intervals

Rehabilitation

Where rehabilitation is conducted systematically over the life of the operation, rather than at the time of closure, provision is made for the estimated outstanding continuous rehabilitation work at each reporting date and the cost is charged to the Income Statement.

Provision is made for the estimated present value of the costs of environmental clean up obligations outstanding at the reporting date. These costs are charged to the Income Statement. Movements in the environmental clean up provisions are presented as an operating cost, except for the unwinding of the discount which is shown as a borrowing cost.

Remediation procedures generally commence soon after the time the damage, remediation process and estimated remediation costs become known, but may continue for many years depending on the nature of the disturbance and the remediation techniques.

As noted above, the ultimate cost of environmental remediation is uncertain and cost estimates can vary in response to many factors including changes to the relevant legal requirements, the emergence of new restoration techniques or experience at other locations. The expected timing of expenditure can also change, for example in response to changes in quarry reserves or production rates. As a result there could be significant adjustments to the provision for close down and restoration and environmental clean up, which would affect future financial results.

Other movements in the provisions for close down and restoration costs, including those resulting from new disturbance, updated cost estimates, changes to the estimated lives of operations and revisions to discount rates are capitalised within property, plant and equipment. These costs are then depreciated over the lives of the assets to which they relate.

Close down and restoration costs are a normal consequence of tip and quarry operations, and the majority of close down and restoration expenditure is incurred at the end of the life of the operations. Although the ultimate cost to be incurred is uncertain, Council estimates the respective costs based on feasibility and engineering studies using current restoration standards and techniques.

Note 12. Accumulated surplus, revaluation reserves, changes in accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors

Nature and purpose of reserves

Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment revaluation reserve

The infrastructure, property, plant and equipment revaluation reserve is used to record increments / decrements of non-current asset values due to their revaluation.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 13. Statement of cash flows - additional information

\$ '000	Notes	2018	2017
(a) Reconciliation of cash assets			
Total cash and cash equivalent assets	6a	5,967	5,730
Balance as per the Statement of Cash Flows		5,967	5,730
(b) Reconciliation of net operating result			
to cash provided from operating activities			
Net operating result from Income Statement		6,351	7,430
Adjust for non-cash items:			
Depreciation and amortisation		5,861	5,873
Net losses/(gains) on disposal of assets		(478)	(3)
Reversal of prior year IPP&E revaluation decrements /			(70)
impairment previously costed direct to the P&L Unwinding of discount rates on reinstatement provisions		6	(78) 86
onwinding of discount rates on reinstatement provisions		0	00
+/- Movement in operating assets and liabilities and other cash items:			
Decrease/(increase) in receivables		(971)	(693)
Increase/(decrease) in provision for doubtful debts		-	(18)
Decrease/(increase) in inventories		24	5
Decrease/(increase) in other assets		(5)	(33)
Increase/(decrease) in payables		399	(315)
Increase/(decrease) in other accrued expenses payable		160	83
Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities		46	27
Increase/(decrease) in employee leave entitlements		(302)	(72)
Net cash provided from/(used in)			
operating activities from the Statement of Cash Flows	-	11,043	12,292
(c) Non-cash investing and financing activities			
Other - Committee constructed buildings		48	
Total non-cash investing and financing activities		48	_
	-		

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 14. Interests in other entities

(a) Associates

(i) County Councils

Council is a member of the Central Murray Council, a body corporate established under the *Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)* responsible for noxious weed management. Council is one of 3 constituent members and does not have significant influence over the County Council. Accordingly, the County Council has not been consolidated in the financial statements.

Council has been proclaimed as part of the Riverina and Murray Joint Organisation.

Note 15. Commitments for expenditure

\$ '000	2018	2017
(a) Capital commitments (exclusive of GST)		
Capital expenditure committed for at the reporting date but not recognised in the financial statements as liabilities:		
Property, plant and equipment		
Plant and equipment	54	837
Water infrastructure	_	20
Roadworks	1,148	1,260
Sewer Infrastructure	20	67
Drainage		10
Total commitments	1,222	2,194
These expenditures are payable as follows:		
Within the next year	1,222	2,194
Total payable	1,222	2,194
Sources for funding of capital commitments:		
Unrestricted general funds	53	108
Future grants and contributions	1,085	1,452
Externally restricted reserves	84	584
Internally restricted reserves		50
Total sources of funding	1,222	2,194

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 16. Contingencies and other liabilities/assets not recognised

The following assets and liabilities do not qualify for recognition in the Statement of Financial Position, but their knowledge and disclosure is considered relevant to the users of Council's financial report.

LIABILITIES NOT RECOGNISED:

1. Guarantees

(i) Defined benefit superannuation contribution plans

Council participates in an employer-sponsored defined benefit superannuation scheme and makes contributions as determined by the superannuation scheme's trustees.

Member councils bear responsibility of ensuring there are sufficient funds available to pay out the required benefits as they fall due.

While the scheme's most recent full actuarial review indicated that the net assets of the scheme were sufficient to meet the accrued benefits of the scheme's defined benefit member category, member councils are required to make contributions in future years where the scheme goes into deficit (as has occurred in previous years).

The Local Government Superannuation Scheme however is unable to provide Council with an accurate estimate of any share of the net deficit and accordingly Council has not recorded any net liability from its defined benefit scheme obligations in accordance with AASB 119.

Future planned contributions being made to the defined benefit scheme to rectify past (and projected) deficit positions will be recognised as an expense when they become payable – similar to the accounting for defined contributions plans.

Member councils are treated as Pooled Employers for the purposes of AASB119. Pooled Employers are required to pay standard employer contributions and additonal lump sum contributions to the Fund.

The standard employer contributions were determined using the new entrant rate method under which a contribution rate sufficeint to fund the total benefits over the working life-time of a typical new entrant is calculated. The current standard employer contribution rates are:

Division B	1.9 times employee contributions
Division C	2.5% salaries
Division D	1.64 times employee contributions

The additional lump sum contribution for each Pooled Employer is a share of the total additional contributions of \$40.0 million per annum from 1 July 2017 for 4 years to 30 June 2021, apportioned according to each employer's share of the accured liabilities as at 30 June 2017. These additional lump sum contributions are used to fund the defecit of assets to accrued liabilities as 30 June 2017.

The adequacy of contributions is assessed at each triennial actuarial investigatoin and monitored annually between triennials.

As stated above, each sponsoring employer is exposed to the actuarial risks associated with current and former employees of other sponsoring employers and hence shares in the associated gains and losses.

However, there is no relief under the Fund's trust deed for employrers to walk away from their defined benefit obligations. Under limited circumstances, an employer may withdraw from the plan when there are no active members, on full payment of outstanding additional contributions. There is no provision for allocation of any surplus which may be present at the date of withdrawal of the entity.

There are no specific provisions under the Fund's trust deed dealing with deficits or suplus on wind-up.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 16. Contingencies and other liabilities/assets not recognised (continued)

(i) Defined benefit superannuation contribution plans (continued)

There is no provision for the allocation of any surplus which may be present at the date of withdrawal of an employer.

The plan is a defined benefit plan. However, each sponsoring employer is exposed to the actuarial risks associated with current and former employees of other sponsoring employers and hence shares in the associated gains and losses (to the extent that they are not bourne by members). As such, there is not sufficient reliable information to allow each sponsoring employer to account for its proportionate share of the defined benefit obligation, sub-group assets and costs associated with the sub-group in the same way as it would for a single employer sponsored defined benefit plan.

The amount of Council employer contributions to the defined benefit section of the Fund and recognised as an expense and disclosed as part of superannuation expenses at Note 4 (a) for the year ending 30 June 2018 was **\$161,874**

The last valuation of the Fund was by the Actuary, Mr Richard Boyfield, FIAA on 12 December 2017, relating to the period ended 30 June 2017.

Council's expected contributions to the Fund for the next annual reporting reporting period is \$140,731.

The estimated employer reserves financial position for the Pooled Employers at 30 June 2018 is:

Employer reserves only *	\$ millions	Asset Coverage
Assets	1,817.8	
Past Service Liabilities	1,787.5	101.7%
Vested Benefits	1,778.0	102.2%

* excluding member accounts and reserves in both assets and liabilites.

The key economic long term assumptions used to calculate the present value of accrued benefits are:

Investment return	6.0% per annum
Salary inflation *	3.5% per annum
Increase in CPI	2.5% per annum

* Plus promotional increases

The contribution requirements may vary from the current rates if the overall sub-group experience is not in line with the actuarial assumptions in determining the funding program, however any adjustment to the funding program would be the same for all sponsoring employers in the Pooled Employers group.

Please note that the estimated employer reserves financial position above is a preliminary calculation and once all the relevant information has been received by the Funds Actuary, the 2018 triennial review will be completed around December 2018.

Council's additional lump sum contribution is around **0.14%** of the total additonal lump sum contributions for all Pooled Employers (of \$40m each year from 1 July 2017 to 30 June 2021) provides an indication of the level of participation of Council compared with other employers in the Pooled Employer sub-group.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 16. Contingencies and other liabilities/assets not recognised (continued)

(ii) Statewide Limited

Council is a member of Statewide Mutual, a mutual pool scheme providing liability insurance to local government.

Membership includes the potential to share in either the net assets or liabilities of the fund depending on its past performance. Council's share of the net assets or liabilities reflects Council's contributions to the pool and the result of insurance claims within each of the fund years.

The future realisation and finalisation of claims incurred but not reported to 30 June this year may result in future liabilities or benefits as a result of past events that Council will be required to fund or share in respectively.

(iii) StateCover Limited

Council is a member of StateCover Mutual Limited and holds a partly paid share in the entity.

StateCover is a company providing workers compensation insurance cover to the NSW local government industry and specifically Council.

2. Other liabilities

(i) Third party claims

The Council is involved from time to time in various claims incidental to the ordinary course of business including claims for damages relating to its services.

Council believes that it is appropriately covered for all claims through its insurance coverage and does not expect any material liabilities to eventuate.

(ii) Other guarantees

Council has provided no other guarantees other than those listed above.

ASSETS NOT RECOGNISED (continued):

(i) Land under roads

As permitted under AASB 1051, Council has elected not to bring to account land under roads that it owned or controlled up to and including 30 June 2008.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 17. Financial risk management

\$ '000

Risk management

Council's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk.

The Council's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Council.

Council does not engage in transactions expressed in foreign currencies and is therefore not subject to foreign currency risk.

Financial risk management is carried out by Council's finance section under policies approved by the Council.

A comparison by category of the carrying amounts and fair values of Council's financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the financial statements is presented below.

	Carrying value		Fair v	alue
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	5,967	5,730	5,967	5,730
Investments				
 - 'Held to maturity' 	26,000	23,000	26,000	23,000
Receivables	2,833	1,862	2,835	1,862
Total financial assets	34,800	30,592	34,802	30,592
Financial liabilities				
Payables	1,118	533	1,118	533
Loans/advances	1,150	1,297	1,150	1,297
Total financial liabilities	2,268	1,830	2,268	1,830

Fair value is determined as follows:

 Cash and cash equivalents, receivables, payables – are estimated to be the carrying value that approximates market value.

– Borrowings and held-to-maturity investments – are based upon estimated future cash flows discounted by the current mkt interest rates applicable to assets and liabilities with similar risk profiles, unless quoted market prices are available.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 17. Financial risk management (continued)

\$ '000

Council's objective is to maximise its return on cash and investments whilst maintaining an adequate level of liquidity and preserving capital.

Council's finance area manages the cash and Investments portfolio with the assistance of independent advisors.

Council has an investment policy which complies with the *Local Government Act 1993* and Ministerial Investment Order 625. This policy is regularly reviewed by Council and its staff and a monthly Investment report is provided to Council setting out the make-up and performance of the portfolio as required by Local Government regulations.

The risks associated with the investments held are:

- Price risk the risk that the capital value of Investments may fluctuate due to changes in market prices, whether there changes are caused by factors specific to individual financial instruments or their issuers or are caused by factors affecting similar instruments traded in a market.
- Interest rate risk the risk that movements in interest rates could affect returns and income.
- Credit risk the risk that the investment counterparty will not complete their obligations particular to a financial instrument, resulting in a financial loss to Council be it of a capital or income nature.

(a) Market risk – price risk and interest rate risk

The following represents a summary of the sensitivity of Council's Income Statement and accumulated surplus (for the reporting period) due to a change in the interest rates applicable.

It is assumed that the change in interest rates would have been constant throughout the reporting period.

	Increase of val	ues/rates	Decrease of va	lues/rates
2018	Profit	Equity	Profit	Equity
Possible impact of a 1% movement in interest rates	319	(319)	(319)	319
2017 Possible impact of a 1% movement in interest rates	287	(287)	(287)	287

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 17. Financial risk management (continued)

\$ '000

(b) Credit risk

Council's major receivables comprise (i) rates and annual charges and (ii) user charges and fees.

The major risk associated with these receivables is credit risk – the risk that debts due and payable to Council may not be repaid in full.

Council manages this risk by monitoring outstanding debt and employing stringent debt recovery procedures. It also encourages ratepayers to pay their rates by the due date through incentives.

Credit risk on rates and annual charges is minimised by the ability of Council to secure a charge over the land relating to the debts – that is, the land can be sold to recover the debt. Council is also able to charge interest on overdue rates and annual charges at higher than market rates which further encourages the payment of debt.

There are no significant concentrations of credit risk, whether through exposure to individual customers, specific industry sectors and/or regions.

The level of outstanding receivables is reported to Council monthly and benchmarks are set and monitored for acceptable collection performance.

Council makes suitable provision for doubtful receivables as required and carries out credit checks on most non-rate debtors.

There are no material receivables that have been subjected to a re-negotiation of repayment terms.

A profile of Council's receivables credit risk at balance date follows:

	2018	2018	2017	2017
	Rates and		Rates and	
	annual	Other	annual	Other
	charges	receivables	charges	receivables
(i) Ageing of receivables – %				
Current (not yet overdue)	71%	44%	64%	31%
Overdue	29%	56%	36%	69%
	100%	100%	100%	100%
(ii) Ageing of receivables – value	2018	2018	2017	2017
Rates and annual charges				
Current	238		263	
< 1 year overdue	50		25	
1 – 2 years overdue	27		34	
2 – 5 years overdue	14		41	
> 5 years overdue	6		4	
	335		367	
Other receivables				
Current		1,087		465
0 – 30 days overdue		909		670
31 – 60 days overdue		13		111
61 – 90 days overdue		120		23
> 91 days overdue		369		226
		2,498		1,495

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 17. Financial risk management (continued)

\$ '000

(c) Liquidity risk

Payables and borrowings are both subject to liquidity risk – the risk that insufficient funds may be on hand to meet payment obligations as and when they fall due.

Council manages this risk by monitoring its cash flow requirements and liquidity levels and maintaining an adequate cash buffer.

Payment terms can (in extenuating circumstances) also be extended.

Borrowings are also subject to interest rate risk – the risk that movements in interest rates could adversely affect funding costs and debt servicing requirements. Council manages this risk by borrowing long term and fixing the interest rate on a 4-year renewal basis. The Finance Section regularly reviews interest rate movements to determine if it would be advantageous to refinance or renegotiate part or all of the loan portfolio.

The contractual undiscounted cash outflows (ie. principal and interest) of Council's payables and borrowings are set out in the maturity table below:

\$ '000	Weighted	Subject				Total	Actual
	average	to no		payable in:		cash	carrying
	interest rate	maturity	≤ 1 Year	1 – 5 Years	> 5 Years	outflows	values
2018							
Trade/other payables	0.00%	60	1,058	_	_	1,118	1,118
Loans and advances	4.26%	200	200	634	116	1,150	1,150
Total financial liabilities		260	1,258	634	116	2,268	2,268
2017							
Trade/other payables	0.00%	34	499	-	_	533	533
Loans and advances	4.26%	200	200	800	97	1,297	1,297
Total financial liabilities		234	699	800	97	1,830	1,830

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 18. Material budget variations

\$ '000

Council's original financial budget for 17/18 was adopted by the Council on 21 June 2017 and is not required to be audited.

While the Income Statement included in this General Purpose Financial Report must disclose the original budget adopted by Council, the *Local Government Act 1993* requires Council to review its financial budget on a quarterly basis, so that it is able to manage the various variations between actuals versus budget that invariably occur throughout the year.

This note sets out the details of **material variations** between Council's original budget and its actual results for the year as per the Income Statement – even though such variations may have been adjusted for during each quarterly budget review.

Note that for variations* of budget to actual :

Material variations represent those variances that amount to **10%** or more of the original budgeted figure. F = Favourable budget variation, U = Unfavourable budget variation

	2018	2018	2	018	
\$ '000	Budget	Actual	Var	iance*	
REVENUES					
Rates and annual charges	9,586	9,733	147	2%	F
User charges and fees	1,675	3,752	2,077	124%	F
Fees from use of the Berrigan landfill for clean-up collected from council waste management facilitie		ects have signif	icantly increas	ed the fee	S
Interest and investment revenue	705	761	56	8%	F
Other revenues	509	620	111	22%	F
Council budgets conservatively for income.					
Operating grants and contributions	6,250	7,680	1,430	23%	F
The federal government has continued payment o conservatively and did not anticipate the payment.		ance Grant in ad	vance, counc	il budgeted	
Capital grants and contributions	2,491	1,760	(731)	(29%)	U
Anticipated funds from successful grant applicatio	ns will be paid on mile	estones rather th	nan in advance	Э.	
Net gains from disposal of assets	-	478	478	0%	F
Council does not presume a profit on sale from pla	ant sent to auction, or	property invento	ory sales.		

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 18. Material budget variations (continued)

A 1000	2018	2018	_	018	
\$ '000	Budget	Actual	Var	iance [*]	
EXPENSES					
Employee benefits and on-costs	7,781	7,741	40	1%	F
Borrowing costs	52	59	(7)	(13%)	U
Cost on remediation are included in borrowing	costs but not budgeted.				
Materials and contracts	2,124	2,649	(525)	(25%)	U
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			` '	U
Materials and contracts Council continues to be successful in grant app budgets due to variable milestone timelines.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			` '	U
Council continues to be successful in grant app	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			` '	U

Budget variations relating to Council's Cash Flow Statement include:

Cash flows from operating activities	9,169	11,043	1,874	20.4%	F					
Council continues to receive Financial Assistance Grant payments in advance, which were not budgeted. Also Stronger Country Communities Grant Funding was not known, and hence not included in the budget.										
Cash flows from investing activities	(9,511)	(10,659)	(1,148)		U					
Stronger than anticipated overall performance resu				12.1% ed in Term	U					
Deposited which were not budgeted.	-									
Cash flows from financing activities	(148)	(147)	1	(0.7%)	F					

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 19. Fair value measurement

\$ '000

The Council measures the following asset and liability classes at fair value on a recurring basis:

- Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment

The fair value of assets and liabilities must be estimated in accordance with various accounting standards for either recognition and measurement requirements or for disclosure purposes.

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires all assets and liabilities measured at fair value to be assigned to a 'level' in the fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

(1) The following table presents all assets and liabilities that have been measured and recognised at fair values:

		Fair value n	neasuremen	t hierarchy	
2018		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	Date	Quoted	Significant	Significant	
Recurring fair value measurements	of latest	prices in	observable	unobservable	
	valuation	active mkts	inputs	inputs	
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment					
Plant and equipment	30/06/13	_	_	3,161	3,161
Office equipment	30/06/14	_	_	125	125
Operational land	30/06/18	_	_	9,298	9,298
Community land	30/06/18	_	_	270	270
Land under roads (post 30/06/08)	30/06/18	_	_	234	234
Land improvements – depreciable	30/06/14	-	_	572	572
Buildings – non-specialised	30/06/18	-	_	637	637
Buildings – specialised	30/06/18	_	_	30,312	30,312
Roads	30/06/18	_	_	112,910	112,910
Bridges	30/06/18	-	_	3,516	3,516
Footpaths	30/06/18	_	_	3,339	3,339
Bulk earthworks	30/06/18	_	_	3,259	3,259
Stormwater drainage	30/06/18	_	_	17,233	17,233
Water supply network	30/06/17	_	_	26,210	26,210
Sewer network	30/06/17	_	_	19,045	19,045
Swimming pools	30/06/17	-	_	1,604	1,604
Heritage collections	30/06/16	_	_	68	68
Library books	30/06/18	_	_	197	197
Other assets	30/06/16	-	_	2,739	2,739
Tip assets	30/06/18	-	-	256	256
Quarry assets	30/06/18	-	-	20	20
Open Space	30/06/13			3,968	3,968
Total infrastructure, property, plant and equip	ment		-	238,973	238,973

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 19. Fair value measurement (continued)

\$ '000

(1) The following table presents all assets and liabilities that have been measured and recognised at fair values (continued):

	Fair value measurement hierarchy				
2017		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	Date	Quoted	Significant	Significant	
Recurring fair value measurements	of latest	prices in	observable	unobservable	
	valuation	active mkts	inputs	inputs	
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment					
Plant and equipment	30/06/13	-	_	2,463	2,463
Office equipment	30/06/14	-	_	130	130
Operational land	30/06/13	-	_	6,869	6,869
Community land	30/06/16	-	_	320	320
Land under roads (post 30/06/08)	30/06/14	-	_	30	30
Land improvements – depreciable	30/06/13	-	-	500	500
Buildings – non-specialised	30/06/13	-	_	514	514
Buildings – specialised	30/06/13	-	_	17,439	17,439
Roads	30/06/15	-	-	111,355	111,355
Bridges	30/06/15	-	_	3,621	3,621
Footpaths	30/06/15	-	_	3,212	3,212
Bulk earthworks	30/06/15	-	_	2,976	2,976
Stormwater drainage	30/06/15	-	_	18,002	18,002
Water supply network	30/06/17	-	_	27,778	27,778
Sewer network	30/06/17	-	_	17,335	17,335
Swimming pools	30/06/16	-	_	1,613	1,613
Heritage collections	30/06/16	-	_	69	69
Library books	30/06/14	-	_	210	210
Other assets	30/06/16	-	_	2,650	2,650
Tip assets	30/06/17	_	_	184	184
Quarry assets	30/06/17	_	_	26	26
Open Space	30/06/13		_	3,517	3,517
Total infrastructure, property, plant and equip	ment	-	_	220,813	220,813

(2) Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchies

During the year, there were no transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchies for recurring fair value measurements.

(3) Valuation techniques used to derive Level 2 and Level 3 Fair Values

Where Council is unable to derive Fair Valuations using quoted market prices of identical assets (i.e. Level 1 inputs), Council instead utilises a spread of both observable inputs (Level 2 inputs) and unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

The Fair Valuation techniques Council has employed while utilising Level 2 and Level 3 inputs are as follows:

Financial Liabilities

Payables: Outstanding creditor payments, security bonds and deposits

Valuation technique – "Cost approach" Inputs used (Level 2) – Cost of product or service

Loans/Advances: Outstanding loan from bank

Valuation technique – "Cost approach" Inputs used (Level 2) – Amount of Ioan outstanding as advised by lender.

Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment

Plant and Equipment: Major plant (graders, loaders, etc.), fleet vehicles (cars, utes, etc.) and minor plant (chainsaws, mowers etc.)

Valuation technique – "Cost approach" Inputs used (Level 3) – Fair value is approximated by depreciated historical cost.

Office Equipment: Computers, office furniture

Valuation technique – "Cost approach" Inputs used (Level 3) – Fair value is approximated by depreciated historical cost.

Operational land: Land under Council offices, depots, libraries, water and sewer treatment plants etc.

Valuation technique – "Market approach" Inputs used (Level 3) – Land area, rate per square metre, zoning, geographical location, sales of comparable land.

Council's operational land has been valued at a market value, involving the inspection and analysis of sales evidence and comparisons with the subject property with adjustment for differences between key attributes of the properties.

Council's operational land was valued by APV Valuers and Asset Management Pty Ltd, a registered valuer

Community land: Land under parks, recreation reserves, public halls etc.

Valuation technique – "Market approach"

Inputs used (Level 3) - Land area, rate per square metre, zoning, geographical location, sales of comparable land

Council's operational land has been valued at a market value, involving the inspection and analysis of sales evidence and comparisons with the subject property with adjustment for differences between key attributes of the properties.

Council's community land was valued using the unimproved land value provided by the NSW Valuer General in accordance with Office of Local Government guidance for infrastructure assets, as well as input from APV Valuers and Asset Management Pty Ltd.

Land under roads: Land under roads acquired since 1 July 2008

Valuation technique - "Market approach"

Inputs used (Level 3) – Land area, rate per square metre, zoning, geographical location, sales of comparable land.

Council's operational land has been valued at a market value, involving the inspection and analysis of sales evidence and comparisons with the subject property with adjustment for differences between key attributes of the properties. As the Council's land under roads assets have no feasible alternate use, significant adjustments to the rate per square meter have been applied to the unobservable inputs and are based on a rate per square metre.

Council's Land under roads was valued by APV Valuers and Asset Management Pty Ltd, a registered valuer.

Land Improvements - depreciable: Car parks, netball and tennis courts, fences etc.

Valuation technique - "Cost approach"

Inputs used (Level 3) –, dimensions, specifications. (Level 3) – Unit rates, Condition, Remaining life, Residual value

These assets were valued at depreciated replacement cost. Available market data for recent projects and published cost guides are used to determine the estimated replacement cost of the asset, including preliminaries. A condition assessment is then applied based on factors such as the age of the asset, overall condition and remaining life. In some cases, residual values are factored into the calculation, which is the value at the time the asset is considered to no longer be available.

Council's Land Improvements were valued at depreciated historical cost as a representation of fair value in accordance with Office of Local Government guidance for infrastructure assets.

Buildings (Non-specialised): Residences

Valuation technique – "Market approach" Inputs used (Level 3) – Sales evidence

Council's non-specialised buildings have been valued at a market value, involving the inspection and analysis of sales evidence and comparisons with the subject building with adjustment for differences between key attributes of the properties. The land value is then subtracted from the market value of the property to measure the building asset fair value.

Council's Buildings (non-specialised) was valued by APV Valuers and Asset Management Pty Ltd, a registered valuer.

Buildings (Specialised): Community halls, toilet blocks, Council office, libraries, depot buildings, sheds etc.

Valuation technique - "Cost approach"

Inputs used (Level 3) – Unit rates, dimensions, specifications. (Level 3) – Condition, Remaining life, Residual value

These assets were valued at depreciated replacement cost. Available market data for recent projects and published cost guides are used to determine the estimated replacement cost of the asset, including preliminaries. A condition assessment is then applied based on factors such as the age of the asset, overall condition and remaining life. In some cases, residual values are factored into the calculation, which is the value at the time the asset is considered no longer to be available.

Council's Buildings (specialised) was valued by APV Valuers and Asset Management Pty Ltd, a registered valuer.

Roads, Bridges, Footpaths: Road surface, pavement, formation, road furniture, bridges, culverts.

Valuation technique – "Cost approach" Inputs used (Level 3) – Unit rates, useful life, asset condition, specifications.

These assets were valued at depreciated replacement cost. Council's road infrastructure assets are segmented and componentised into the following categories:

- Seal
- Pavement
- Formation and earthworks
- Culverts
- Road furniture (signs, guideposts, guardrails)

Council has surveyed its entire road network to measure both length and width of pavement and seal.

Unit rates were based on Council's own cost data based on its average cost across its entire road network, benchmarked against rates provided in relevant construction cost guides. Unit rates are applied consistently across the road network regardless of topography, soil type and geographical location.

Condition assessments have been applied across the entire road network to establish remaining useful lives.

Bridges were valued on the basis of deck area, with composite deck being \$1,900 per square metre, and concrete \$2,200 per square metre.

Culverts were valued on their replacement cost from a relevant construction cost guide.

Council's roads, bridges and footpath assets were valued in-house by Mr Fred Exton – Director Technical Services.

Bulk earthworks: Levee banks.

Valuation technique – "Cost approach" Inputs used (Level 3) – Unit rates, dimensions, condition

The unit rates were determined by current replacement cost.

Council's bulk earthworks were valued in-house by Mr Fred Exton – Director Technical Services.

Stormwater drainage: Kerb and gutter, drainage network, pumps and pump well, retention basins etc.

Valuation technique – "Cost approach" Inputs used (Level 3) – Unit rates, useful life, asset condition, dimensions and specification

Council has surveyed its entire stormwater drainage network to measure both length and width of pipes and location and depth of pits.

Unit rates were based on Council's own cost data based on its average cost across its entire stormwater drainage network, benchmarked against rates provided in relevant construction cost guides. Values for pumps are based on depreciated replacement cost.

Condition assessments have been applied across the entire drainage network to establish remaining useful lives.

Council's stormwater drainage assets were valued in-house by Mr Fred Exton – Director Technical Services.

Water Supply Network: Treatment plants, mains, reservoirs etc.

Valuation technique – "Cost approach" Inputs used (Level 3) – Unit rates, useful life, asset condition, dimensions and specification

The Council has surveyed its entire sewerage network to measure both length and width of pipes and their location.

Unit rates are based on the NSW References Rates Manual: Valuation of Water Supply, Sewerage and Stormwater Assets, including annual indexation.

Condition assessments were applied to individual assets based on inspection programs, including the use of cameras. Where inspections have not been, or are unable to be, made the life of the asset has been used to estimate condition.

Council's water network assets were valued in-house by Mr Fred Exton – Director Technical Services

Sewerage Network: Sewer pipes, pump stations, treatment plants etc.

Valuation technique – "Cost approach" Inputs used (Level 3) – Unit rates, useful life, asset condition, dimensions and specification

The Council has surveyed its entire sewerage network to measure both length and width of pipes and location and depth of pits.

Unit rates are based on the NSW References Rates Manual: Valuation of Water Supply, Sewerage and Stormwater Assets, including annual indexation.

Condition assessments were applied to individual assets based on inspection programs, including the use of cameras. Where inspections have not been, or are unable to be, made the life of the asset has been used to estimate condition.

Council's sewerage network assets were valued in-house by Mr Fred Exton - Director Technical Services

Other Assets

Heritage collections:

Valuation technique – "Cost approach" Inputs used (Level 3) – Fair value is approximated by depreciated historical cost

Library books: Books and other collection items.

Valuation technique – "Cost approach" Inputs used (Level 3) – Fair value is approximated by depreciated historical cost

Library books are valued as bulk annual purchases and depreciated using a standard useful life.

Other Assets:

Valuation technique – "Cost approach" Inputs used (Level 3) – Fair value is approximated by depreciated historical cost

Councils other assets were valued at depreciated historical cost as a representation of fair value in accordance with Office of Local Government guidance for infrastructure assets.

Tip & Quarry Assets:

Valuation technique – "Cost approach" Inputs used (Level 3) – Fair value is approximated by depreciated historical cost

Councils tip and quarry assets were valued at depreciated historical cost, and remediation costs are estimated in House by Mr Fred Exton, Director of Technical Services, and are factored to account for inflation.

Open Space Assets:

Valuation technique – "Cost approach" Inputs used (Level 3) – Fair value is approximated by depreciated historical cost

Councils tip and quarry assets were valued at depreciated historical cost as a representation of fair value in accordance with Office of Local Government guidance for infrastructure assets.

Non Current Assets classified as "Held for Sale"

Assets previously classified as "Held for Sale" are actively being marketed however as they may not sell within 12 months, or indeed for some considerable time they have been transferred to Inventory assets along with all other land being marketed.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 19. Fair value measurement (continued)

\$ '000

(4). Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3)

a. The following tables present the changes in level 3 fair value asset classes.

	Operational land	Community land	Depreciable land impro- -vements	Land under roads	Total
Opening balance – 1/7/16	6,869	320	498	21	7,708
Purchases (GBV)	_	_	27	9	36
Depreciation and impairment	_	-	(25)	_	(25)
Closing balance – 30/6/17	6,869	320	500	30	7,719
Transfers from/(to) another asset class	(120)	_	28	142	50
Purchases (GBV)	125	_	_	_	125
Disposals (WDV)	(111)	-	_	—	(111)
Depreciation and impairment	-	-	(30)	_	(30)
Revaluation	2,536	(50)	74	62	2,622
Closing balance – 30/6/18	9,299	270	572	234	10,375
	Building non	Buildings	Plant and	Office	
	specialised	specialised	equipment	equipment	Total
Opening balance – 1/7/16	528	18,071	2,423	171	21,193
Purchases (GBV)	_	36	970	5	1,011
Disposals (WDV)	_	-	(225)	_	(225)
Depreciation and impairment	(15)	(667)	(705)	(46)	(1,433)
Closing balance – 30/6/17	513	17,440	2,463	130	20,546
Purchases (GBV)	_	316	1,588	40	1,944
Disposals (WDV)	-	-	(123)	-	(123)
Depreciation and impairment	(10)	(575)	(767)	(45)	(1,397)
Revaluation	134	13,131	_	_	13,265
Closing balance – 30/6/18	637	30,312	3,161	125	34,235
	Roads	Bridges	Footpaths	Bulk Earth	Total
Opening balance – 1/7/16	108,777	3,728	3,095	2,976	118,576
Purchases (GBV)	5,227	_	186	_	5,413
Disposals (WDV)	(180)	_	_	—	(180)
Depreciation and impairment	(2,451)	(107)	(67)	_	(2,625)
FV gains – other comprehensive income	(18)	_	(2)	_	(20)
Closing balance – 30/6/17	111,355	3,621	3,212	2,976	121,164
Transfers from/(to) another asset class	(166)	_	166	_	-
Purchases (GBV)	5,633	4	15	283	5,935
Disposals (WDV)	(7)	-	-	_	(7)
Depreciation and impairment	(2,551)	(107)	(68)	—	(2,726)
Revaluation	(1,354)	(2)	14		(1,342)
Closing balance – 30/6/18	112,910	3,516	3,339	3,259	123,024

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 19. Fair value measurement (continued)

\$ '000

(4). Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3) (continued)

a. The following tables present the changes in level 3 fair value asset classes. (continued)

	Stormwater drainage	Water supply network	Sewerage network	Swimming pools	Total
Opening balance – 1/7/16	16,265	25,602	14,829	1,675	58,371
Purchases (GBV) Disposals (WDV) Depreciation and impairment FV gains – other comprehensive income	1,365 (7) (232) 610	86 (645) 2,734	511 (2) (656) 2,653	(61) 	1,962 (9) (1,594) 5,997
Closing balance – 30/6/17	18,001	27,777	17,335	1,614	64,727
Transfers from/(to) another asset class Purchases (GBV) Depreciation and impairment Revaluation Closing balance – 30/6/18	(50) 347 (235) (831) 17,232	10 (615) (962) 26,210		51 (61) – 1,604	(50) 701 (1,459) 172 64,091
	Heritage collection	Library books	Other assets	Tip and quarry assets	Total
Opening balance – 1/7/16	70	196	6,286	169	6,721
Purchases (GBV) Depreciation and impairment FV gains – other comprehensive income	_ (1) _	34 (20) -	47 (166) –	_ (9) 51	81 (196) 51
Closing balance – 30/6/17	69	210	6,167	211	6,657
Purchases (GBV) Disposals (WDV) Depreciation and impairment Revaluation	(1) 	26 (39) _	739 (199) _	(3) (10) 78	765 (3) (249) 78
Closing balance – 30/6/18	68	197	6,707	276	7,248

(4). Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3)

b. Significant unobservable valuation inputs used (for level 3 asset classes) and their relationship to fair value.

The following table summarises the quantitative information relating to the significant unobservable inputs used in deriving the various level 3 asset class fair values.

Class	Fair Value (30/6/18) \$'000	Valuation Techniques	Unobservable Inputs	Range of Inputs (incl probable)	Relationship of unobservable inputs to Fair Value
Plant & Equipment		Cost Approach	 Gross Replacement Cost Remaining Useful Life 	Various 1-10 years	Any changes in the gross replacement value or pattern of consumption will have an impact on fair value
Office Equipment		Cost Approach	 Gross Replacement Cost Remaining Useful Life 	Various 3-25 years	Any changes in the gross replacement value or pattern of consumption will have an impact on fair value
Operational Land		Market Approach	Price per square metre, Land area, zoning, geographical location, sales of comparable land	\$1,000- \$70,000 per hectare or \$1- \$180 per sq metre	Changes in land zoning restrictions can have significant impacts on land values per sq metre. Changes in comparable land sales and availability of land can also have significant impact
Community Land		Market Approach	Price per square metre, Land area, zoning, geographical location, sales of comparable land	\$1,000- \$70,000 per hectare or \$1- \$180 per sq metre	Any change in the average unimproved capital value will increase / decrease fair value

Class	Fair Value (30/6/18) \$'000	Valuation Techniques	Unobservable Inputs	Range of Inputs (incl probable)	Relationship of unobservable inputs to Fair Value
Land under Roads (post 30/06/08)		Market Approach	 Price per square metre, Land area, zoning, geographical location, sales of comparable land Alternate Uses 	\$1-\$100 per sq metre	Changes in land zoning restrictions can have significant impacts on land values per sq metre. Changes in comparable land sales and availability of land can also have significant impact
Land Improvements - Depreciable		Cost Approach	 Unit Rates Asset Condition Useful Life 	\$1-\$1000 per sq metre Very Poor to Excellent 10-40 yrs	Any change in the component pricing and asset condition will have an impact on fair value
Buildings – Non Specialised		Cost Approach	 Unit Rates Asset Condition Useful Life 	\$1- \$100,000 Very Poor to Excellent 5-50 years	Any change in the component pricing and asset condition will have an impact on fair value
Buildings - Specialised		Cost Approach	 Unit Rates Asset Condition Useful Life 	\$1-\$5,000 Very Poor to Excellent 5-50 years	Any change in the component pricing and asset condition will have an impact on fair value

Class	Fair Value (30/6/18) \$'000	Valuation Techniques	Unobservable Inputs	Range of Inputs (incl probable)	Relationship of unobservable inputs to Fair Value
Roads		Cost Approach	Unit Rates	\$3 to \$20 per sq metre (roads) \$120 (kerb & gutter) \$120 -\$400 per lineal meter (culverts)	Any change in the component pricing and asset condition will have an impact on fair value
			Asset Condition	Very Poor to Excellent	
			• Useful Life	20-100 years (roads 80-150 years (kerb & gutter 50 years (Culverts)	
Bridges		Cost Approach	Unit Rates	\$1,900 composite \$2,200 concrete	Any change in the component pricing and asset condition will have
			Asset ConditionUseful Life	Excellent to Poor 80 years	an impact on fair value
Footpaths		Cost Approach	Unit RatesAsset Condition	\$8-\$120 per lineal metre Excellent to Poor	Any change in the component pricing and asset condition will have
			Useful Life	60 years	an impact on fair value
Bulk Earthworks		Cost Approach	Unit Rates	\$1-\$2,500 per sq metre	Any change in the component pricing and asset
			Asset Condition	Excellent to Poor	condition will have an impact on fair
			Useful Life	60-100 years	value

Class	Fair Value (30/6/18) \$'000	Valuation Techniques	Unobservable Inputs	Range of Inputs (incl probable)	Relationship of unobservable inputs to Fair Value
Stormwater Drainage		Cost Approach	Unit Rates	\$50-\$1,500 per sq metre	Any change in the component pricing and asset condition
			Asset Condition	Excellent to Poor	will have an
			Useful Life	50 years	impact on fair value
Water Supply Network		Cost Approach	Unit Rates	Various	Any change in the component
			Asset Condition	Excellent to Poor	pricing and asset condition will have an
			Useful Life	50-100 years	impact on fair value
Sewer Network		Cost Approach	Unit Rates	Various	Any change in the component
			Asset Condition	Excellent to Poor	pricing and asset condition will have an
			Useful Life	50-100 years	impact on fair value
Swimming Pools		Cost Approach	Unit Rates	Various	Any change in the component
			Asset Condition	Excellent to Poor	pricing and asset condition will have an
			Useful Life	20-50years	impact on fair value
Heritage Collections		Cost Approach	Unit Rates	Various	Any change in the component
			Asset Condition	Excellent to Poor	pricing and asset condition will have an
			Useful Life	80-100 years	impact on fair value
Library Books		Cost Approach	Unit Rates	Various	Any change in the component
			Asset Condition	Excellent to Poor	pricing and asset condition will have an
			Useful Life	2-10 years	impact on fair value

Class	Fair Value (30/6/18) \$'000	Valuation Techniques	Unobservable Inputs	Range of Inputs (incl probable)	Relationship of unobservable inputs to Fair Value
Other Assets		Cost Approach	Unit Rates	Various	Any change in the component
			Asset Condition	Excellent to Poor	pricing and asset condition will have an
			Useful Life	2-50 years	impact on fair value
Tip & Quarry Assets		Cost Approach	Unit Rates	Various	Any change in the component
			Asset Condition	Excellent to Poor	pricing and asset condition will have an
			Useful Life	50-60 years	impact on fair value

(5). Highest and best use

All of Council's non-financial assets are considered to being utilised for their highest and best use.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 20. Related party transactions

\$ '000

a. Key management personnel

Key management personnel (KMP) of the Council are those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the council, directly or indirectly.

The aggregate amount of KMP compensation included in the Income Statement is:

Compensation:	2018	2017
Short-term benefits	984	937
Post-employment benefits	146	137
Total	1,130	1,074

b. Other transactions with KMP and their related parties

Council has determined that transactions at arm's length between KMP and Council as part of Council delivering a public service objective (e.g. access to library or Council swimming pool by KMP) will not be disclosed.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 21. Statement of developer contributions

\$ '000

Under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, Council has significant obligations to provide Section 7.11 (contributions towards provision or improvement of amenities or services) infrastructure in new release areas.

It is possible that the funds contributed may be less than the cost of this infrastructure, requiring Council to borrow or use general revenue to fund the difference.

SUMMARY OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND LEVIES

		Contrik	outions	Interest	Expenditure	Internal	Held as	Cumulative internal
PURPOSE	Opening	received du	ring the year	earned	during	borrowing	restricted	borrowings
	balance	Cash	Non-cash	in year	year	(to)/from	asset	due/(payable)
Community facilities	-	18	-	_	(18)	_	-	-
S7.11 contributions – under a plan	-	18	-	-	(18)	-	-	-
Total S7.11 and S7.12 revenue under plans	-	18	-	-	(18)	-	-	-
S7.11 not under plans	74	21	_	_	_	_	95	-
S64 contributions	99	61	-	_	-	_	160	
Total contributions	173	100	-	-	(18)	-	255	-

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 21. Statement of developer contributions (continued)

\$ '000

S7.11 CONTRIBUTIONS – NOT UNDER A PLAN

		Contributions		Interest	Expenditure	Internal	Held as	Cumulative internal
PURPOSE	Opening	received du	ing the year	earned	during	borrowing	restricted	borrowings
	balance	Cash	Non-cash	in year	year	(to)/from	asset	due/(payable)
Drainage	2	15	_	_	_	_	17	-
Parking	3	4	_	_	_	_	7	-
Open space	69	2	_	-	_	_	71	-
Total	74	21	-	-	-	-	95	-

S64 contributions

		Contrib	outions	Interest	Expenditure	Internal	Held as	Cumulative
PURPOSE	Opening	received du	ring the year	earned	during	borrowing	restricted	internal borrowings
	balance	Cash	Non-cash	in year	year	(to)/from	asset	due/(payable)
Water	93	58	-	-	-	-	151	-
Sewer	6	3	-	-	_	_	9	-
Total	99	61	-	-	-	-	160	-

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 22. Financial result and financial position by fund

Income Statement by fund			
\$ '000	2018	2018	2018
Continuing operations	Water	Sewer	General ¹
Income from continuing operations			
Rates and annual charges	1,957	1,932	5,844
User charges and fees	1,151	61	2,540
Interest and investment revenue	187	188	386
Other revenues	298	45	277
Grants and contributions provided for operating purposes	-	_	7,680
Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes	58	332	1,370
Other income			
Net gains from disposal of assets		_	478
Total income from continuing operations	3,651	2,558	18,575
Expenses from continuing operations			
Employee benefits and on-costs	389	297	7,055
Borrowing costs	-	_	59
Materials and contracts	1,392	1,049	208
Depreciation and amortisation	642	590	4,629
Other expenses	401	165	1,557
Total expenses from continuing operations	2,824	2,101	13,508
Operating result from continuing operations	827	457	5,067
Net operating result attributable to each council fund	827	457	5,067
Net operating result for the year before grants and contributions provided for capital purposes	769	125	3,697

¹ General fund refers to all Council's activities other than Water and Sewer.

NB. All amounts disclosed above are gross – that is, they include internal charges and recoveries made between the funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements as at 30 June 2018

Note 22. Financial result and financial position by fund (continued)

Statement of Financial Position by fund			
\$ '000	2018	2018	2018
ASSETS	Water	Sewer	General ¹
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	2,462	1,913	1,592
Investments	6,000	4,000	16,000
Receivables	247	179	2,407
Inventories	68	3	216
Other			65
Total current assets	8,777	6,095	20,280
Non-current assets			
Inventories	-	_	185
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	27,481	20,614	192,061
Total non-current assets	27,481	20,614	192,246
TOTAL ASSETS	36,258	26,709	212,526
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Payables	15	_	1,103
Income received in advance	-	_	211
Borrowings	-	_	155
Provisions			2,342
Total current liabilities	15		3,811
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	-	_	995
Provisions			371
Total non-current liabilities			1,366
TOTAL LIABILITIES	15_		5,177
Net assets	36,243	26,709	207,349
EQUITY			
Accumulated surplus	23,399	10,914	79,995
Revaluation reserves	12,844	15,795	127,354
Total equity	36,243	26,709	207,349

¹ General Fund refers to all Council's activities other than Water and Sewer.

NB. All amounts disclosed above are gross - that is, they include internal receivables and payables between the funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 23(a). Statement of performance measures - consolidated results

\$ '000	Amounts 2018	Indicator 2018	Prior p 2017	periods 2016	Benchmark
Local government industry indicators – c	onsolidated	I			
1. Operating performance ratio Total continuing operating revenue ⁽¹⁾ excluding capital grants and contributions less operating expenses Total continuing operating revenue ⁽¹⁾ excluding capital grants and contributions	<u>4,113</u> 22,546	18.24%	22.54%	14.68%	> 0.00%
2. Own source operating revenue ratio Total continuing operating revenue ⁽¹⁾ excluding all grants and contributions Total continuing operating revenue ⁽¹⁾	<u>14,866</u> 24,306	61.16%	53.93%	55.34%	> 60.00%
3. Unrestricted current ratio Current assets less all external restrictions ⁽²⁾ Current liabilities less specific purpose liabilities ^(3, 4)	<u>15,408</u> 2,129	7.24x	8.08x	7.05x	> 1.5x
 4. Debt service cover ratio Operating result ⁽¹⁾ before capital excluding interest and depreciation/impairment/amortisation Principal repayments (Statement of Cash Flows) plus borrowing costs (Income Statement) 	<u>10,033</u> 206	48.70x	34.86x	25.63x	> 2x
5. Rates, annual charges, interest and extra charges outstanding percentage Rates, annual and extra charges outstanding Rates, annual and extra charges collectible	<u>335</u> 10,152	3.30%	3.72%	3.53%	< 10% regional & rural
6. Cash expense cover ratio Current year's cash and cash equivalents plus all term deposits Monthly payments from cash flow of operating and financing activities	<u>31,967</u> 1,143	27.97 mths	24.0 mths	20.0 mths	> 3 mths

Notes

⁽¹⁾ Excludes fair value adjustments and reversal of revaluation decrements, net gain/(loss) on sale of assets and the net share of interests in joint ventures and associates.

⁽²⁾ Refer Notes 6-8 inclusive.

Also excludes any real estate and land for resale not expected to be sold in the next 12 months.

⁽³⁾ Refer to Notes 10 and 11.

⁽⁴⁾ Refer to Note 11(a) – excludes all payables and provisions not expected to be paid in the next 12 months (incl. ELE).

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 23(b). Statement of performance measures - by fund

	General i	indicators ⁵	Water indicators		Sewer indicators		Benchmark
\$ '000	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Local government industry indicators – by fund							
1. Operating performance ratio							
Total continuing operating revenue ⁽¹⁾ excluding capital grants and contributions less operating expenses Total continuing operating revenue ⁽¹⁾ excluding capital grants and contributions	19.33%	25.95%	21.40%	16.82%	4.99%	1.43%	> 0.00%
2. Own source operating revenue ratio							
Total continuing operating revenue ⁽¹⁾ excluding capital grants and contributions Total continuing operating revenue ⁽¹⁾	50.49%	42.45%	97.15%	95.89%	85.26%	97.62%	> 60.00%
3. Unrestricted current ratio Current assets less all external restrictions ⁽²⁾ Current liabilities less specific purpose liabilities ^(3, 4)	7.24x	8.08x	585.13x	No liabilities	No liabilities	No liabilities	> 1.5x

Notes

⁽¹⁾⁻⁽⁴⁾ Refer to Notes at Note 23a above.

⁽⁵⁾ General fund refers to all of Council's activities except for its water and sewer activities which are listed separately.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 23(b). Statement of performance measures – by fund (continued)

	General	indicators 5	Water i	indicators	Sewer i	ndicators	Benchmark
\$ '000	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Local government industry indicators – by fund (continued)							
4. Debt service cover ratio							
Operating result ⁽¹⁾ before capital excluding interest and depreciation/impairment/amortisation							_
Principal repayments (Statement of Cash Flows) plus borrowing costs (Income	38.45x	29.24x	0.00x	401.40x	0.00x	0.00x	> 2x
Statement)							
5. Rates, annual charges, interest and extra charges outstanding percer	ntage						< 10%
Rates, annual and extra charges outstanding	0.19%	4.12%	11.91%	2.02%	4.66%	4.10%	regional &
Rates, annual and extra charges collectible							rural
6. Cash expense cover ratio							
Current year's cash and cash equivalents plus all term deposits	33.09	27.67	13.54	8.86	15.05	17.48	> 3 months
Monthly payments from cash flow of operating and financing activities	months	months	months	months	months	months	

Notes

⁽¹⁾ Refer to Notes at Note 23a above.

⁽⁵⁾ General fund refers to all of Council's activities except for its water and sewer activities which are listed separately.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the general purpose financial report

Berrigan Shire Council

To the Councillors of the Berrigan Shire Council

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial report of Berrigan Shire Council (the Council), which comprise the Income Statement and Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2018, the Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2018, the Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the Statement by Councillors and Management.

In my opinion,

- the Council's accounting records have been kept in accordance with the requirements of the *Local Government Act 1993*, Chapter 13, Part 3, Division 2 (the Division)
- the financial report:
 - has been presented, in all material respects, in accordance with the requirements of this Division
 - is consistent with the Council's accounting records
 - presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Council as at 30 June 2018, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards
- all information relevant to the conduct of the audit has been obtained
- no material deficiencies in the accounting records or financial report have come to light during the audit.

My opinion should be read in conjunction with the rest of this report.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under the standards are described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report' section of my report.

I am independent of the Council in accordance with the requirements of the:

- Australian Auditing Standards
- Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 'Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants' (APES 110).

I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with APES 110.

Parliament promotes independence by ensuring the Auditor-General and the Audit Office of New South Wales are not compromised in their roles by:

- providing that only Parliament, and not the executive government, can remove an Auditor-General
- mandating the Auditor-General as auditor of councils
- precluding the Auditor-General from providing non-audit services.

I believe the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Other Information

Other information comprises the information included in the Council's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2018, other than the financial report and my Independent Auditor's Report thereon. The Councillors are responsible for the other information. At the date of this Independent Auditor's Report, the other information I have received comprise the special purpose financial statements and Special Schedules (the Schedules).

My opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information. Accordingly, I do not express any form of assurance conclusion on the other information. However, as required by the *Local Government Act 1993*, I have separately expressed an opinion on the special purpose financial statements and Special Schedule 2 - Permissible income for general rates.

In connection with my audit of the financial report, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or my knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude there is a material misstatement of the other information, I must report that fact.

I have nothing to report in this regard.

The Councillors' Responsibilities for the Financial Report

The Councillors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Local Government Act 1993*, and for such internal control as the Councillors determine is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Councillors are responsible for assessing the Council's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting except where the Council will be dissolved or amalgamated by an Act of Parliament, or otherwise cease operations.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

My objectives are to:

- obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error
- issue an Independent Auditor's Report including my opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect material misstatements. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions users take based on the financial report.

A description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf. The description forms part of my auditor's report.

My opinion does not provide assurance:

- that the Council carried out its activities effectively, efficiently and economically
- on the Original Budget information included in the Income Statement, Statement of Cash Flows, and Note 18 Material budget variations
- on the Special Schedules. A separate opinion has been provided on Special Schedule 2 -Permissible income for general rates
- about the security and controls over the electronic publication of the audited financial report on any website where it may be presented
- about any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the financial report.

Lutter

Lawrissa Chan Director

17 October 2018 SYDNEY Cr Matthew Hannan Mayor Berrigan Shire Council 56 Chanter Street Berrigan NSW 2712

Contact:	Lawrissa Chan
Phone no:	(02) 9275 7255
Our ref:	D1824586/1692

18 October 2018

Dear Cr Hannan

Report on the Conduct of the Audit

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Berrigan Shire Council

I have audited the general purpose financial statements of the Berrigan Shire Council (the Council) for the year ended 30 June 2018 as required by section 415 of the *Local Government Act 1993* (the Act).

I expressed an unmodified opinion on the Council's general purpose financial statements.

This Report on the Conduct of the Audit (the Report) for the Council for the year ended 30 June 2018 is issued in accordance with section 417 of the Act. This Report should be read in conjunction with my audit opinion on the general purpose financial statements issued under section 417(2) of the Act.

INCOME STATEMENT

Operating result

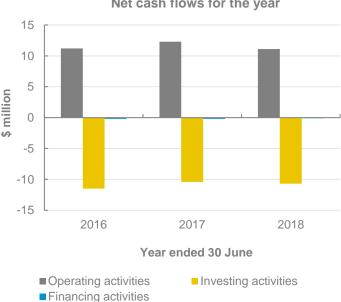
	2018	2017	Variance
	\$m	\$m	%
Rates and annual charges revenue	9,733	9,462	2.8
Grants and contributions revenue	9,440	11,909	20.7
Operating result for the year	6,351	7,430	14.5
Net operating result before capital amounts	4,591	5,465	16.0

The following comments are made in respect of Council's operating result for the year:

- Rates and annual charges revenue was \$9.7 million (\$9.4 million for the year ended 30 June 2017). The movement is mainly attributed to the approved rate pegging increase of 1.5% granted by the Minister for Local Government and the rise in the total number of rateable properties.
- Grants and contributions revenue was \$9.4 million (\$11.9 million for the year ended • 30 June 2017). The movement of \$2.5 million is mainly due to the decrease in financial assistance grants of \$2.0 million compared with the prior year.
- Operating result for the year was \$6.4 million (\$7.4 million for the year ended 30 June 2017). The movement of \$1.0 million is mainly due to reduction in financial assistance grants. The Council budgeted for a surplus of \$3.4 million.
- Net operating result before capital amounts was \$4.6 million (\$5.5 million for the year ended 30 June 2017). The movement is mainly due to the reduction in financial assistance grants. The Council budgeted for a surplus of \$871,000.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

- The level of cash flows for Council has remained steady over the past three years.
- Net cash providing by operating activities reduced by \$1.2 million. This is mainly due to the reduction in grants and contributions from lower Financial Assistance Grants received.
- Net cash used in investing activities has increased by \$0.27 million due to an increase in purchases of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment
- Net cash used in financing activities has decreased by \$0.1 million due to lower repayments of borrowings and advances. The Council has a low level of financing activities as borrowings are very low



Net cash flows for the year

FINANCIAL POSITION

Cash and Investments

Cash and Investments	2018	2017	Commentary
	\$m	\$m	
External restrictions	19,247	17,263	Externally restricted cash and investments are
Internal restrictions	4,627	4,367	restricted in their use by externally imposed requirements. The increase in externally restricted
Unrestricted	8,093	7,100	cash of \$2.0 million is mainly attributable to
Cash and investments	31,967	28,730	domestic waste management of \$1.6 million and water supplies of \$0.9 million.
			 Internally restricted cash and investments have been restricted in their use by resolution or policy of Council to reflect identified programs of works and any forward plans identified by Council. Internally restricted cash remains steady. The slight increase is due to the capital works reserve.
			 Unrestricted cash and investments was \$8.1 million, which is available to provide liquidity for day-to-day operations of the Council. There was a slight increase in the unrestricted cash balance due to the early receipt of the 2018-19 Financial Assistance Grants.

Debt

- Council has \$1.2 million of borrowings as at 30 June 2018 (2017: \$1.3 million). Berrigan Shire has one loan, obtained under the Local Infrastructure Renewal Scheme that is used to fund major stormwater drainage upgrades.
- Council does not have bank overdraft facilities.

PERFORMANCE RATIOS

The definition of each ratio analysed below (except for the 'building and infrastructure renewals ratio') is included in Note 23 of the Council's audited general purpose financial statements. The 'building and infrastructure renewals ratio' is defined in Council's Special Schedule 7 which has not been audited.

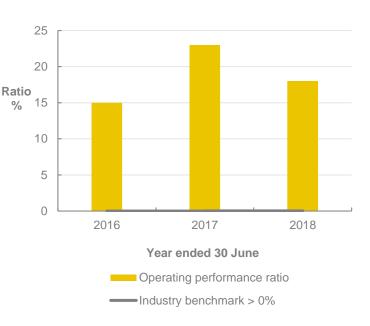
Operating performance ratio

- The 'operating performance ratio' measures how well council contained operating expenditure within operating revenue (excluding capital grants and contributions, fair value adjustments, and reversal of revaluation decrements). The benchmark set by the Office of Local Government (OLG) is greater than zero per cent.
- Councils' operating performance ratio of 18% is above the industry benchmark of greater than 0%. This indicates the Council can contain operating expenditure within operating revenue.
- The operating performance ratio decreased to 18% (2017: 23%) mainly due to the reduction in grants and contributions provided for operating purposes.

Own source operating revenue ratio

- The 'own source operating • revenue ratio' measures council's fiscal flexibility and the degree to which it relies on external funding sources such as operating grants and contributions. The benchmark set by OLG is greater than 60 per cent.
- The Council's own source operating revenue ratio of 61% is below the industry benchmark of 60%.
- The Council's own source operating revenue ratio of 61% (2017: 54%) increased as the council received less funding from financial assistance grants. The ratio improved as the council is less reliant on external funding sources, such as grants and contributions.

Operating performance ratio



70 60 Ratio 50 % 40 30 20 10 0 2016 2017 2018 Year ended 30 June Own source operating revenue ratio Industry benchmark > 60%

Own source operating revenue ratio

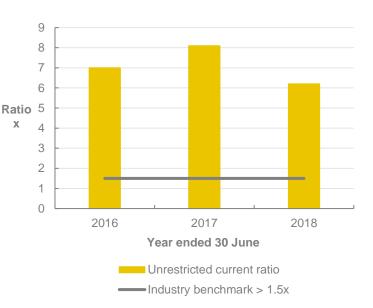
Unrestricted current ratio

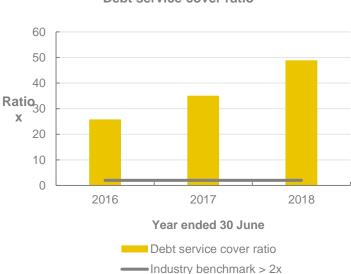
- The 'unrestricted current ratio' is specific to local government and represents council's ability to meet its short-term obligations as they fall due. The ratio excludes current assets and liabilities subject to external restrictions. The benchmark set by OLG is greater than 1.5 times.
- The Council's liquidity ratio of 6.2 times is greater than the industry benchmark minimum of greater than 1.5 times. This indicates that Council has sufficient liquidity to meet its current liabilities as and when they fall due.
- The Council's unrestricted current ratio of 6.2 times (2017: 8.1 times) decreased due to current liabilities, which have increased.

Debt service cover ratio

- The 'debt service cover ratio' measures the operating cash to service debt including interest, principal and lease payments. The benchmark set by OLG is greater than two times.
- The Council's debt service cover ratio of 48.7 times is greater than the industry benchmark of greater than 2 times. The ratio indicates that Council has adequate operating cash to fund its debt obligations.
- The Council's debt service cover ratio of 48.7 times (2017: 34.9 times) increased as the principal repayments and borrowing costs have reduced.

Unrestricted current ratio





Debt service cover ratio

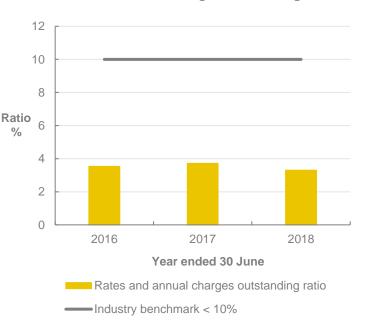
Rates and annual charges outstanding ratio

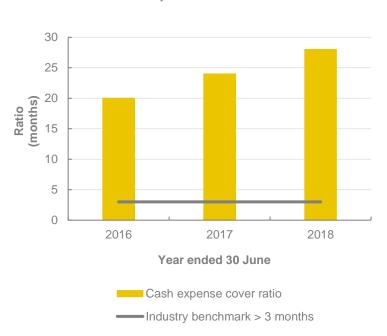
- The 'rates and annual charges outstanding ratio' assesses the impact of uncollected rates and annual charges on council's liquidity and the adequacy of debt recovery efforts. The benchmark set by OLG is less than 10 per cent for rural councils.
- The Council's rates and annual charges outstanding ratio of 3.3% is within the industry benchmark of less than 10% for rural councils.
- Council's high collection rates have remained steady across the three years and have remained well below the best practice benchmark of 10%. This is indicative of Council having effective debt management and collection processes in place.

Cash expense cover ratio

- The cash expense cover ratio indicates the number of months the council can continue paying for its immediate expenses without additional cash inflow. The benchmark set by OLG is greater than three months.
- The Council's cash expense cover ratio was 28 months, which is above the industry benchmark of greater than 3 months. This indicates that Council had the capacity to cover 28 months of operating cash expenditure without additional cash inflows at 30 June 2018.
- The Council's cash expense cover ratio increased to 28 months (2017: 24 months) due to the increase in cash and cash equivalents and a reduction in payments from cash flows of operating and financing activities.

Rates and annual charges outstanding ratio



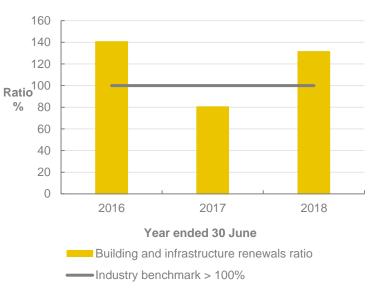


Cash expense cover ratio

Building and infrastructure renewals ratio (unaudited)

- The 'building and infrastructure renewals ratio' assesses the rate at which these assets are being renewed against the rate at which they are depreciating. The benchmark set by OLG is greater than 100 per cent.
- This ratio is sourced from council's Special Schedule 7 which has not been audited.
- The Council's building and infrastructure renewals ratio of 131% is above the industry benchmark of greater than 100%.
- The Council's building and infrastructure renewals ratio increased to 131% (2017: 80%) as the expenditure on asset renewals increased by \$1.5 million.

Building and infrastructure renewals ratio



OTHER MATTERS

New accounting standards implemented

AASB 2016-2 'Disclosure Initiative – Amendments to AASB 107'			
Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017	This Standard requires entities to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes (both cash flows and non-cash changes) in liabilities arising from financing activities.		
Council's disclosure of the changes in their liabilities arisin from financing activities is disclosed in Note 10(b).			

Legislative compliance

My audit procedures did not identify any instances of non-compliance with legislative requirements or a material deficiency in the Council's accounting records or financial reports. The Council's:

- accounting records were maintained in a manner and form to allow the general purpose financial statements to be prepared and effectively audited
- staff provided all accounting records and information relevant to the audit.

Lawrissa Chan Director, Financial Audit Services

cc: Mr Rowan Perkins, General Manager Mr Tim Hurst, Chief Executive, Office of Local Government

SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2018

"Heart of the Southern Riverina"



Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Contents	Page
1. Statement by Councillors and Management	2
2. Special Purpose Financial Statements:	
Income Statement – Water Supply Business Activity Income Statement – Sewerage Business Activity	3 4
Statement of Financial Position – Water Supply Business Activity Statement of Financial Position – Sewerage Business Activity	5 6
3. Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements	7
4. Auditor's Report	17

Background

- (i) These Special Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared for the use by both Council and the Office of Local Government in fulfilling their requirements under National Competition Policy.
- (ii) The principle of competitive neutrality is based on the concept of a 'level playing field' between persons/entities competing in a market place, particularly between private and public sector competitors.

Essentially, the principle is that government businesses, whether Commonwealth, state or local, should operate without net competitive advantages over other businesses as a result of their public ownership.

(iii) For Council, the principle of competitive neutrality and public reporting applies only to declared business activities.

These include (a) those activities classified by the Australian Bureau of Statistics as business activities being water supply, sewerage services, abattoirs, gas production and reticulation, and (b) those activities with a turnover of more than \$2 million that Council has formally declared as a business activity (defined as Category 1 activities).

(iv) In preparing these financial statements for Council's self-classified Category 1 businesses and ABS-defined activities, councils must (a) adopt a corporatisation model and (b) apply full cost attribution including tax-equivalent regime payments and debt guarantee fees (where the business benefits from Council's borrowing position by comparison with commercial rates).

Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Statement by Councillors and Management

made pursuant to the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting

The attached Special Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with:

- the NSW Government Policy Statement 'Application of National Competition Policy to Local Government',
- the Division of Local Government Guidelines 'Pricing and Costing for Council Businesses A Guide to Competitive Neutrality',
- the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting,
- the NSW Office of Water Best-Practice Management of Water and Sewerage Guidelines.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, these financial statements:

- present fairly the operating result and financial position for each of Council's declared business activities for the year, and
- accord with Council's accounting and other records.

We are not aware of any matter that would render these statements false or misleading in any way.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Council made on 17 October 2018.

Matthew Hannan Mayor 17 October 2018

Rowan Perkins General manager 17 October 2018

Denis Gla

Councillor 17 October 2018

1

Carla von Brockhusen Responsible accounting officer 17 October 2018

Income Statement of Council's Water Supply Business Activity for the year ended 30 June 2018

\$ '000	2018	2017
Income from continuing operations		
Access charges	1,957	1,880
C C	1,087	954
User charges Fees	64	56
Interest	187	174
Other income	298	224
Total income from continuing operations	3,593	3,288
Total income nom continuing operations	3,393	3,200
Expenses from continuing operations		
Employee benefits and on-costs	389	359
Borrowing costs	-	3
Materials and contracts	1,392	1,363
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	642	660
Water purchase charges	100	77
Other expenses	301	273
Total expenses from continuing operations	2,824	2,735
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts	769	553
Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes	58	93
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations after capital amounts	827	646
Surplus (deficit) from all operations before tax	827	646
Less: corporate taxation equivalent (30%) [based on result before capital]	(231)	(166)
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) AFTER TAX	596	480
Plus opening retained profits	22,572	21,860
Plus/less: other adjustments - prior year equity split	-	66
Plus adjustments for amounts unpaid:	201	100
- Corporate taxation equivalent Closing retained profits	<u> </u>	166 22,572
closing retained profits	23,333	22,572
Return on capital %	2.8%	2.0%
Subsidy from Council	-	122
Calculation of dividend payable:	500	400
Surplus (deficit) after tax Surplus for dividend calculation purposes	596	480 480
Potential dividend calculated from surplus	298	240

Income Statement of Council's Sewerage Business Activity for the year ended 30 June 2018

\$ '000	2018	2017
Income from continuing operations		
Access charges	1,932	1,853
User charges	22	10
Fees	39	43
Interest	188	149
Other income	45	44
Total income from continuing operations	2,226	2,099
Expenses from continuing operations		
Employee benefits and on-costs	297	303
Materials and contracts	1,049	928
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	590	678
Loss on sale of assets	-	2
Calculated taxation equivalents	14	10
Other expenses	165	148
Total expenses from continuing operations	2,115	2,069
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts	111	30
Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes	332	6
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations after capital amounts	443	36
Surplus (deficit) from all operations before tax	443	36
Less: corporate taxation equivalent (30%) [based on result before capital]	(33)	(9)
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) AFTER TAX	410	27
Plus opening retained profits	10,471	10,319
Plus/less: other adjustments - prior year equity split	-	116
Plus adjustments for amounts unpaid: – Taxation equivalent payments	14	10
– Corporate taxation equivalent	33	9
Less:		
- Tax equivalent dividend paid	(14)	(10)
Closing retained profits	10,914	10,471
Return on capital %	0.5%	0.2%
Subsidy from Council	431	403
Calculation of dividend payable: Surplus (deficit) after tax	410	70
Less: capital grants and contributions (excluding developer contributions)	(329)	27
Surplus for dividend calculation purposes	81	27
Potential dividend calculated from surplus	40	14

Statement of Financial Position – Council's Water Supply Business Activity as at 30 June 2018

\$ '000	2018	2017
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	2,462	1,532
Investments	6,000	6,000
Receivables	247	281
Inventories	68	70
Total current assets	8,777	7,883
Non-current assets		
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	27,481	28,496
Total non-current assets	27,481	28,496
TOTAL ASSETS	36,258	36,379
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Payables	15	
Total current liabilities	15	-
Non-current liabilities		
Nil		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	15	-
NET ASSETS		36,379
EQUITY		
Accumulated surplus	23,399	22,572
Revaluation reserves	12,844	13,807
Council equity interest	36,243	36,379
TOTAL EQUITY	36,243	36,379
		00,010

Statement of Financial Position – Council's Sewerage Business Activity as at 30 June 2018

\$ '000	2018	2017
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,913	2,009
Investments	4,000	4,000
Receivables	179	78
Inventories	3	3
Total current Assets	6,095	6,090
Non-current assets		
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	20,614	18,212
Total non-current assets	20,614	18,212
TOTAL ASSETS	26,709	24,302
LIABILITIES Nil		
NET ASSETS	26,709	24,302
EQUITY		
Accumulated surplus	10,914	10,471
Revaluation reserves	15,795	13,831
Council equity interest	26,709	24,302
TOTAL EQUITY	26,709	24,302

Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Contents of the notes accompanying the financial statements

Note	Details	Page
1	Summary of significant accounting policies	8
2	Water Supply Business Best-Practice Management disclosure requirements	12
3	Sewerage Business Best-Practice Management disclosure requirements	14

A statement summarising the supplemental accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the Special Purpose Financial Statements (SPFS) for National Competition Policy (NCP) reporting purposes follows.

These financial statements are SPFS prepared for use by Council and the Office of Local Government. For the purposes of these statements, the Council is a non-reporting not-for-profit entity.

The figures presented in these Special Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement criteria of relevant Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and Australian Accounting Interpretations.

The disclosures in these Special Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW), the Local Government (General) Regulation, and the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.

The statements are prepared on an accruals basis. They are based on historic costs and do not take into account changing money values or, except where specifically stated, current values of non-current assets. Certain taxes and other costs, appropriately described, have been imputed for the purposes of the National Competition Policy.

The Statement of Financial Position includes notional assets/liabilities receivable from/payable to Council's general fund. These balances reflect a notional intra-entity funding arrangement with the declared business activities.

National Competition Policy

Council has adopted the principle of 'competitive neutrality' in its business activities as part of the National Competition Policy which is being applied throughout Australia at all levels of government.

The framework for its application is set out in the June 1996 NSW government policy statement titled 'Application of National Competition Policy to Local Government'.

The Pricing and Costing for Council Businesses, A Guide to Competitive Neutrality issued by the Office of Local Government in July 1997 has also been adopted.

The pricing and costing guidelines outline the process for identifying and allocating costs to activities and provide a standard for disclosure requirements.

These disclosures are reflected in Council's pricing and/or financial reporting systems and include taxation equivalents, Council subsidies, return on investments (rate of return), and dividends paid.

Declared business activities

In accordance with *Pricing and Costing for Council Businesses – A Guide to Competitive Neutrality,* Council has declared that the following are to be considered as business activities:

Category 1

(where gross operating turnover is over \$2 million)

None

Category 2

(where gross operating turnover is less than \$2 million)

a. Berrigan Shire Council Water Supply

Supply drinking quality water to the towns of Barooga, Berrigan, Finley and Tocumwal.

b. Berrigan Shire Council Sewerage Service

Supply of a reticulated sewerage service to the towns of Barooga, Berrigan, Finley and Tocumwal.

Monetary amounts

Amounts shown in the financial statements are in Australian currency and rounded to the nearest thousand dollars, except for Note 2 (Water Supply Best-Practice Management Disclosures) and Note 3 (Sewerage Best-Practice Management Disclosures).

As required by Crown Lands and Water (CLAW), the amounts shown in Note 2 and Note 3 are disclosed in whole dollars.

(i) Taxation-equivalent charges

Council is liable to pay various taxes and financial duties. Where this is the case, they are disclosed as a cost of operations just like all other costs.

However, where Council does not pay some taxes which are generally paid by private sector businesses, such as income tax, these equivalent tax payments have been applied to all Council-nominated business activities and are reflected in Special Purpose Financial Statements.

For the purposes of disclosing comparative information relevant to the private sector equivalent, the following taxation equivalents have been applied to all Council-nominated business activities (this does not include Council's non-business activities):

Notional rate applied (%)

Corporate income tax rate - 30%

Land tax – the first \$629,000 of combined land values attracts **0%**. For the combined land values in excess of \$629,001 up to \$3,846,000 the rate is **1.6% + \$100**. For the remaining combined land value that exceeds \$3,846,000 a premium marginal rate of **2.0%** applies.

Payroll tax – **5.45%** on the value of taxable salaries and wages in excess of \$750,000.

In accordance with Crown Lands and Water (CLAW), a payment for the amount calculated as the annual tax equivalent charges (excluding income tax) must be paid from water supply and sewerage business activities.

The payment of taxation equivalent charges, referred to in the NSW Office of Water Guidelines to as a 'dividend for taxation equivalent', may be applied for any purpose allowed under the *Local Government Act, 1993.*

Achievement of substantial compliance to the NSW Office of Water Guidelines is not a prerequisite for the payment of the tax equivalent charges, however the payment must not exceed \$3 per assessment.

Income tax

An income tax equivalent has been applied on the profits of the business activities.

Whilst income tax is not a specific cost for the purpose of pricing a good or service, it needs to be taken into account in terms of assessing the rate of return required on capital invested.

Accordingly, the return on capital invested is set at a pre-tax level - gain/(loss) from ordinary activities before capital amounts, as would be applied by a private sector competitor. That is, it should include a provision equivalent to the corporate income tax rate, currently 30%.

Income tax is only applied where a gain/ (loss) from ordinary activities before capital amounts has been achieved.

Since the taxation equivalent is notional – that is, it is payable to Council as the 'owner' of business operations - it represents an internal payment and has no effect on the operations of the Council. Accordingly, there is no need for disclosure of internal charges in the SPFS.

The rate applied of 30% is the equivalent company tax rate prevalent at reporting date. No adjustments have been made for variations that have occurred during the year.

Local government rates and charges

A calculation of the equivalent rates and charges payable on all category 1 businesses has been applied to all land assets owned or exclusively used by the business activity.

Loan and debt guarantee fees

The debt guarantee fee is designed to ensure that council business activities face 'true' commercial borrowing costs in line with private sector competitors.

In order to calculate a debt guarantee fee, Council has determined what the differential borrowing rate would have been between the commercial rate and Council's borrowing rate for its business activities.

(ii) Subsidies

Government policy requires that subsidies provided to customers, and the funding of those subsidies, must be explicitly disclosed.

Subsidies occur when Council provides services on a less-than-cost-recovery basis. This option is exercised on a range of services in order for Council to meet its community service obligations.

Accordingly, 'subsidies disclosed' (in relation to National Competition Policy) represents the difference between revenue generated from 'rate of return' pricing and revenue generated from prices set by Council in any given financial year.

The overall effect of subsidies is contained within the Income Statement of each reported business activity.

(iii) Return on investments (rate of return)

The NCP policy statement requires that councils with Category 1 businesses 'would be expected to generate a return on capital funds employed that is comparable to rates of return for private businesses operating in a similar field'.

Such funds are subsequently available for meeting commitments or financing future investment strategies.

The actual rate of return achieved by each business activity is disclosed at the foot of each respective Income Statement.

The rate of return is calculated as follows:

Operating result before capital income + interest expense

Written down value of I,PP&E as at 30 June

As a minimum, business activities should generate a return equal to the Commonwealth 10 year bond rate which is 2.63% at 30 June 2018.

(iv) Dividends

Council is not required to pay dividends to either itself (as owner of a range of businesses) or to any external entities.

Local government water supply and sewerage businesses are permitted to pay an annual dividend from its water supply or sewerage business surplus.

Each dividend must be calculated and approved in accordance with the DPIW guidelines and must not exceed:

- (i) 50% of this surplus in any one year, or
- (ii) the number of water supply or sewerage assessments at 30 June 2018 multiplied by \$30 (less the payment for tax equivalent charges, not exceeding \$3 per assessment).

In accordance with the DPIW guidelines a Dividend Payment form, Statement of Compliance, Unqualified Independent Financial Audit Report and Compliance Audit Report are required to be submitted to the DPIW.

END OF AUDITED SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 2. Water supply business best-practice management disclosure requirements

Dolla	rs amounts shown below are in whole dollars (unless otherwise indicated)	2018
	Iculation and payment of tax-equivalents al government local water utilities must pay this dividend for tax equivalents]	
(i)	Calculated tax equivalents	388
(ii)	Number of assessments multiplied by \$3/assessment	11,442
(iii)	Amounts payable for tax equivalents [lesser of (i) and (ii)]	388
(iv)	Amounts actually paid for tax equivalents	388
2. Div (i)	vidend from surplus 50% of surplus before dividends [calculated in accordance with Best-Practice Management for Water Supply and Sewerage Guidelines]	298,150
(ii)	Number of assessments multiplied by \$30/assessment, less tax equivalent charges/assessment	114,032
(iii)	Cumulative surplus before dividends for the 3 years to 30 June 2018, less the cumulative dividends paid for the 2 years to 30 June 2017 and 30 June 2016	1,607,840
	2018 Surplus 596,300 2017 Surplus 480,240 2016 Surplus 531,300 2017 Dividend - 2016 Dividend -	
(iv)	Maximum dividend from surplus [least of (i), (ii) and (iii) above]	114,032
(v)	Dividend actually paid from surplus [refer below for required pre-dividend payment criteria]	
(vi)	Are the overhead reallocation charges to the water business fair and reasonable? ^a	YES
	quired outcomes for 6 criteria eligible for the payment of a 'dividend from surplus', all the criteria below need a 'YES']	
(i)	Completion of strategic business plan (including financial plan)	YES
(ii)	Full cost recovery, without significant cross subsidies [refer item 2 (a) in table 1 on page 22 of the Best-Practice Guidelines]	YES
	- Complying charges [item 2 (b) in table 1]	NO
	- DSP with commercial developer charges [item 2 (e) in table 1]	YES
	 If dual water supplies, complying charges [item 2 (g) in table 1] 	YES
(iii)	Sound water conservation and demand management implemented	YES
(iv)	Sound drought management implemented	YES
(v)	Complete performance reporting form (by 15 September each year)	NO
(vi)	a. Integrated water cycle management evaluation	NO
	b. Complete and implement integrated water cycle management strategy	NO

Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 2. Water supply business best-practice management disclosure requirements (continued)

Dollars amo	ounts shown below are in whole dollars (unless otherwise indicated)		2018
National V	Vater Initiative (NWI) financial performance indicators		
NWI F1	Total revenue (water) Total income (w13) – grants for the acquisition of assets (w11a) – interest income (w9) – Aboriginal Communities W&S Program income (w10a)	\$'000	3,464
NWI F4	Revenue from residential usage charges (water) Income from residential usage charges (w6b) x 100 divided by the sum of [income from residential usage charges (w6a) + income from residential access charges (w6b)]	%	38.22%
NWI F9	Written down replacement cost of fixed assets (water) Written down current cost of system assets (w47)	\$'000	27,481
NWI F11	Operating cost (OMA) (water) Management expenses (w1) + operational and maintenance expenses (w2)	\$'000	2,040
NWI F14	Capital expenditure (water) Acquisition of fixed assets (w16)	\$'000	396
NWI F17	Economic real rate of return (water) [total income (w13) – interest income (w9) – grants for acquisition of assets (w11a) – operating costs (NWI F11) – current cost depreciation (w3)] x 100 divided by [written down current cost of system assets (w47) + plant and equipment (w33b)]	%	2.85%
NWI F26	Capital works grants (water) Grants for the acquisition of assets (w11a)	\$'000	

Notes: **1.** References to w (e.g. w12) refer to item numbers within Special Schedules 3 and 4 of Council's Annual Financial Statements.

- 2. The NWI performance indicators are based upon the National Performance Framework Handbook for Urban Performance Reporting Indicators and Definitions.
- a refer to 3.2 (2) on page 15 of the Best-Practice Management of Water Supply and Sewerage Guidelines, 2007

Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 3. Sewerage business best-practice management disclosure requirements

Dollar	s amounts shown belo	ow are	e in whole dollars (unless otherwise indicated)	2018
	Iculation and paymer al government local water u		tax-equivalents must pay this dividend for tax equivalents]	
(i)	Calculated tax equiva	alents		14,000
(ii)	Number of assessme	ents r	nultiplied by \$3/assessment	11,403
(iii)	Amounts payable for	tax e	quivalents [lesser of (i) and (ii)]	11,403
(iv)	Amounts actually pai	d for	tax equivalents	14,000
2. Div	vidend from surplus			
(i)	50% of surplus befor [calculated in accordance		dends Best-Practice Management for Water Supply and Sewerage Guidelines]	40,350
(ii)	Number of assessme	ents	(\$30 less tax equivalent charges per assessment)	102,627
(iii)			dividends for the 3 years to 30 June 2018, less the for the 2 years to 30 June 2017 and 30 June 2016	286,300
	2018 Surplus 80,	700	2017 Surplus 27,000 2016 Surplus 178,600 2017 Dividend – 2016 Dividend –	
(iv)	Maximum dividend fr	om s	urplus [least of (i), (ii) and (iii) above]	40,350
(v)	Dividend actually paid	d fror	N SUIPIUS [refer below for required pre-dividend payment criteria]	
(vi)	Are the overhead rea	alloca	tion charges to the sewer business fair and reasonable? ^a	YES
	quired outcomes for eligible for the payment of a		teria end from surplus', all the criteria below need a 'YES']	
(i)	Completion of strateg	gic bu	siness plan (including financial plan)	YES
(ii)	-		ery, without significant cross subsidies ge 22 of the Best-Practice Guidelines]	YES
	Complying charges	(a)	Residential [item 2 (c) in table 1]	NO
		(b)	Non-residential [item 2 (c) in table 1]	NO
		(c)	Trade waste [item 2 (d) in table 1]	NO
			eloper charges [item 2 (e) in table 1] als and policy [item 2 (f) in table 1]	YES NO
(iii)	Complete performan	ce re	oorting form (by 15 September each year)	NO
(iv)	a. Integrated water c	ycle r	nanagement evaluation	NO
	b. Complete and imp	leme	nt integrated water cycle management strategy	NO

Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 3. Sewerage business best-practice management disclosure requirements (continued)

Dollars amounts shown below are in whole dollars (unless otherwise indicated) 20				
National \	Nater Initiative (NWI) financial performance indicators			
NWI F2	Total revenue (sewerage) Total income (s14) – grants for acquisition of assets (s12a) – interest income (s10) – Aboriginal Communities W&S Program income (w10a)	\$'000	2,370	
NWI F10	Written down replacement cost of fixed assets (sewerage) Written down current cost of system assets (s48)	\$'000	20,583	
NWI F12	Operating cost (sewerage) Management expenses (s1) + operational and maintenance expenses (s2)	\$'000	1,346	
NWI F15	Capital expenditure (sewerage) Acquisition of fixed assets (s17)	\$'000	325	
NWI F18	Economic real rate of return (sewerage) [total income (s14) – interest income (s10) – grants for acquisition of assets (s12a) – operating cost (NWI F12) – current cost depreciation (s3)] x 100 divided by [written down current cost (i.e. WDCC) of system assets (s48) + plant and equipment (s34b)]	%	2.11%	
NWI F27	Capital works grants (sewerage) Grants for the acquisition of assets (12a)	\$'000		
	Water Initiative (NWI) financial performance indicators d sewer (combined)			
NWI F3	Total income (water and sewerage) Total income (w13 + s14) + gain/loss on disposal of assets (w14 + s15) minus grants for acquisition of assets (w11a + s12a) – interest income (w9 + s10)	\$'000	5,834	
NWI F8	Revenue from community service obligations (water and sewerage) Community service obligations (NWI F25) x 100 divided by total income (NWI F3)	%	1.56%	
NWI F16	Capital expenditure (water and sewerage) Acquisition of fixed assets (w16 + s17)	\$'000	721	
NWI F19	Economic real rate of return (water and sewerage) [total income (w13 + s14) – interest income (w9 + s10) – grants for acquisition of assets (w11a + s12a) – operating cost (NWI F11 + NWI F12) – current cost depreciation (w3 + s3)] x 1 divided by [written down replacement cost of fixed assets (NWI F9 + NWI F10) + plant and equipment (w33b + s34b)]	% 00	2.53%	
NWI F20	Dividend (water and sewerage) Dividend paid from surplus (2 (v) of Note 2 + 2 (v) of Note 3)	\$'000		
NWI F21	Dividend payout ratio (water and sewerage) Dividend (NWI F20) x 100 divided by net profit after tax (NWI F24)	%	0.00%	

Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 3. Sewerage business best-practice management disclosure requirements (continued)

Dollars amo	ounts shown below are in whole dollars (unless otherwise indicated)		2018
	Vater Initiative (NWI) financial performance indicators sewer (combined)		
NWI F22	Net debt to equity (water and sewerage) Overdraft (w36 + s37) + borrowings (w38 + s39) – cash and investments (w30 + s31) x 100 divided by [total assets (w35 + s36) – total liabilities (w40 + s41)]	%	-22.81%
NWI F23	Interest cover (water and sewerage) Earnings before interest and tax (EBIT) divided by net interest		> 100
	Earnings before interest and tax (EBIT): 1,216 Operating result (w15a + s16a) + interest expense (w4a + s4a) – interest income (w9 + s10) – gain/loss on disposal of assets (w14 + s15) + miscellaneous expenses (w4b + w4c + s4b + s4)	c)	
	Net interest: (375) Interest expense (w4a + s4a) – interest income (w9 + s10)		
NWI F24	Net profit after tax (water and sewerage) Surplus before dividends (w15a + s16a) – tax equivalents paid (Note 2-1 (iv) + Note 3-1 (iv))	\$'000	1,256
NWI F25	Community service obligations (water and sewerage) Grants for pensioner rebates (w11b + s12b)	\$'000	91

Notes: **1.** References to w (eg. s12) refer to item numbers within Special Schedules 5 and 6 of Council's Annual Financial Statements.

- 2. The NWI performance indicators are based upon the National Performance Framework Handbook for Urban Performance Reporting Indicators and Definitions.
- a refer to 3.2 (2) on page 15 of the Best-Practice Management of Water Supply and Sewerage Guidelines, 2007

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the special purpose financial report

Berrigan Shire Council

To the Councillors of the Berrigan Shire Council

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying special purpose financial report (the financial report) of Berrigan Shire Council's (the Council) Declared Business Activities, which comprise the Income Statement of each Declared Business Activity for the year ended 30 June 2018, the Statement of Financial Position of each Declared Business Activity as at 30 June 2018, notes comprising a summary of Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the Business Activities declared by Council, and the Statement by Councillors and Management.

The Declared Business Activities of the Council are:

- Water Supply
- Sewerage

In my opinion, the financial report presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Council's declared Business Activities as at 30 June 2018, and its financial performance for the year then ended, in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards described in Note 1 and the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting (LG Code).

My opinion should be read in conjunction with the rest of this report.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under the standards are described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report' section of my report.

I am independent of the Council in accordance with the requirements of the:

- Australian Auditing Standards
- Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 'Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants' (APES 110).

I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with APES 110.

Parliament promotes independence by ensuring the Auditor-General and the Audit Office of New South Wales are not compromised in their roles by:

- providing that only Parliament, and not the executive government, can remove an Auditor-General
- mandating the Auditor-General as the auditor of councils
- precluding the Auditor-General from providing non-audit services.

I believe the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

Without modifying my opinion, I draw attention to Note 1 to the financial report which describes the basis of accounting. The financial report has been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling the Council's financial reporting responsibilities under the LG Code. As a result, the financial report may not be suitable for another purpose.

Other Information

Other information comprises the information included in the Council's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2018, other than the financial report and my Independent Auditor's Report thereon. The Councillors are responsible for the other information. At the date of this Independent Auditor's Report, the other information I have received comprise the general purpose financial statements and Special Schedules (the Schedules).

My opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information. Accordingly, I do not express any form of assurance conclusion on the other information. However, as required by the *Local Government Act 1993*, I have separately expressed an opinion on the general purpose financial statements and Special Schedule 2 - Permissible income for general rates.

In connection with my audit of the financial report, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or my knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude there is a material misstatement of the other information, I must report that fact.

I have nothing to report in this regard.

The Councillors' Responsibilities for the Financial Report

The Councillors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report and for determining that the accounting policies, described in Note 1 to the financial report, are appropriate to meet the requirements in the LG Code. The Councillors' responsibility also includes such internal control as the Councillors determine is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Councillors are responsible for assessing the Council's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless it is not appropriate to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

My objectives are to:

- obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error
- issue an Independent Auditor's Report including my opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect material misstatements. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions users take based on the financial report.

A description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: <u>www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf</u>. The description forms part of my auditor's report.

My opinion does not provide assurance:

- that the Council carried out its activities effectively, efficiently and economically
- on the best practice management disclosures in Notes 2 and 3 of the financial report
- about the security and controls over the electronic publication of the audited financial report on any website where it may be presented
- about any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the financial report.



Lawrissa Chan Director

17 October 2018 SYDNEY

SPECIAL SCHEDULES for the year ended 30 June 2018

"Heart of the Southern Riverina"



Special Schedules for the year ended 30 June 2018

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¹ Special Schedules are not audited (with the exception of Special Schedule 2).

Background

- (i) These Special Schedules have been designed to meet the requirements of special purpose users such as;
 - the NSW Grants Commission
 - the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS),
 - the NSW Office of Water (NOW), and
 - the Office of Local Government (OLG).
- (ii) The financial data is collected for various uses including;
 - the allocation of Financial Assistance Grants,
 - the incorporation of Local Government financial figures in national statistics,
 - the monitoring of loan approvals,
 - the allocation of borrowing rights, and
 - the monitoring of the financial activities of specific services.

Special Schedule 1 – Net Cost of Services

for the year ended 30 June 2018

\$'000 Income from Expenses from Net cost continuing operations Function or activity continuing of services operations Non-capital Capital 719 4 (715) Governance _ Administration 157 602 18 463 Public order and safety Fire service levy, fire protection, emergency services 206 65 (141) Beach control _ _ Enforcement of local government regulations _ _ _ 128 33 (95) Animal control _ Other _ 334 98 (236)Total public order and safety _ Health 5 4 (1) Environment Noxious plants and insect/vermin control 135 (135) (17) 79 62 Other environmental protection 1,755 Solid waste management 1,211 2,949 17 (259) Street cleaning 259 _ Drainage _ _ Stormwater management 435 110 525 200 Total environment 2,119 3,059 604 1,544 **Community services and education** Administration and education 5 3 (2) Social protection (welfare) _ _ 189 (189)Aged persons and disabled _ 149 Children's services 149 _ 343 152 (191) Total community services and education _ Housing and community amenities Public cemeteries 132 86 (46) 240 (240)Public conveniences _ 49 (144) Street lighting 193 _ Town planning 229 218 _ (11) (27) Other community amenities 43 16 _ Total housing and community amenities 837 369 (468) _ 2,824 3,592 58 826 Water supplies Sewerage services 2,094 2,204 332 442

Special Schedule 1 - Net Cost of Services (continued)

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Function or activity	Expenses from Income f continuing continuing op			Net cost of services
	operations	Non-capital	Capital	
Recreation and culture				
Public libraries	569	242	91	(236)
Museums	-	_	-	_
Art galleries	-	_	-	-
Community centres and halls	200	2	-	(198)
Performing arts venues	_	_	-	-
Other performing arts	_	_	_	-
Other cultural services	28	9	_	(19)
Sporting grounds and venues	412	100	38	(274)
Swimming pools	415	97	9	(309)
Parks and gardens (lakes)	442	_	65	(377)
Other sport and recreation		_	-	(011)
Total recreation and culture	2,066	450	203	(1,413)
Fuel and energy	-	-	-	-
Agriculture	_	-	-	
Mining, manufacturing and construction				
Building control	239	6	-	(233)
Other mining, manufacturing and construction	35	63	_	28
Total mining, manufacturing and const.	274	69	-	(205)
Transport and communication				
Urban roads (UR) – local	2,226	-	18	(2,208)
Urban roads – regional	-	-	-	-
Sealed rural roads (SRR) – local	1,742	-	-	(1,742)
Sealed rural roads (SRR) – regional	542	-	-	(542)
Unsealed rural roads (URR) – local	1,128	-	-	(1,128)
Unsealed rural roads (URR) – regional	-	-	-	-
Bridges on UR – local	_	-	_	-
Bridges on SRR – local	-	-	-	-
Bridges on URR – local	_	-	_	-
Bridges on regional roads	19	-	_	(19)
Parking areas	7	4	_	(3)
Footpaths	97	18	63	(16)
Aerodromes	122	17	217	112
Other transport and communication	194	2,551	242	2,599
Total transport and communication	6,077	2,590	540	(2,947)
Economic affairs				
Camping areas and caravan parks	14	32	-	18
Other economic affairs	570	(94)	5	(659)
Total economic affairs	584	(62)	5	(641)
Totals – functions	18,433	13,131	1,760	(3,542)
General purpose revenues ⁽¹⁾		9,893		9,893
Share of interests – joint ventures and				
associates using the equity method		-		
NET OPERATING RESULT ⁽²⁾	18,433	23,024	1,760	6,351

(1) Includes: rates and annual charges (including ex gratia, excluding water and sewer), non-capital general purpose
 (2) As reported in the Income Statement grants, interest on investments (excluding externally restricted assets) and interest on overdue rates and annual charges

Special Schedule 2 – Permissible income for general rates

for the year ended 30 June 2019

\$'000		Calculation 2018/19	Calculation 2017/18
Notional general income calculation ⁽¹⁾			
Last year notional general income yield	а	5,019	4,940
Plus or minus adjustments ⁽²⁾	b	(3)	8
Notional general income	c = (a + b)	5,016	4,948
Permissible income calculation			
Special variation percentage ⁽³⁾	d		
Or rate peg percentage	е	2.30%	1.50%
or crown land adjustment (incl. rate peg percentage)	f		
Less expiring special variation amount	g	_	-
Plus special variation amount	h = d x (c - g)	_	-
Or plus rate peg amount	i = c x e	115	74
or plus Crown land adjustment and rate peg amount	j = c x f		
Sub-total	k = (c + g + h + i + j)	5,131	5,022
Plus (or minus) last year's carry forward total	I	3	0
Less valuation objections claimed in the previous year	m		
Sub-total	n = (I + m)	3	0
Total permissible income	o = k + n	5,135	5,022
Less notional general income yield	р	5,135	5,019
Catch-up or (excess) result	q = o - p	(0)	3
Plus income lost due to valuation objections claimed ⁽²) r	_	-
Less unused catch-up ⁽⁵⁾	S		
Carry forward to next year	$\mathbf{t} = \mathbf{q} + \mathbf{r} - \mathbf{s}$	(0)	3

Notes

- (1) The notional general income will not reconcile with rate income in the financial statements in the corresponding year. The statements are reported on an accrual accounting basis which include amounts that relate to prior years' rates income.
- (2) Adjustments account for changes in the number of assessments and any increase or decrease in land value occurring during the year. The adjustments are called 'supplementary valuations' as defined in the *Valuation of Land Act 1916*.
- (3) The 'special variation percentage' is inclusive of the rate peg percentage and where applicable Crown land adjustment.
- (4) Valuation objections are unexpected changes in land values as a result of land owners successfully objecting to the land value issued by the Valuer-General. Councils can claim the value of the income lost due to valuation objections in any single year.
- (5) Unused catch-up amounts will be deducted if they are not caught up within 2 years. Usually councils will have a nominal carry forward figure. These amounts can be adjusted for in setting the rates in a future year.
- (6) Carry forward amounts which are in excess (an amount that exceeds the permissible income) require ministerial approval by order published in the NSW Government Gazette in accordance with section 512 of the Local Government Act 1993. The OLG will extract these amounts from Council's Special Schedule 2 in the financial data return (FDR) to administer this process.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Special Schedule 2 - Permissible Income for general rates

Berrigan Shire Council

To the Councillors of Berrigan Shire Council

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying Special Schedule 2 – Permissible Income for general rates (the Schedule) of Berrigan Shire Council (the Council) for the year ending 30 June 2019.

In my opinion, the Schedule of the Council for the year ending 30 June 2019 is prepared, in all material respects in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting (LG Code) issued by the Office of Local Government (OLG), and is in accordance with the books and records of the Council.

My opinion should be read in conjunction with the rest of this report.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under the standards are described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Schedule' section of my report.

I am independent of the Council in accordance with the requirements of the:

- Australian Auditing Standards
- Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 'Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants' (APES 110).

I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with APES 110.

Parliament promotes independence by ensuring the Auditor-General and the Audit Office of New South Wales are not compromised in their roles by:

- providing that only Parliament, and not the executive government, can remove an Auditor-General
- mandating the Auditor-General as auditor of councils
- precluding the Auditor-General from providing non-audit services.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter – Basis of Accounting

Without modifying my opinion, I draw attention to the special purpose framework used to prepare the Schedule. The Schedule had been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling the Council's reporting obligations under the LG Code. As a result, the Schedule may not be suitable for another purpose.

Other Information

Other information comprises the information included in the Council's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2018, other than the Schedule and my Independent Auditor's Report thereon. The Councillors are responsible for the other information. At the date of this Independent Auditor's Report, the other information I have received comprise the general purpose financial statements, special purpose financial statements and the Special Schedules excluding Special Schedule 2 (the other Schedules).

My opinion on the Schedule does not cover the other information. Accordingly, I do not express any form of assurance conclusion on the other information. However, as required by the *Local Government Act 1993*, I have separately expressed an opinion on the general purpose financial statements and the special purpose financial statements.

In connection with my audit of the Schedule, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Schedule or my knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude there is a material misstatement of the other information, I must report that fact.

I have nothing to report in this regard.

The Councillors' Responsibilities for the Schedule

The Councillors are responsible for the preparation of the Schedule in accordance with the LG Code. The Councillors' responsibility also includes such internal control as the Councillors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the Schedule that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Schedule, the Councillors are responsible for assessing the Council's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless it is not appropriate to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Schedule

My objectives are to:

- obtain reasonable assurance whether the Schedule as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error
- issue an Independent Auditor's Report including my opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect material misstatements. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions users take based on the Schedule.

A description of my responsibilities for the audit of the Schedule is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar8.pdf. The description forms part of my auditor's report.

My opinion does not provide assurance:

- that the Council carried out its activities effectively, efficiently and economically
- about the security and controls over the electronic publication of the audited Schedule on any website where it may be presented
- about any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the Schedule.

Zwiller

Lawrissa Chan Director

17 October 2018 SYDNEY

Special Schedule 3 – Water Supply Income Statement Includes all internal transactions, i.e. prepared on a gross basis

\$'00	0	2018	2017
A	Expenses and income Expenses		
1.	Management expenses a. Administration	247	247
	b. Engineering and supervision	320	320
2.	Operation and maintenance expenses dams and weirs 		
	a. Operation expenses b. Maintenance expenses	-	-
	– Mains		
	c. Operation expenses d. Maintenance expenses	426	372
	– Reservoirs		
	e. Operation expenses	_	_
	f. Maintenance expenses	-	-
	– Pumping stations		
	g. Operation expenses (excluding energy costs)	50	68
	h. Energy costs i. Maintenance expenses	20	20
	– Treatment		
	j. Operation expenses (excluding chemical costs)	831	764
	k. Chemical costs	41	39
	I. Maintenance expenses	_	_
	– Other		
	m. Operation expenses	25	14
	n. Maintenance expenses o. Purchase of water	- 80	- 77
3.	Depreciation expenses		
0.	a. System assets	642	648
	b. Plant and equipment	-	-
4.	Miscellaneous expenses		
	a. Interest expenses	_	3
	b. Revaluation decrements	- 142	- 150
	c. Other expenses d. Impairment – system assets	142	150
	e. Impairment – system assets	_	_
	f. Aboriginal Communities Water and Sewerage Program	_	_
	g. Tax equivalents dividends (actually paid)	-	-
	Total expenses	2,824	2,722

Special Schedule 3 – Water Supply Income Statement (continued) Includes all internal transactions, i.e. prepared on a gross basis

\$'00	0	2018	2017
	Income		
6.	Residential charges		
0.	a. Access (including rates)	1,757	1,680
	b. Usage charges	1,087	996
7.	Non-residential charges		
	a. Access (including rates)	202	200
	b. Usage charges	225	14
8.	Extra charges	-	-
9.	Interest income	187	174
10.	Other income	89	167
10a	Aboriginal Communities Water and Sewerage Program	_	-
11.	Grants		
	a. Grants for acquisition of assets	-	-
	b. Grants for pensioner rebates	46	46
	c. Other grants	_	-
12.	Contributions		
	a. Developer charges	58	93
	b. Developer provided assetsc. Other contributions	-	-
13.	Total income	3,651	3,370
			0,010
14.	Gain (or loss) on disposal of assets	_	-
15.	Operating result	827	648

15a. Operating result (less grants for acquisition of assets)	827	648
---	-----	-----

Special Schedule 3 – Water Supply Income Statement (continued) Includes all internal transactions, i.e. prepared on a gross basis

\$'00	0		2018	2017
В	Capital transactions Non-operating expenditures			
16.	Acquisition of fixed assets a. New assets for improved standards b. New assets for growth c. Renewals d. Plant and equipment		_ _ 396 _	- - 86 -
17.	Repayment of debt		_	_
18.	Totals		396	86
	Non-operating funds employed			
19.	Proceeds from disposal of assets		_	_
20.	Borrowing utilised		_	_
21.	Totals	_	_	 _
С	Rates and charges			
22.	Number of assessments a. Residential (occupied) b. Residential (unoccupied, ie. vacant lot) c. Non-residential (occupied) d. Non-residential (unoccupied, ie. vacant lot)		3,173 263 311 67	3,065 277 330 63
23.	Number of ETs for which developer charges were received		– ET	– ET
24.	Total amount of pensioner rebates (actual dollars)	\$	-	\$ 83,977

Special Schedule 4 – Water Supply Statement of Financial Position Includes internal transactions, i.e. prepared on a gross basis

as at 30 June 2018

\$'00	0	Current	Non-current	Total
25.	ASSETS Cash and investments			
29.	a. Developer charges	_	_	_
	b. Special purpose grants	_	_	_
	c. Accrued leave	_	_	_
	d. Unexpended loans	_	_	_
	e. Sinking fund	_	-	-
	f. Other	8,462	-	8,462
26.	Receivables			
	a. Specific purpose grants	_	-	-
	b. Rates and availability charges	233	-	233
	c. User charges	14	_	14
	d. Other	-	-	-
27.	Inventories	68	-	68
28.	Property, plant and equipment			
	a. System assets	-	27,481	27,481
	b. Plant and equipment	-	_	-
29.	Other assets	_	-	-
30.	Total assets	8,777	27,481	36,258
	LIABILITIES			
31.	Bank overdraft	_	_	-
32.	Creditors	_	-	-
33.	Borrowings	15	_	15
34.	Provisions			
	a. Tax equivalents	_	-	-
	b. Dividend	_	-	-
	c. Other	-	-	-
35.	Total liabilities	15	_	15
36.	NET ASSETS COMMITTED	8,762	27,481	36,243
	EQUITY			
37.	Accumulated surplus			13,765
38.	Asset revaluation reserve			22,478
39.	Other reserves			_
40.	TOTAL EQUITY		_	36,243
	Note to system assets:			
41.	Current replacement cost of system assets			49,021
42. 43.	Accumulated current cost depreciation of system assets Written down current cost of system assets			(21,540) 27,481
ч у.	whiteh down current cost of system assets			27,401

Special Schedule 5 – Sewerage Service Income Statement Includes all internal transactions, i.e. prepared on a gross basis

Includes all internal transactions, i.e. prepared on a gross basis for the year ended 30 June 2018

\$'000		2018	2017
	xpenses and income xpenses		
1. Ma	anagement expenses		
a.	Administration	184	184
b.	Engineering and supervision	278	277
-	peration and maintenance expenses mains		
	Operation expenses	184	103
	Maintenance expenses	-	-
- 1	Pumping stations		
c.	Operation expenses (excluding energy costs)	234	219
	Energy costs	21	20
e.	Maintenance expenses	_	-
	Treatment		
f. (Operation expenses (excl. chemical, energy, effluent and biosolids management costs)	316	323
g.	Chemical costs	7	4
	Energy costs	87	83
	Effluent management	-	-
-	Biosolids management	-	-
k.	Maintenance expenses	-	-
- (Other		
Ι.	Operation expenses	35	9
m.	. Maintenance expenses	-	-
	epreciation expenses		
	System assets	590	678
b.	Plant and equipment	-	-
	iscellaneous expenses		
	Interest expenses	-	-
	Revaluation decrements	-	-
	Other expenses	165	157
	Impairment – system assets	-	-
	Impairment – plant and equipment	-	-
	Aboriginal Communities Water and Sewerage Program	—	-
g.	Tax equivalents dividends (actually paid)	14	
5. To	otal expenses	2,115	2,057

Special Schedule 5 – Sewerage Service Income Statement (continued) Includes all internal transactions, i.e. prepared on a gross basis

\$'000	2018	2017
Income		
6. Residential charges (including rates)	1,800	1,731
7. Non-residential charges		
a. Access (including rates)	132	122
b. Usage charges	39	43
8. Trade waste charges		
a. Annual fees	-	-
b. Usage charges	22	10
c. Excess mass charges	-	-
d. Re-inspection fees	_	_
9. Extra charges	_	_
10. Interest income	188	149
11. Other income	_	_
11a. Aboriginal Communities Water and Sewerage Program	_	-
12. Grants		
a. Grants for acquisition of assets	-	-
b. Grants for pensioner rebates	45	44
c. Other grants	_	-
13. Contributions		
a. Developer charges	332	6
b. Developer provided assets	-	-
c. Other contributions	_	-
14. Total income	2,558	2,105
15. Gain (or loss) on disposal of assets	_	(2)
16. Operating result	443	46
16a. Operating result (less grants for acquisition of assets)	443	46

Special Schedule 5 – Sewerage Service Income Statement (continued) Includes all internal transactions, i.e. prepared on a gross basis

\$'00	0	 2018	2017
В	Capital transactions Non-operating expenditures		
17.	Acquisition of fixed assets		
	a. New assets for improved standards	_	-
	b. New assets for growth	-	-
	c. Renewals d. Plant and equipment	325	603
		_	_
18.	Repayment of debt	_	_
19.	Totals	325	603
	Non-operating funds employed		
20.	Proceeds from disposal of assets	-	_
21.	Borrowing utilised	-	-
22.	Totals	 _	 _
С	Rates and charges		
23.	Number of assessments		
20.	a. Residential (occupied)	3,160	2,856
	b. Residential (unoccupied, ie. vacant lot)	263	304
	c. Non-residential (occupied)	311	263
	d. Non-residential (unoccupied, ie. vacant lot)	67	63
24.	Number of ETs for which developer charges were received	– ET	– ET
25.	Total amount of pensioner rebates (actual dollars)	\$ -	\$ 80,805

Special Schedule 6 – Sewerage Service Statement of Financial Position Includes internal transactions, i.e. prepared on a gross basis

as at 30 June 2018

\$'000		Current	Non-current	Total
ASSETS				
26. Cash and investmen	ts			
a. Developer charges		_	-	-
b. Special purpose gra	ants	_	_	-
c. Accrued leave		_	-	-
d. Unexpended loans e. Sinking fund		_	_	_
f. Other			_	5,913
		0,010		0,010
27. Receivables				
a. Specific purpose gr		-	-	-
b. Rates and availabil	ty charges	90	_	90
c. User charges		-	_	-
d. Other		89	_	89
28. Inventories		3	-	3
29. Property, plant and o	equipment			
a. System assets		_	20,583	20,583
b. Plant and equipme	nt	-	31	31
30. Other assets		-	_	-
31. Total assets		6,095	20,614	26,709
LIABILITIES				
32. Bank overdraft		_	_	_
33. Creditors		-	-	-
34. Borrowings		_	_	-
35. Provisions				
a. Tax equivalents		_	_	-
b. Dividend		_	_	_
c. Other		_	_	-
36. Total liabilities				-
37. NET ASSETS COMM	ITTED	6,095	20,614	26,709
EQUITY				
38. Accumulated surplus				10,914
39. Asset revaluation rese	erve			15,795
40. Other reserves				-
41. TOTAL EQUITY				26,709
Note to system assets				
42. Current replacement c				42,795
	ost depreciation of system assets			(22,212)
44. Written down current c	ost of system assets			20,583

Notes to Special Schedules 3 and 5

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Administration (1)

(item 1a of Special Schedules 3 and 5) comprises the following:

Administration staff:

- Salaries and allowance
- Travelling expenses
- Accrual of leave entitlements
- Employment overheads.
- Meter reading
- Bad and doubtful debts
- · Other administrative/corporate support services

Engineering and supervision ⁽¹⁾

(item 1b of Special Schedules 3 and 5) comprises the following:

- Engineering staff:
 - Salaries and allowance
 - Travelling expenses
 - Accrual of leave entitlements
 - Employment overheads.
- Other technical and supervision staff:
 - Salaries and allowance
 - Travelling expenses
 - Accrual of leave entitlements
 - Employment overheads.

Operational expenses (item 2 of Special Schedules 3 and 5) comprise the day to day operational expenses excluding maintenance expenses.

Maintenance expenses (item 2 of Special Schedules 3 and 5) comprise the day to day repair and maintenance expenses. (Refer to Section 5 of the Local Government Asset Accounting Manual regarding capitalisation principles and the distinction between capital and maintenance expenditure).

Other expenses (item 4c of Special Schedules 3 and 5) includes all expenses not recorded elsewhere.

Revaluation decrements (item 4b of Special Schedules 3 and 5) is to be used when I,PP&E decreases in FV.

Impairment losses (item 4d and 4e of Special Schedules 3 and 5) are to be used when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount (refer to page D-31).

Aboriginal Communities Water and Sewerage Program (item 4f of Special Schedules 3 and 5) is to be used when operation and maintenance work has been undertaken on behalf of the Aboriginal Communities Water and Sewerage Program. Similarly, income for item 11a of Special Schedule 3 and item 12a of Special Schedule 5 are for services provided to the Aboriginal Communities Water and Sewerage Program and is not part of Council's water supply and sewerage revenue.

Residential charges⁽²⁾ (items 6a, 6b and item 6 of Special Schedules 3 and 5 respectively) include all income from residential charges. Item 6 of Schedule 3 should be separated into 6a access charges (including rates if applicable) and 6b usage charges.

Non-residential charges⁽²⁾ (items 7a, 7b of Special Schedules 3 and 5) include all income from non-residential charges separated into 7a access charges (including rates if applicable) and 7b usage charges.

Trade waste charges (item 8 of Special Schedule 5) include all income from trade waste charges separated into 8a annual fees, 8b usage charges and 8c excess mass charges and 8d re-inspection fees.

Other income (items 10 and 11 of Special Schedules 3 and 5 respectively) include all income not recorded elsewhere.

Other contributions (items 12c and 13c of Special Schedules 3 and 5 respectively) including capital contributions for water supply or sewerage services received by Council under Section 565 of the *Local Government Act*.

Notes:

- ⁽¹⁾ Administration and engineering costs for the development of capital works projects should be reported as part of the capital cost of the project and not as part of the recurrent expenditure (ie. in item 16 for water supply and item 17 for sewerage, and **not** in items 1a and 1b).
- ⁽²⁾ To enable accurate reporting of **residential revenue from usage charges**, it is essential for councils to accurately separate their residential (item 6) charges and non-residential (item 7) charges.

Special Schedule 7 – Report on Infrastructure Assets as at 30 June 2018

\$'000												
		Estimated cost to bring assets to satisfactory	Estimated cost to bring to the agreed level of	2017/18 Required	2017/18 Actual	Net carrying	Gross replacement			on as a per acement o		of gross
Asset class	Asset category	standard	service set by Council	maintenance ^a	maintenance	amount	cost (GRC)	1	2	3	4	5
			Council									
Buildings	Buildings – non-specialised			55	55	637	680	32%	68%	0%	0%	0%
	Buildings – specialised			440	440	30,312	41,704	55%	26%	16%	3%	0%
	Sub-total	-	-	495	495	30,949	42,384	54.6%	26.7%	15.7%	3.0%	0.0%
Roads	Sealed roads			1,101	1,204	101,496	121,498	94%	4%	1%	1%	0%
	Unsealed roads			611	644	11,414	35,814	82%	12%	3%	3%	0%
	Bridges			20	20	3,516	7,969	0%	100%	0%	0%	0%
	Footpaths			9	9	3,339	4,518	0%	25%	75%	0%	0%
	Bulk earthworks			28	28	3,259	3,259	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Sub-total	-	_	1,769	1,905	123,024	173,058	84.8%	10.5%	3.3%	1.3%	0.0%
Water supply	Water supply network			1,112	1,134	26,210	47,638	60%	40%	0%	0%	0%
network	Sub-total	-	-	1,112	1,134	26,210	47,638	60.0%	40.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sewerage	Sewerage network			809	812	19,045	41,215	3%	97%	0%	0%	0%
network	Sub-total	-	-	809	812	19,045	41,215	3.0%	97.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Stormwater	Stormwater drainage			118	128	17,232	21,864	35%	65%	0%	0%	0%
drainage	Sub-total	-	-	118	128	17,232	21,864	35.0%	65.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Open space/	Swimming pools			82	82	1,348	2,952	15%	75%	10%	0%	0%
recreational	Other				-	4,224	8,189	18%	72%	10%	0%	0%
assets	Sub-total	-	-	82	82	5,572	11,141	17.2%	72.8%	10.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Special Schedule 7 – Report on Infrastructure Assets as at 30 June 2018 (continued)

\$'000	
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φ 000												
		Estimated cost to bring assets to satisfactory	Estimated cost to bring to the agreed level of	2017/18	2017/18 Actual		Gross replacement	Assets in condition as a percentage or replacement cost		of gross		
Asset class	Asset category	standard	service set by Council	maintenance ^a	maintenance	amount	cost (GRC)	1	2	3	4	5
	TOTAL – ALL ASSETS	_	_	4,385	4,556	222,032	337,300	62.1%	32.9%	4.0%	1.0%	0.0%

Notes:

a Required maintenance is the amount identified in Council's asset management plans.

Infrastructure asset condition assessment 'key'

1	Excellent/very good	No work required (normal maintenance)
2	Good	Only minor maintenance work required
3	Satisfactory	Maintenance work required
4	Poor	Renewal required
5	Very poor	Urgent renewal/upgrading required

Special Schedule 7 – Report on Infrastructure Assets (continued)

for the year ended 30 June 2018

	Amounts	Indicator	Prior periods		Benchmark
	2018	2018	2017	2016	
Infrastructure asset performance indicator consolidated	rs *				
1. Buildings and infrastructure renewals ratio ⁽¹⁾ Asset renewals ⁽²⁾ Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	<u>6,416</u> 4,883	131.39%	80.35%	140.51%	>= 100%
2. Infrastructure backlog ratio ⁽¹⁾ Estimated cost to bring assets to a satisfactory standard Net carrying amount of infrastructure assets	222,604	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	< 2.00%
3. Asset maintenance ratio Actual asset maintenance Required asset maintenance	<u>4,556</u> 4,385	103.90%	114.73%	105.16%	> 100%

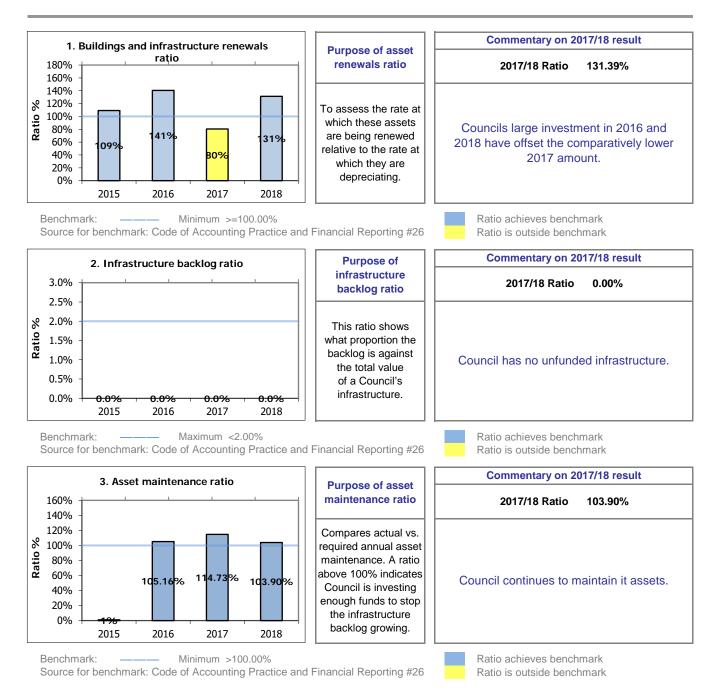
Notes

* All asset performance indicators are calculated using the asset classes identified in the previous table.

⁽¹⁾ Excludes Work In Progress (WIP)

(2) Asset renewals represent the replacement and/or refurbishment of existing assets to an equivalent capacity/performance as opposed to the acquisition of new assets (or the refurbishment of old assets) that increases capacity/performance.

Special Schedule 7 – Report on Infrastructure Assets (continued)



Special Schedule 7 – Report on Infrastructure Assets (continued)

for the year ended 30 June 2018

	General in	General indicators ⁽¹⁾		Water indicators		Sewer indicators	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Infrastructure asset performance indicators by fund							
1. Buildings and infrastructure renewals ratio ⁽²⁾ Asset renewals ⁽³⁾	160 54%	02 40%	43.90%	13.49%	31.75%	77.90%	>= 100%
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	— 160.54%	92.40%	43.90%	13.49%	31.75%	11.90%	>= 100%
2. Infrastructure backlog ratio ⁽²⁾							
Estimated cost to bring assets to a satisfactory standard	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	< 2.00%
Net carrying amount of infrastructure assets	0.00 /8	0.00%	0.00 /8	0.0078	0.00 /8	0.0078	< 2.0078
3. Asset maintenance ratio							
Actual asset maintenance		125.62%	101.98%	100.74%	100.37%	100.00%	> 100%
Required asset maintenance	103.33 /8	123.0270	101.90 /0	100.7478	100.57 /6	100.0078	> 100 /0
4. Cost to bring assets to agreed service level							
Estimated cost to bring assets to an agreed service level set by Council Gross replacement cost	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	

Notes

⁽¹⁾ General fund refers to all of Council's activities except for its water and sewer activities which are listed separately.

⁽²⁾ Excludes Work In Progress (WIP)

(3) Asset renewals represent the replacement and/or refurbishment of existing assets to an equivalent capacity/performance as opposed to the acquisition of new assets (or the refurbishment of old assets) that increases capacity/performance.